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5	Printer Working Group
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IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable (PDF/is)

Working Draft Maturity Level: Prototype

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Abstract: This document specifies an application of PDF (Portable Document Format) that has two important properties: First, it is an "image"-based format, and proper rendering of the document is represented by (binary or color) images. Second, the format is suitable for incremental generation and thus it is a "streaming" format. The subset is called "PDF/is", for "PDF Image-Streamable".

PDF/is is formally a subset of PDF 1.4, and is intended to be fully compatible with software that reads PDF 1.4. There are "profiles" of PDF/is, which are distinguished primarily by the methods if image compression and/or techniques employed. The representations of image data employed are specified in the PDF 1.4 language reference [pdf], which in turn describes the PDF representation of image data specified by ITU-T recommendations for black-and-white facsimile ([t.4], [t.6]), ISO/IEG specifications for digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images [jpeg], and lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images [jbig2].

PDF/is is intended to be useful within the IPPFAX protocol [reference], which is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between senders and receivers. For this reason, PDF/is also includes an optional security features for digital signaturing.

IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 12 November 2003. 59 This document is available electronically at: ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20031112.pdf, 60 61 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20031112.doc 62 63 A version showing the changes from the previous version is available at: ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-20031112-rev.pdf 64 65 The latest version of this specification is available at: ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-latest.pdf, 66 ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/wd-pdfis10-latest.doc 67 68 For a definition of "Maturity Level" used on the title page, along with any other questions about 69 the Printer Working Group's processes, please see the PWG process document [process]. Copyright (C) 2002-2003, IEEE ISTO, All rights reserved. 70 71 This document may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that comment on, or otherwise 72 explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and distributed, in whole or in 73 74 part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice, this paragraph and the title of the Document as referenced below are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this 75 document itself may not be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO. The IEEE-ISTO and the Printer Working Group DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES, WHETHER 77 78 EXPRESS OR IMPLIED INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF 79 MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSÉ. 80 The Printer Working Group, a program of the IEEE-ISTO, reserves the right to make changes to the 81 document without further notice. The document may be updated, replaced or made obsolete by other 82 documents at any time. 83 The IEEE-ISTO takes no position regarding the validity or scope of any intellectual property or other rights 84 that might be claimed to pertain to the implementation or use of the technology described in this document 85 or the extent to which any license under such rights might or might not be available; neither does it represent 86 that it has made any effort to identify any such rights. 87 The IEEE-ISTO invites any interested party to bring to its attention any copyrights, patents, or patent 88 applications, or other proprietary rights which may cover technology that may be required to implement the contents of this document. The IEEE-ISTO and its programs shall not be responsible for identifying patents 89 90 for which a license may be required by a document and/or IEEE-ISTO Industry Group Standard or for conducting inquiries into the legal validity or scope of those patents that are brought to its attention. Inquiries 91

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About the IEEE-ISTO PWG

113 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and 114 Technology Organization (ISTO) with member organizations including printer manufacturers, print 115 server developers, operating system providers, network operating systems providers, network 116 connectivity vendors, and print management application developers. The group is chartered to 117 make printers and the applications and operating systems supporting them work together better. 118 All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The Printer Working Group, a 119 Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will document the results of 120 their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces, procedures and 121 conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from the

122 interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

123 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood, and is technically 124 competent, has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial 125 operational experience, and enjoys significant public support.

126 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit: http://www.pwg.org

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Contact information:

IFX Web Page: http://www.pwg.org/qualdocs

IFX Mailing List: ifx@pwg.org

132 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

2) leave the subject line blank

3) put the following two lines in the message body:

subscribe ifx

137 end

138 Implementers of this specification are encouraged to join the IFX Mailing List in order to 139 participate in any discussions of clarifications or review of registration proposals for additional 140 names. Requests for additional media names, for inclusion in this specification, should be sent to

141 the IFX Mailing list for consideration.

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Introduction

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218 219 220 221 222	This document specifies an application of PDF (Portable Document Format) that has two important properties: First, it is an "image"-based format, and proper rendering of the document is represented by (binary or color) images. Second, the format is suitable for incremental generation and thus it is a "streaming" format. The subset is called "PDF/is", for "PDF Image-Streamable".
223 224 225 226 227 228 229	PDF/is is formally a subset of PDF 1.4, and is intended to be fully compatible with software that reads PDF 1.4. There are "profiles" of PDF/is, which are distinguished primarily by the methods if image compression and/or techniques employed. The representations of image data employed are specified in the PDF 1.4 language reference [pdf], which in turn describes the PDF representation of image data specified by ITU-T recommendations for black-and-white facsimile ([t.4], [t.6]), ISO/IEG specifications for digital compression and coding of continuous-tone still images [jpeg], and lossy/lossless coding of bi-level images [jbig2].
230 231 232	PDF/is is intended to be useful within the IPPFAX protocol [ifx], which is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between senders and receivers. For this reason, PDF/is also includes an optional security features for digital signaturing.

2 Terminology

234 This section defines terminology used throughout this document.

Conformance Terminology

Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY, 236 NEED NOT, OPTIONAL, and PROHIBITED, have special meaning relating to conformance as 237 defined in RFC 2119 [rfc2119] and [rfc2911] section 12.1. If an implementation supports the 238 239 extension defined in this document, then these terms apply; otherwise, they do not. These terms define conformance to this document (and [rfc2911]) only, they do not affect conformance to 240 other documents, unless explicitly stated otherwise. To be more specific: 241 REQUIRED (REQ) - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or 242

Consumer's implementation MUST support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or attribute

- 244 value. See [rfc2911] "Appendix A - Terminology for a definition of "support". 245 RECOMMENDED (REC) - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or 246 Consumer's implementation SHOULD support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or 247 attribute value. 248 OPTIONAL (OPT) - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or Consumer's implementation MAY support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or attribute 249
- 250
- 251 PROHIBITED (PROH) - an adjective used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or 252 Consumer's implementation MUST NOT support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or 253 attribute value.

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254 AS SPECIFIED - is used to indicate that a conforming PDF/is Producer or Render 255 implementation MUST, MAY, or MUST NOT support the indicated operation, object, attribute, or 256 attribute value as is defined in the indicated specification. 257 OR – a conjunction that specifies a logical 'or', implying that a choice of one or more of the 258 choices specified. 259 2.2 Other Terminology 260 The following terms are introduced and capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning: 261 262 **Implement** – The specified feature is present in the Document. 263 264 Support - A Producer has the capability of Implementing the feature specified, or the Consumer 265 has the capability of understanding and acting on the Implementation. 266 267 Document - The PDF/is-formatted electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that 268 the Sender sends to the Receiver. 269 270 Consumer - This is the agent (software, hardware or some combination) that converts the Document into a displayed or printed form. 271 272 Producer -- This is the agent (software, hardware or some combination) that creates the 273 Document. 274 Forward-Reference - In indirect object reference (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9) or a Resource Name 275 (See Section 4.10) that refers to an object that appears later in the Document. 276 Cache - Consumer's storage, either memory, disk, or the like, to hold Document data as it's 277 received from the Producer. 278 Page-Relative Objects – Objects that are indirectly referenced (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9) by either 279 a 'Page' Dictionary or through a chain of object references that start with a reference from a 280 'Page' Dictionary. 281 Discarded - An adjective that describes a PDF object. An object is 'Discarded' when the 282 Consumer no longer has access to the data within the object in question. 283 Object Size - The number of bytes required to represent an object in the Document. The size is calculated by subtracting the offset of the first byte of the line following the "endobj" of the object 284 285 in question, from the offset of the first byte of the object number (See [pdf] Section 3.2.9). 286 Imaging Area - For the Producer, the Imaging Area of a page is the area specified by the Page 287 Dictionary's 'MediaBox'. The Producer should use the actual area images from the source media 288 for the 'MediaBox'. This would be the size of the input media for an edge-to-edge scan, for 289 example. For the Consumer, the Imaging Area is an area on the output media that will contain all 290 of the page's image content (the "inking" area). The Consumer usually uses the output media's 291 printable area as the Imaging Area but may constrain it further to match the Producer's Imaging

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Scaled Page - When the Consumer's Imaging Area does not match the Producer's Imaging Area

within 1/72 of an inch in either height OR width, the page is considered to be a Scaled Page.

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Area.

Horizontal Scaling Factor – The Horizontal Scaling Factor is equal to the Consumer's Imaging
 Area width divided by the Producer's Imaging Area width, but MUST be 1.0 for a non-Scaled
 Page.

Vertical Scaling Factor – The Vertical Scaling Factor is equal to the Consumer's Imaging Area height divided by the Producer's Imaging Area height, but MUST be 1.0 for a non-Scaled Page.

Originator Identifier – An Image XObject that indicates information about the originator of the Document. See the protocol spec referencing this specification for details on what the 'Originator Identifier' MUST contain.

Nearest-Neighbor Interpolation – A two-dimensional interpolation of pixel values in which the amplitude of the interpolated sample is the amplitude of its nearest neighbor.

305 **Bilinear Interpolation** – A two-dimensional linear interpolation of pixel values based on the four 306 pixels in a 2 x 2 pixel neighborhood.

307 **Bicubic Interpolation** – A two-dimensional cubic interpolation of pixel values based on the 16 pixels in a 4 x 4 pixel neighborhood.

3 PDF Document Requirements

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The following table specifies the required (REQ), prohibited (PROH), and optionally (OPT)
Supported PDF objects/filters for a Producer and Consumer to be considered compliant with
this specification. Requirements for a specific object/filter to be considered Supported can be
found in the 'PDF Object Requirements' section of this specification.

315 Table 3-1: PDF Object Requirements

PDF Object/Filter	Producer	Consumer	Reference
'ASCIIHexDecode' Filter	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.3.1)
'ASCII85Decode' Filter	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.3.2)
'LZWDecode' Filter	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.3.3)
'RunLengthDecode' Filter	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.3.4)
Incremental Updates	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.4.5)
Functions	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.9)
File specification	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.10)
Graphics State Parameter Dictionaries	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.3.4)
Path objects	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.4)
'DeviceGray' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.3)
'DeviceRGB' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.3)
'DeviceCMYK' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.3)
Pattern Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.5)
Separation Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.5)
DeviceN Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.5.5)
Pattern Objects	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.6)
Inline Image Objects	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.8.6)
Form Xobjects	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.9)
Postscript Xobjects	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (4.10)
Font Objects	OPT	OPT	[pdf] Section (5)
Transparency	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (7)

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Name Tree	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.8.4)
Number Tree	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.8.5)
'FlateDecode' Filter	OPT	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.3.3)
'CCITTFaxDecode' Filter	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.3.5)
File Header	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.4.1)
Cross-Reference Table	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.4.3)
File Trailer	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.4.4)
Document Catalog	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.6.1)
Page Tree Nodes	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.6.2)
Page Dictionary	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.6.2)
Content Streams	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.7.1)
Resource Dictionaries	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.7.2)
Image XObjects	REQ	REQ	[pdf] Section (4.7)
'JBIG2Decode' Filter	OPT	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.3.6)
'DCTDecode' Filter	OPT	REQ	[pdf] Section (3.3.7)
Encryption Dictionary	PROH	PROH	[pdf] Section (3.5)
'DeviceGray' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] pg. 182, See
·			"ICCBased Color Space"
			section of this specification.
'DeviceRGB' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] pg. 184, See
			"ICCBased Color Space"
			section of this specification.
'Lab' Color Space	PROH	PROH	[pdf] pg. 187
'ICCBased' Color Space	REQ	OPT, See	[pdf] pg. 189
		'ICCBased Color	
		Space' Section.	
'Indexed' Color Space	OPT	REQ	[pdf] pg. 199
Masked Images	OPT	REQ	[pdf] Section (4.8.5)
Interactive Form Dictionary and Annotation	OPT	OPT	[pdf] Section (8.6.1-3) [pdf-
Field Dictionary and Signature Dictionary			ppk] Section (2)
(Security Profile <dig-sig>)</dig-sig>	ļ		
Cached Objects	REQ	REQ	Section 3.4
Banding	OPT	REQ	Section 3.3.11.3
Document Information Dictionary	OPT	OPT	[pdf] Section 9.2.1
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317 3.1 File Layout (Informative)

318 Given that a Document is fully compliant with this specification, the Document will, nominally,

319 have the following layout:

320 Table 3-2: File Layout

	Object
Α	'PDF/is' Dictionary.
В	Page Dictionary for page 'n'
С	Content Stream 'a' for page 'n'
D	Image XObject 'x' for page 'n', stream 'a'
Е	Color Space for image 'x' (cached), if not already loaded
F	Image Mask for image 'x', stream 'a', page 'n', if image is masked
G	[Repeat D-F for next Image 'x+1', stream 'a', page 'n', if present]
Н	[Repeat C-G for next stream 'a+1' on page 'n', if present]

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Ι	Content Stream Array for page 'n' (See Page Dictionary)
J	Resource Dictionary for page 'n'.
K	[Repeat B-J for next page 'n+1', if present]
L	Document Catalog
М	Page Tree Node(s)
Ν	Interactive Form Dictionary (If digitally signed)
0	Annotation Field Dictionary (If digitally signed)
Р	Signature Dictionary (If digitally signed)
Q	Cross-Reference Table (See [pdf] Section 3.4.3)
R	File Trailer

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4 PDF Object Requirements

- The following sub-sections describe the object field values of the REQUIRED and OPTIONAL
 PDF objects in PDF/is. The numbers in '()'s refer to section numbers in the PDF Specifications
 [pdf], unless otherwise noted. 'AS SPECIFIED' refers to the PDF Specification [pdf] unless
 otherwise noted.
- 327 All 'Required' and 'Optional' fields of a Document object (either specified here or referred to as 328 'Required' or 'Optional' in [pdf] or [pdf-ppk]) MUST be Supported if the object in question is to be 329 considered 'Supported by the Consumer'. This rule does not apply if the definition of an object 330 specifically states the requirements for the Consumer.
- 331 Support for all 'Required' fields of a Document object (either specified here or referred to as
 332 'Required' in [pdf] or [pdf-ppk]) is REQUIRED if the object in question is to be considered
 333 'Supported by the Producer'. Support for all 'Optional' fields of a Document object is OPTIONAL
 334 for the Producer. This rule does not apply if the definition of an object specifically states the
 335 requirements for the Producer.

4.1 'PDF/is' Dictionary

- 337 The 'PDF/is' Dictionary is a new Dictionary object that is REQUIRED for a PDF/is document.
- The existence of this dictionary object is the one and only way to determine if the PDF in question is a PDF/is Document. The references in this object to items referred to in the Document Trailer are necessary to satisfy 'Producer Requirement' #6, see Section 4.1.

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Table 4-1: PDF/is Dictionary

Field	Type	Specification
'Type'	Name	MUST have a value of '/Fis_PDFis'.
'Fis_Version'	Number	REQUIRED: A Real number of the format MAJ_VER.MIN_VER.
		(See below)
'Info'	Dictionary	MUST have same value as 'Info' field in the 'Document Trailer'.
		See [pdf] Table 3.12 for specification.
'ID'	Array	MUST have same value as 'ID' field in the 'Document Trailer'. See [pdf] Table 3.12 for specification.
'Fis_NextPage'	Dictionary	REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the first 'Page Dictionary'.
'Fis_DSig'	Dictionary	OPTIONAL: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the

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		'Signature Dictionary', if present.
'Fis_OrigID'	Dictionary	OPTIONAL: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the
		'Originator Identifier' Image XObject, if present.
'Fis_Duplex'	Boolean	REQUIRED: MUST be 'false' unless the Document is known to be duplex and all odd numbered pages precede all even numbered pages (1, 3, 5,, n*2 - 1, 2, 4, 6,, n*2) – note that the last page (n*2) is optional since the Document may have an odd number of pages. See 'Page Ordering'.

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See [pdf] Section 3.2.5 for definition of an 'Array Object'. See [pdf] Section 3.2.2 for definition of a 'Numeric Object'.

4.1.1 Fis_PDFis Key

4.1.1.1 MAJ_VER:

The 'major' version number of this PDF/is specification to which the Producer conforms to at the time the Document was created. The 'major' version of this specification is currently '1'.

350 4.1.1.2 MIN_VER:

The 'minor' version number of this PDF/is specification to which the Producer conforms to at the time the Document was created. The 'minor' version of this specification is currently '0'.

4.1.1.3 Example

An example of the PDF/is Dictionary for an encrypted, digitally signed, Document that needs a 4 Megabyte cache might look like this:

```
1 0 obj
<<
        /Type /Fis_PDFis
        /Fis_Version 1.0
        /Encrypt 2 0 R
        /Root 3 0 R
        /Info 4 0 R
        /ID [<8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114><8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114>]
       /Fis_NextPage 5 0 R
        /Fis_DSig 6 0 R
>>
endobj
```

PDF/is Format Identification 4.2

To refer to this version of the PDF/is specification from another specification, the string "PDF/is-1.0" should be used.

'CCITTFaxDecode' Filter 4.3

See [pdf] Section 3.3.5, [t.4], and [t.6]. Note that only 'Group 4' images are Supported by PDF/is, see 'K', below.

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Table 4-2: CCITTFaxDecode Filter

Field	Specification
'K'	MUST have a value of -1.
'EndOfLine'	AS SPECIFIED
'EncodedByteAlign'	AS SPECIFIED
'Columns'	AS SPECIFIED
'Rows'	AS SPECIFIED
'EndOfBlock'	AS SPECIFIED
'BlackIs1'	AS SPECIFIED
'DamagedRowsBeforeError'	AS SPECIFIED

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4.4 'JBIG2Decode' Filter

See [pdf] Section 3.3.6, [jbig2], and [t.89].

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Table 4-3: JBIG2Decode Filter

Field	Specification
<all details=""></all>	AS SPECIFIED, except as noted below.

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- Consumers MUST support Profile 1 (0x00000101 BASE), Profile 2 (0x00000102 Upper Huffman), Profile 3 (0x00000103 Lower Arithmetic) and Profile 4 (0x00000104 Medium lossy/lossless arithmetic) as defined in [t.89]. Support for JBIG2 is OPTIONAL for the Producer. The Producer MUST NOT Implement any profile other than one of the four specified, above.
- All Consumers MUST support at least "Level 2" Memory (See [t.89], Table 1, Item 18).
 - The Producer MUST adhere to the Function and Memory constraints as specified in [t.89].

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4.5 'DCTDecode' Filter

- 392 See [pdf] Section 3.3.7, [ps-jpeg], [ps], and [jpeg].
- 393 PDF/is supports both the JPEG Baseline DCT and Extended sequential DCT compressed image
- 394 formats.

395

Table 4-4: DCTDecode Filter

Field	Specification
<all details=""></all>	AS SPECIFIED, except as noted below.

- 396 397
- Images MUST NOT be encoded using 'Progressive JPEG'.
- Images MUST have either 1 or 3 color components.
- All 3 component images (RGB, or YUV) MUST have their component data 'interleaved'.
 See [jpeg] Section 4.8.1.

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- 401 YUV encoding (See [pdf] pg. 60) is the RECOMMENDED encoding for image data. 402 Rationale: Separation of luminance and chrominance information can facilitate greater 403 image compression and simplifies the process of converting color image data to 404 grayscale for Consumers that do not support color.
- 405 The Consumer MUST adhere to the Memory requirements specified in Section 11 "RAM Requirements" of [ps-jpeg] for the Consumers Supported image resolution(s). 406

4.6 'FlateDecode' Filter

- 408 See [pdf] Section 3.3.3.
- 409 'Flate' encoding MUST NOT be used to compress image data. 'Flate' MAY only be used to compress non-image stream data, such as 'ICCBased Color Space' data, 'Indexed Color Space'
- 410
- data, and 'Content Stream' data. 411
- See [pdf] Table 3.7: 412

Table 4-5: FlateDecode Filter 413

Field	Specification
<all fields=""></all>	PROHIBITED.

414

407

4.7 File Trailer 415

See [pdf] Table 3.12. 416

417

Table 4-6: File Trailer

Field	Specification
'Size'	AS SPECIFIED
'Prev'	PROHIBITED
'Root'	AS SPECIFIED
'Encrypt'	PROHIBITED
'Info'	OPTIONAL.
'ID'	REQUIRED. MUST use a pseudo-random number in place of 'File Size' when generating this value. See [pdf] Section 9.3 for guidelines on how to generate this value. Rationale: Using a random number in place of file size is due to the requirements of using this field in generating the encryption key for the 'standard encryption' algorithm ([pdf] Step 5 of Algorithm 3.2, pg. 78): file size will not be known at the time this field is needed. Support for 'standard encryption' may be added to a future version of this specification.

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4.8 **Document Catalog**

See [pdf] Table 3.16. 420

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It should be noted that Page Attributes MUST NOT be Inherited (See [pdf] pg. 91) due to the nature of the ordering of the objects in this format. Rationale: Since the parent object (a Page Tree Node) of a Page Dictionary will not appear in the Document until after the page, streaming of the data for a page that has an inherited attribute would not be possible.

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Table 4-7: Document Catalog

Field	Specification
'Type'	AS SPECIFIED
'Version'	AS SPECIFIED
'Pages'	AS SPECIFIED
'PageLabels'	PROHIBITED
'Names'	PROHIBITED.
'Dests'	PROHIBITED.
'ViewerPreferences'	OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer.
'PageLayout'	OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer.
'PageMode'	OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer.
'Outlines'	PROHIBITED.
'Threads'	PROHIBITED.
'OpenAction'	PROHIBITED.
'AA'	PROHIBITED.
'URI'	PROHIBITED.
'AcroForm'	REQ if <dig-sig>, PROH otherwise. MUST point to a 'Interactive Form</dig-sig>
	<u>Dictionary</u> '
'Metadata'	AS SPECIFIED.
'StructTreeRoot'	PROHIBITED.
'MarkInfo'	AS SPECIFIED., See below.
'Lang'	PROHIBITED.
'SpiderInfo'	PROHIBITED.
'OutputIntents'	PROHIBITED.
'Fis_header	MUST be an indirect object reference to the 'PDF/is Dictionary'.

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4.9 Page Tree Nodes

431 See [pdf] Table 3.17.

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Table 4-8: Page Tree Nodes

Field	Specification
'Type'	AS SPECIFIED
'Parent'	AS SPECIFIED
'Kids'	AS SPECIFIED
'Count'	AS SPECIFIED
<all 'page="" 3.18="" [pdf]="" dictionary'="" fields,="" see="" table=""></all>	PROHIBITED

433 434

435

436

437

If the Producer of a Document knows that the Document is being generated in some non sequential order, this fact SHOULD be conveyed by reordering the 'Kids' objects from the order in which they appear in the Document. Rationale: If the Producing device were scanning the pages of a duplexed document by scanning the fronts of all pages first (as an example), reordering the

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438 'Kids' objects in this way would allow a Consumer that has random access to the Document (i.e.
439 does not need to stream the data) the ability to display the pages in the proper order. If
440 reordering is to be accomplished, the Page Dictionary of the front and back of the same page
441 must have the same 'Parent' (Page Tree Node) entry in order to facilitate reorder, since all 'Kids'
442 of a particular Page Tree Node have sequential page numbers.

443

444

4.10 Page Dictionary

445 See [pdf] Table 3.18.

446

Table 4-9: Page Dictionary

Field	Specification
'Type'	AS SPECIFIED
'Parent'	AS SPECIFIED
'LastModified'	AS SPECIFIED
'Resources'	MUST NOT be inherited, otherwise AS SPECIFIED.
'MediaBox'	MUST NOT be inherited, otherwise AS SPECIFIED.
'CropBox'	PROHIBITED: Same as 'MediaBox'.
'BleedBox'	PROHIBITED.
'TrimBox'	PROHIBITED.
'ArtBox'	PROHIBITED.
'BoxColorInfo'	PROHIBITED.
'Contents'	REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to an Array Object that
	contains Indirect Object References to all Content Streams on the page. The
	Array Object MUST be placed immediately before the Resource Dictionary for
	the page.
'Rotate'	MUST NOT be inherited
'Group'	PROHIBITED.
'Thumb'	PROHIBITED.
'B'	PROHIBITED.
'Dur'	PROHIBITED.
'Trans'	PROHIBITED.
'Annots'	PROHIBITED.
'AA'	PROHIBITED.
'Metadata'	AS SPECIFIED.
'PieceInfo'	AS SPECIFIED.
'StructParents'	PROHIBITED.
'ID'	PROHIBITED.
'PZ'	OPTIONAL for both Producer and Consumer.
'SeparationInfo'	PROHIBITED.
'Fis_NextPage'	REQUIRED: An Indirect Object Reference to either: the next 'Page Dictionary';
	or, if this is the last page in the Document, to the 'Document Catalog'.
'Fis_Duplex'	OPTIONAL: A 'boolean' object that defaults to 'false' and MUST be 'false'
	unless 'Fis_Duplex' in the 'PDF/is Dictionary' is 'true' and this is the first even
(F) No (OC)	numbered page in the Document.
'Fis_NextCS'	REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the first 'Content
	Stream' on the page.

447

4.10.1 Page Ordering

The Producer SHOULD order the pages in the Document sequentially from 1 to 'n'. For example, if the original document is duplex, the Producer SHOULD attempt to place the content from the back of page 1 (page 2) immediately after the content from page 1. This is preferable to placing content from all page fronts (odd number pages) followed by the content from all page backs (even numbered pages).

If the Producer chooses not to follow this page ordering guideline, the Producer MUST place all of the page fronts in the Document before all of the page backs – all odd numbered pages MUST precede all even numbered pages. In addition, the Producer MUST indicate this fact by specifying '/Fis_Duplex true' boolean object in the PDF/is Dictionary. The point at which the pages are flipped MUST be indicated by placing the '/Fis_Duplex true' boolean object in the Page Dictionary of the first even numbered page.

4.11 Content Streams

462 See [pdf] Table 3.4.

Table 4-10: Content Streams

Field	Specification
'Length'	REQUIRED: MUST not be an Indirect Object Reference.
'Filter'	PROHIBITED.
'DecodeParms'	PROHIBITED.
'F'	PROHIBITED.
'FFilter'	PROHIBITED.
'FDecodeParms'	PROHIBITED.
'Fis_NextCS'	REQUIRED: MUST be an Indirect Object Reference to the next Content
	Stream for the current page or the 'Resource Dictionary' if this is the last
	Content Stream on the page.

The dictionary mapping of Resource Names to indirect object numbers used in the Content Streams and Resource Dictionary MUST follow the following rule:

All Resource Names (See [pdf] Section 3.7.2) MUST have their indirect object ID's as the trailing part of the Resource Name. Resource Names MUST NOT have any digits (0-9) anywhere else in their name. Names MUST start with a letter. Consumers SHOULD use this convention to avoid having to cache the entire page in order to gain access to the Resource Dictionary at the end of the page data. For example, a page with two images that are overlapping and masked, might look like this:

```
473
             3 0 obj %Page dictionary for page 1
474
475
                   /Type /Page
476
                   /Resources 4 0 R
477
                   /Contents 5 0 R
478
479
480
             endobj
481
482
             6 0 obj
                          %Content for page 1
483
             <</Length 45>>
484
             stream
```

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```
485
486
                    /Im7 Do
                                  % Image object at object number 7
487
488
                                  % Image object at object number 8
                    /Im8 Do
                    /Fis NextCS 4 0 R %Points to Res. Dict. - only one CS.
489
             endstream
490
             endobj
491
             7 0 R
492
493
             < <
494
                    /Type /XObject
495
                    /Colorspace /Cs9 % Color space at object number 9.
496
497
             >>
498
             stream
499
500
             endstream
501
             endobj
502
503
             10 0 R
504
             <<
505
                    /Type /XObject
506
                    /Mask 8 0 R
507
                    /Colorspace /Cs7
508
509
             >>
510
             stream
511
512
             endstream
513
514
             endobj
515
             7 0 obj
                           %Color Space
516
517
             <</Length 3450>>
             stream
518
519
             endstream
520
             endobj
521
522
             8 0 obj
                           %Mask for image object 10.
523
524
             endobj
525
526
527
             5 0 obj
             [6 0 R]
                           %Array of Content Streams.
528
             endobj
529
530
531
             4 0 obj
                           %Resources for page 1
532
                    /XObject << /Im9 9 0 R
533
                                  /Im10 10 0 R >>
534
                    /ColorSpace << /Cs7 7 0 R >>
535
536
             endobj
537
             //Page 2 would begin here...
538
539
      Rationale: Since Indirect Object References from within Resource Dictionaries are prohibited
540
```

Rationale: Since Indirect Object References from within Resource Dictionaries are prohibited (See [pdf] Section 3.7.2) we need a way to refer to these objects without requiring full buffering of a page. By requiring the objects to be written this way, the Consumer can process the Content Stream(s) and their associated Images and Color Spaces without requiring the Resource Dictionary. The Resource Dictionary must be written at the end of the page since it must refer to all objects that were used on the page.

See [pdf] Table 4.1:

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Table 4-11: Content Stream Operators

Operators	Specification	Reference
q	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 4.7
Q	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 4.7
cm	MUST be [Sx 0 0 Sy Tx Ty], See Below	[pdf] Table 4.7
Do	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 4.34
DP	PROHIBITED except for 'Banding operator' and	[pdf] Table 9.8
	'Cache operator', see below	
BX	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 3.20
EX	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 3.20
BT	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.4
ET	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.4
'	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.6
"	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.4
T*	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.5
Tc	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.2
Td	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.5
TD	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.5
Tf	AS SPECIFIED, also see Font Objects	[pdf] Table 5.2
Tj	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.6
TL	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.2
Tm	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.5
Tr	REQUIRED, and MUST be '3'	[pdf] Table 5.2
Ts	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.2
Tw	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.2
Tz	AS SPECIFIED	[pdf] Table 5.2
<all other<="" td=""><td>PROHIBITED</td><td>[pdf] Table A.1</td></all>	PROHIBITED	[pdf] Table A.1
Operators>		

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Support for text operators (all operators beginning with the letter 'T', as well as the BT, ET, ', and " operators) are OPTIONAL for both the Producer and the Consumer. If text operators are found in a Document, the Consumer MAY ignore them as they do not affect the rendering of the page content since all text MUST be 'invisible' (Text Mode (Tr) == 3).

4.11.1 'cm' Operator:

See [pdf] Table 4.7 for definition of 'cm' operator. Note that all coordinates in PDF/is are in the 'default user space' (See [pdf] pg. 138).

Given:

Wi = Width (X-direction) of the Image in inches.

Hi = Height (Y-direction) of the Image in inches.

Xi = Horizontal translation, in inches, from the left edge of the page to the left edge of the image.

 $Yi = Vertical\ translation,$ in inches, from the bottom edge of the page to the bottom of the image.

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The Producer MUST ensure that the following is true:

564 **Sx** = Wi * 72 565 **Sy** = Hi * 72

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And:

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All coordinate values are in the 'default user space' (See [pdf] pg. 138) coordinate system (0,0 is lower left), at 72 units per inch, relative to the Page Dictionary's 'MediaBox'.

- Bands may only progress from top to bottom (highest to lowest Y coordinate).
- The last Band on the page MUST not have a Banding operator since the close of the Content Stream will indicate that the last band is to be rendered.
- The extent of an image within a particular Band MUST meet the following requirements:
 - Its top edge MUST have a y-coordinate value less than the Y value of the previous Band.
 - Its bottom edge MUST have a y-coordinate greater than, or equal to the Y value of the current Band, or '0' if this is the last band.

See the following examples to help illustrate this feature.

For the examples, below:

N: [Y]

Where 'N' is the order in which the band appears in the Content Stream.

'Y' is the 'Y' value of the Band operator.

Example #1: an 8.5" X 11" page (612x792 units), divided into 3 equal sized Bands:

1: [528] 2: [264] 3: (No operator)

Example #2: and 11" X 17" page (792x1224 units), divided into 4 "bands":

1: [918]
2: [612]
3: [306]
4: (No operator)

A 'Band Operator' MAY occur in any Content Stream for that page. If the page has more than one Content Stream it MUST be considered as described in [pdf] page 89, under 'Contents'.

To illustrate what a 'Banded' content stream might look like; here is the content stream for Example #2, above:

ed /

```
647
                   Q
648
                   q
792 0 0 306 0 918 cm
649
650
                    /Im2 Do
                                              % Display image in second band.
651
                    /Fis band <</Fis band [612] >> DP
652
653
                   q
792 0 0 306 0 612 cm
654
655
                   /Im3 Do
                                              % Display image in third band.
656
                    /Fis_band <</Fis_band [306]>> DP
657
658
                   q
792 0 0 306 0 306 cm
659
660
                   /Im4 Do
                                              % Display image in last band.
661
                   endstream
662
```

4.11.3.2 'Cache' Operator:

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The 'Cache Operator' allows the Producer of the Document to specify that certain 'cached' objects (See 'Cached Objects' section in this specification) may be released from the cache at a certain point in the content stream. See 'Cache Release' section in this document for use of this operation. This operation would allow a Consumer to Discard specified objects to free resources for image operations. This operator has the following syntax:

```
669
             /Fis cache <</Fis cache [OBJECTS] >> DP
670
```

Where 'OBJECTS' is an array of object ID references. For example:

```
672
            /Fis cache <</Fis cache [23 0 R 34 0 R]>> DP
```

...will release objects 23 and 34 from the cache.

4.12 Resource Dictionaries

See [pdf] Table 3.21.

The Resource Dictionary MUST reference all Image XObjects and ColorSpaces that are used on the current page. The position of the image objects, their masks, and color spaces with respect to each other is defined in the Image XObject section of this specification.

The 'Resource Dictionary' MUST be the last object for any given page. This is an indicator to the Consumer that the current page is complete.

Table 4-12: Resource Dictionaries

Field	Specification
'ExtGState'	PROHIBITED.
'ColorSpace'	PROHIBITED.
'Pattern'	PROHIBITED.
'Shading'	PROHIBITED.
'XObject'	AS SPECIFIED.
'Font'	AS SPECIFIED.
'ProcSet'	PROHIBITED.
'Properties'	PROHIBITED.

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4.13 ICCBased Color Space

687 See [pdf] Table 4.16 & Table 3.4.

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Table 4-13: ICCBased Color Space

Field	Specification
'N'	MUST have a value of '3'.
'Alternate'	PROHIBITED, Implies '/DeviceRGB' (See [pdf]).
'Range'	AS SPECIFIED.
'Metadata'	AS SPECIFIED.
'Length'	REQUIRED. MUST NOT be an indirect object reference.
'Filter'	PROHIBITED.
'DecodeParms'	PROHIBITED.
'F'	PROHIBITED.
'FFilter'	PROHIBITED.
'FDecodeParms'	PROHIBITED.

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702 703

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The following rules MUST be adhered to:

- All color image data MUST be 'sRGB' color data (See [srgb]). Color images MUST use the 'sRGB' standard ICC profile [srgb-icc].
- The [srgb-icc] profile MUST be Implemented in the Document, unmodified.
- The profile MUST be Implemented after its first reference (See Producer Conformance Requirement #6) and SHOULD be cached (See 'Cached Objects') for further references.

Since the color image data meets the 'sRGB' specification, the Consumer has the following two options:

- Tune the output device to use 'sRGB' image data. This would allow the Consumer to avoid having to implement a full ICC profile engine. The image data would be used directly which could greatly simplify the image data processing.
- Support ICC profiles. In this case, the Consumer does not need to know that the image data conforms to 'sRGB'; instead, the Consumer can process the data using an entirely ICC based color management approach (See [icc]). This method would be the choice for the Consumer that supports the full PDF specification [pdf].

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4.14 Indexed Color Space

See [pdf] Page 199.

710 An Indexed color space MAY be used for grayscale or color images, as necessary.

712 An Indexed Color Space object MUST take the following form: 713

714 [/Indexed base hival lookup]

715 716 Where:

717

718 'base' MUST be an array of the form: 719

[/ICCBased X]

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720 Where 'X' is an indirect object reference to an ICCBased 'sRGB' color space (See 721 ICCBased Color Space). 'hival' MUST be as defined on page 200 in [pdf]. 722 'lookup' MUST be as defined on page 200 in [pdf] but MUST be a stream. 723 724 725 Example: 726 727 10 0 obj 728 [/Indexed [/ICCBased 12 0 R] 255 11 0 R]] 729 endobi 730 731 11 0 obj 732 <</Length 768>> 733 stream 734%256 color lookup table values in R-G-B order... 735 endstream 736 endobj 737 12 0 obj 738 739 %ICCBased 'sRGB' color space 740 741

4.15 Image XObjects

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See [pdf] Table 4.35 & Table 3.4 for description of the following table.

745 Table 4-14: Image XObjects

Field	Specification
'Type'	MUST be 'XObject'
'Subtype'	MUST be 'Image'
'Width'	AS SPECIFIED
'Height'	AS SPECIFIED
'ColorSpace'	AS SPECIFIED. Only 'ICCBased' or 'Indexed' color spaces are permitted.
'BitsPerComponent'	AS SPECIFIED
'Intent'	REQUIRED. 'Perceptual' is RECOMMENDED.
'ImageMask'	AS SPECIFIED
'Mask'	AS SPECIFIED, see below.
'SMask'	PROHIBITED.
'Decode'	AS SPECIFIED.
'Interpolate'	AS SPECIFIED. 'False' implies "Nearest-Neighbor Interpolation". 'True' implies 'Bilinear Interpolation' or 'Bicubic Interpolation' at the discretion of the Consumer. The actual method by which these are implemented is not specified.
'Alternates'	PROHIBITED.
'Name'	PROHIBITED.
'StructParent'	PROHIBITED.
'ID'	PROHIBITED.
'OPI'	PROHIBITED.
'Metadata'	AS SPECIFIED.
'Length'	REQUIRED: MAY be an indirect object reference to a numeric object that

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	MUST be the next object in the Document, See below.			
'Filter' REQUIRED: MUST be one of: 'DCTDecode', 'CCITTFaxDecode', or				
	'JBIG2Decode'. No other filters are allowed.			
'DecodeParms'	AS SPECIFIED.			
'F'	PROHIBITED.			
'FFilter'	PROHIBITED.			
'FDecodeParms'	PROHIBITED.			

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- An 'ImageMask', if indicated in an Image XObject, MUST appear in the Document before the Image XObject that references it.
- All image data, regardless of compress method (Filter), MUST be ordered as specified in Section 4.8.3 and in Figure 4.26 of [pdf], contrary to the 'Note' at the bottom of page 265 of [pdf].
- Grayscale images MUST use an Indexed Color Space.
- If the 'Length' specifier for a stream is an indirect object reference to a numeric object, the Producer MUST place the following comment on the line after the 'endstream' keyword:
 - %ID['ID' field value from 'PDF/is Dictionary']

Using Section 4.1.1.3 as an example, we would have:

endstream

%ID[<8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114><8c41995c6e014675e850d36e6c2f6114>]

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Rationale: By placing this 'ID' at the end of the stream object a Consumer does not have to understand the format of the stream in order to find its end. The Consumer can simply search for the 'ID' string to determine where the stream ends. This is mainly useful when the Consumer is reading a newer version of the PDF/is document format that it does not understand.

4.16 Masked Images

767 See [pdf] Section 4.8.5.

768

Table 4-15: Masked Images

Field	Specification
<all fields=""></all>	AS SPECIFIED

769

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4.17 Interactive Form Dictionary

771 See [pdf] Table 8.47.

772

Table 4-16: Interactive Form Dictionary

Field	Specification			
'Fields'	MUST be an Array of indirect object reference(s) to 'Annotation Field			
	<u>Dictionary</u> '(s).			
'NeedAppearances'	PROHIBITED			
'SigFlags'	MUST be '3'			

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,CO,	PROHIBITED	
'DR'	PROHIBITED	
'DA'	PROHIBITED	
'Q'	PROHIBITED	

4.18 Font Objects 774

- 'Font Objects' (See [pdf] Section 5.4) include both 'Font Dictionaries' ([pdf] Table 5.8) and 'Font 775 Descriptors' ([pdf] Table 5.18). 776
- 777 Fonts can be used in PDF/is Documents only for text searching and extraction capabilities. All text MUST be invisible (See 'Tr' in Content Streams). As such, support for Font Objects is 778
- OPTIONAL for both the Producer and the Consumer. Since text is invisible, the Consumer need 779
- not Support Text Operators (in Content Streams) or Font Objects as they do not affect the 780 781 rendered output.
- 782 Font Objects, if present, MUST follow the following rules:
 - Embedded font programs ([pdf] Section 5.8) are PROHIBITED.
 - All font 'SubTypes' ([pdf] Table 5.7) except 'TrueType' ([pdf] Section 5.5.2) and 'Type1' ([pdf] Section 5.5.1) are PROHIBITED.
 - 'Font Dictionaries' MUST be implemented AS SPECIFIED in [pdf].
 - 'Font Descriptors' MUST be Implemented AS SPECIFIED in [pdf].

4.19 Annotation Field Dictionary

- 790 See [pdf] Tables 8.10 & 8.49. This dictionary consists of entries from both a 'Annotation 791 Dictionary (Table 8.10) and a 'Field Dictionary' (Table 8.49).
- 792 Only Digital Signature Annotations are allowed in PDF/is.

Table 4-17: Annotation Field Dictionary

Field	Specification
'Type'	MUST be 'Annot'
'Subtype'	MUST be 'Widget'
'Contents'	PROHIBITED.
'P'	PROHIBITED.
'Rect'	MUST be '[0 0 0 0]'
'NM'	PROHIBITED.
'F'	PROHIBITED.
'BS'	PROHIBITED.
'Border'	PROHIBITED.
'AP'	PROHIBITED.
'AS'	PROHIBITED.
,C,	PROHIBITED.
'CA'	PROHIBITED.
'T'	PROHIBITED.
'Popup'	PROHIBITED.
'A'	PROHIBITED.

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'AA'	PROHIBITED.
'StructParent'	PROHIBITED.
'FT'	MUST be 'Sig'
'Parent'	PROHIBITED.
'Kids'	PROHIBTED.
'T'	AS SPECIFIED.
'TU'	AS SPECIFIED.
'TM'	PROHIBITED.
'Ff'	MUST be '1'.
'V'	MUST be an indirect object reference to a 'Signature Dictionary'.
'DV'	PROHIBITED.
'AA'	PROHIBITED.

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4.20 Signature Dictionary

797 See [pdf] Table 8.60 and [pdf-ppk] Table 2.

798 The Digital Signature format MUST only be in the 'Raw Format', see [pdf-ppk] Section 2.2.

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Table 4-18: Signature Dictionary

Field	Specification		
'Type'	MUST be 'Sig'		
'Filter'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'SubFilter'	MUST be 'adbe.x509.rsa_sha1'		
'Name'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'Reason'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'Location'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'M'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'ByteRange' PROHIBITED (Implies all bytes in the Document with the exclusion			
	bytes represented by the value of the 'Cert' field. See [pdf] for this field)		
'Contents'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'Cert'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'R'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'V'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'ADBE_Build'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'ADBE_AuthType'	AS SPECIFIED.		
'ADBE_PwdTime'	AS SPECIFIED.		

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5 Object Lifetime

Some Consumer's may be limited in the amount of storage they may have to cache the Document as it's received from the Producer. This storage limitation may prohibit the Consumer from holding the entire Document before beginning to render the first page. To facilitate this storage constraint, PDF/is has a mechanism of "object lifetime". This mechanism defines how long an object must be held in storage before it is no longer needed.

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If a Document can be fully maintained in the Consumer's storage, i.e. the Consumer is a PC or some other device with large quantities of storage; the Document's Cross-Reference table should

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be used to access objects as they are needed. In this case, the Consumer should follow the parsing model as spelled out in the PDF Reference [pdf].

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If a Document cannot be fully maintained within the Consumers storage or if it is uncertain if it will be able to do so, the Document MUST be linearly parsed and the following parsing rules MUST be adhered to:

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- Documents MUST be parsed in order, from beginning to end.
- All Consumer's MUST have the ability to cache at least 4 Megabytes (4,194,304 bytes) of PDF/is Document data. This memory is in addition to any memory required for JBIG2 image processing (2 Megabytes, See '<u>JBIG2Decode'</u> Section) and for raster image buffers on the Consuming device.

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826 827 At the end of generation of each Dictionary Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.6), the Producer MUST ensure that 4 Megabyte cache memory limit will not been exceeded when the Consumer reads the Document. If the Producer exceeds the limit as calculated using the formula shown below, the Document is Invalid. If the limit will be exceeded, the Producer MUST either reorganize the current page by using either "Banding", freeing up some "cached" objects, reducing the use of masked images (or lowering their resolution), or by using some other process in order to avoid breaking the cache buffer limit.

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Calculation of the current cache buffer size MUST follow the following formula:

- The current total Document size (in bytes) that has been created up to the point at which this calculation is being made.
- 2) Minus the 'Object Size' of all released 'Cached' objects (See "<u>Cached Objects</u>" Section of this specification), up to that point.
- 3) Minus the 'Object Size' of all non-cached 'Page-Relative Objects' for previous pages, not already accounted for by #2.
- 4) Minus the 'Object Size' of all non-cached 'Image XObjects' data for any previous 'Bands' on the current page; if the page is "Banded".
- Minus the 'Object Size' of the last 'Image XObject' in the current 'Band', if the page is "Banded".
- 6) Minus the 'Object Size' of the 'Image XObject' for the current page, if the page is not "Banded".
 - Rationale: The last two items assume that the Consumer will process image data as it is received and will not need to cache these objects before rendering.

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6 Cached Objects

If a 'Page-Relative' object MAY be used on more than one page or in more than one 'Band', it will be necessary to specify the object as 'Cached'. This will allow an object to be used throughout the Document that otherwise would be discarded. This caching mechanism only applies to 'Page-Relative' 'Dictionary Objects'; see [pdf] Section 3.2.6.

An object that is held in the Consumers cache by the 'Cache Hold' mechanism MUST be maintained in the cache until one of the following conditions is met:

- The '<u>Cache Operator</u>' is invoked on this object in a page's <u>Content Stream</u>.
- The '<u>Document Catalog</u>' is reached.

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To specify that a particular object should be 'cached', add the following Name Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.4) to the Dictionary Object (See [pdf] Section 3.2.6) to be cached:

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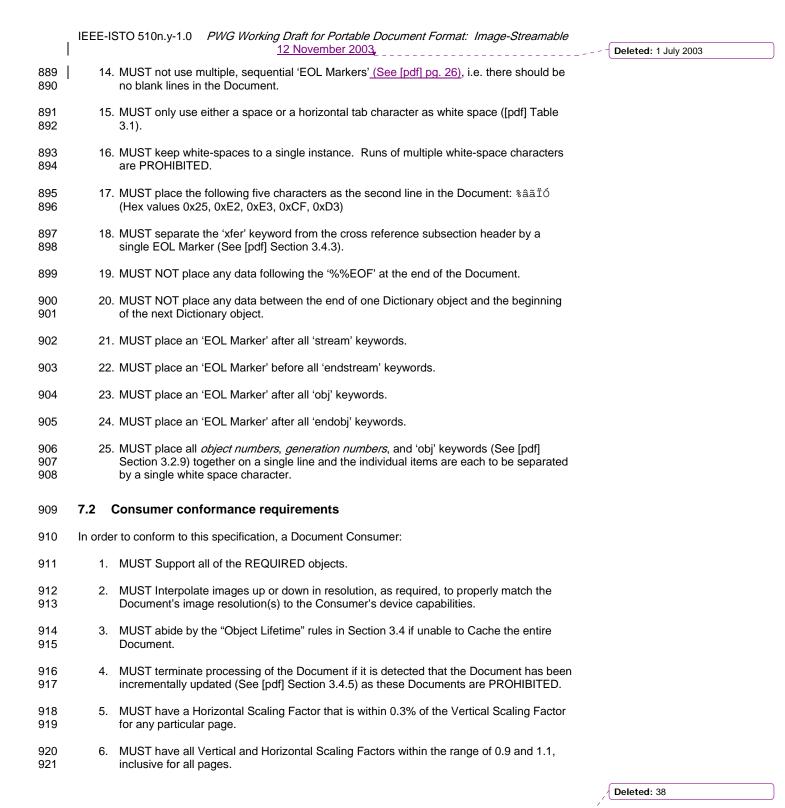
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7 Conformance Requirements

859 This section specifies the conformance requirements for Consumers and Producers.

7.1 Producer conformance requirements

- 861 In order to conform to this specification, a Document Producer:
 - 1. MUST specify the version of PDF (See [pdf] Section 3.4.1) as being 'PDF 1.4'.
- 2. MUST place the 'PDF/is Dictionary' as the first object in the PDF.
 - MUST NOT include any private 'PDF Name Registry' values/objects (See [pdf] Appendix E) that affect printed output.
 - 4. MUST place the objects: 'Interactive Form Dictionary', 'Annotation Field Dictionary' and 'Digital Signature' objects as the last three objects (in that order) in the Document, if the Document is Digitally Signed. Note that in a situation where the Consumer cannot cache the entire document before rendering, the detection of a valid or invalid Digital Signature will only occur after rendering of the entire Document.
- MUST ensure that there is at least one Forward-Reference to each object. The only object that does not have to follow this rule is the 'PDF/is Dictionary'. Rationale: This will aid the Consumer with identifying objects as they are encountered in the data stream.
 - MUST ensure that all objects appear in the PDF AFTER the object in which they are first referenced (Satisfied by Requirement 6) and BEFORE the next 'Page Dictionary' unless the object is a Cached Object (See Section 3.4).
- 7. MUST ensure that all object identifiers ([pdf] Section 3.2.9) start at the beginning of a line.
- 878 8. MUST ensure that all 'endobj' keywords ([pdf] Section 3.2.9) start at the beginning of a line.
- 9. MUST NOT Linearize the Document. See [pdf] Appendix F.
- 10. MUST NOT Incrementally Update the Document. See [pdf] Section 3.4.5.
 - 11. MUST only encoded images with resolutions of at least 300 but not more than 1200 dots per inch (dpi). It is RECOMMENDED that the Producer place images in the Document in the images original resolution, i.e. not scaled.
 - 12. MAY include an 'Originator Identifier' image that MUST, if present, be displayed on, at least, the first page. The image MUST be referenced by the 'Fis_OrigID' field in the 'PDF/is Dictionary' and MUST be 'cached' if displayed on more than the first page.
 - 13. MUST end all text lines with a PDF Reference specified 'EOL Marker' (See [pdf] pg. 26).



I	IEEE-ISTO 510n.y-1.0 PWG Working Draft for Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable 12 November 2003,	- Deleted: 1 July 2003
വാ	7. MAY display the Originator Identifier where specified in a page's Content Stream.	Deleted: 1 July 2003
922 923 924 925 926	 MUST attempt to recover from an invalid Document. Any Document that does not conform to this specification is considered to be 'Invalid'. If a formatting error is encountered in a Document, the Consumer MUST attempt to recover from the error by following the rules shown below. 	
927 928	 If the error was encountered in a stream, the Consumer MUST skip to the end of the stream ignoring all remaining data in the stream. 	
929 930 931	b. If the error was encountered in an object outside of a stream, the Consumer SHOULD skip to the end of the current object, if possible. If not possible, the Consumer MUST skip to the next Page Object.	
932	It should be noted that skipping objects in this way will cause the current page to be	
933 934	invalid. The details of handling invalid pages <u>are outside the scope of this</u> specification. In addition, <u>if some of the skipped objects were 'Cached' additional</u>	- Deleted: is - Deleted: I
935	pages may also be invalid.	Deleteu. 1
936 937	8 Issues • None currently.	
	,	
938	9 Sample PDF/is Document	
939 940 941 942 943	The 'source' of the sample document in this section can be viewed with most text editors ('Wordpad' is a good choice) but should only be modified with a binary editor, as the stream data contained therein is not compatible with text editors. Comments on the format of the documents are contained within the documents themselves.	
944 945 946 947	This sample is a one page document. The page contains a 'CCITTFaxDecode' masked, 'DCTDecode' color foreground image with a 'DCTDecode' gray scale background image. ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/SamplePDFax/sample2.pdf	- Deleted: an
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949 950 951 952 953	[pdf] Adobe Systems, "PDF Reference, third edition, Adobe Portable Document Format Version 1.4", Addison-Wesley, December 2001, http://partners.adobe.com/asn/acrobat/docs/File_Format_Specifications/PDFReference.pdf Also see errata: http://partners.adobe.com/asn/acrobat/docs/PDF14errata.txt	Deleted: http://partners.adobe.com/a sn/developer/acrosdk/docs/filefmtspe cs/PDFReference.odf.
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Field Code Changed

12 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)

Date	Author	Notes
10/9/02	Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems	Version 0.01 (never released)
10/23/02	Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems	Version 0.02
		ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/p
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		<u>d-pdfis10-20030324-rev.pdf</u>
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		ftp://pwg.org/pub/pwg/QUALDOCS/w
		<u>d-pdfis10-20030506-rev.pdf</u>
6/30/03	Rick Seeler, Adobe Systems	Maturity: Prototype

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1041 16 Appendix A – Intellectual Property

In addition to this section, see the 'Intellectual Property' or 'Patent' sections in the specifications referred to by the <u>Normative References</u> in this specification for additional Intellectual Property related issues.

16.1 Patents - Unknown Status

The following patents have been brought forward as possibly relevant intellectual property pertaining to implementations of PDF/is. No formal statement has been made by the patent holder(s) as to the relevance of these patents with respect to implementations of PDF/is.

1049 Patents listed here meet all of the following three criteria:

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1050 1051 1052	The patent has been identified by someone who is familiar with the technical fields relevant to this Specification, and who believes use of the invention covered by the patent may be infringed upon by a particular implementation of this Specification.	Deleted. 1 July 2003
1053 1054 1055	2) The patent has <u>not</u> been identified as <u>being essential to PDF/is</u> : the patent will not necessarily be infringed upon by an implementation of PDF/is but some implementations may do so.	Deleted: non-
1056	The patent holder has not explicitly made the intellectual property freely available as	Deleted: .
1057	defined in Item 1 under section 9.3 of the PWG Process Document [process],	Deleted: is not willi
		\ <u>\</u>
1058	Patents:	Deleted: ng to make
1059 1060	1) US Patent, RE35657, Xerox, Buckley et. al.: Means for combining data of different frequencies for a raster output device., Nov. 11, 1997.	Formatted: Bullets and Numbering
1061	2) US Patent 5778092, Scansoft MacLeod et. al.: Method and apparatus for	Deleted: Xerox
1062	compressing color or gray scale documents., Dec. 20, 1996.	
1063	16.2 Patents – Relevant and Essential	
1064 1065 1066	Currently, the only relevant and essential patents that pertain to implementations of PDF/is have been made Royalty Free by the following Intellectual Property statement.	
1067	Adobe Systems Incorporated	
1068 1069	Patent Clarification Notice Specific to Use of "Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable"	
1070 1071 1072 1073 1074	Adobe has a number of patents covering technology that is disclosed in the Portable Document Format (PDF) Specification, version 1.4 and later, as documented in PDF Reference and associated Technical Notes (the "PDF Specification"). Adobe desires to promote the use of PDF as the basis for a file format called "Portable Document Format: Image-Streamable" ("PDF/is") that is currently under development by the Printer Working Group ("PWG"), a program of the IEEE-ISTO.	
1075 1076 1077 1078	This Patent Clarification Notice is in addition to the permissions statement set forth in Section 1.4 of the PDF Reference which shall also apply to Adobe's contribution to PDF/is.	
1079 1080 1081 1082	Accordingly, Adobe agrees to provide a Royalty Free License to all Essential Claims solely for the purpose of implementing PDF/is. Adobe and the PWG will identify and establish, within the final, published "Candidate Standard" or final "Standard" release of PDF/is, a process whereby implementers of PDF/is can request and obtain the above license.	
1083 1084 1085 1086 1087	No license shall be extended to those implementing only draft versions of PDF/is unless that implementation is only used for testing and prototyping purposes.	
1088 1089	A "Royalty Free License" shall mean a license that:	
1090 1091	 i) shall be available to all implementers of PDF/is worldwide, whether or not members of the PWG; 	
1092	ii) shall extend to all Essential Claims owned or controlled by Adobe and its Affiliates;	
1093	iii) shall not be conditioned on payment of royalties, fees or other consideration except as	Deleted: 38
		/ (= 5.5.54. 55
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1122 1123 described in (iv) and (v) below;

- iv) may be conditioned on a grant of a reciprocal license on identical terms to all Essential Claims owned or controlled by the licensee and its Affiliates; and
- may include reasonable, customary terms relating to operation or maintenance of the license relationship including but not limited to the following: choice of law, dispute resolution, and patent notices.

"Essential Claims" shall mean all claims in any patent or patent application, in any jurisdiction in the world, that (A) Adobe and/or its Affiliates own and (B) that would be necessarily infringed by implementation of PDF/is. A claim is necessarily infringed hereunder only when a licensee can prove that it is not possible to avoid infringing it because there is no non-infringing alternative for implementing the required portions of PDF/is. Existence of a non-infringing alternative shall be judged based on the state of the art at the time a licensee implements PDF/is.

The following are expressly excluded from and shall not be deemed to constitute Essential Claims:

- any claims other than as set forth above even if contained in the same patent as Essential Claims;
 and
- 2) claims that would be infringed only by
 - a) portions of an implementation that are not required by PDF/is
 - enabling technologies that may be necessary to make or use any product or portion thereof that complies with PDF/is but are not themselves expressly set forth in PDF/is; or
 - the implementation of technology developed elsewhere and merely incorporated by reference into PDF/is.

For purposes of the Essential Claims definition, PDF/is shall be deemed to include only architectural and interoperability requirements and shall not include any implementation examples or any other material that merely illustrates the requirements of PDF/is.

An "Affiliate" of a first entity is a second entity that is controlled (greater than 50%) by, in control of, or under common control with the first entity.

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