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3	The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol				
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9	Abstract				
10 11	This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].				
12 13 14 15	In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.				
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].				
24 25 26 27 28 29	An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF S Profile as specified in [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type [image-tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document format MIME types. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.				

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179 **1 Introduction**

180 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from 181 the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

182 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between

183 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image

184 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]

and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

186 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document

187 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc. There

is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a requirement

189 that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those associated

- 190 with the exchange of data over the network.
- 191 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a 192 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
- 193 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL

scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this

document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. Only the attributes

defined in this document that start with the "ippfax-" prefix MUST NOT be used in the IPP Protocol (see

section 1.3). In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism

198 [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method]. See section 20 for a comparison of

199IPP and IPPFAX.

200 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF (Universal

201 Image Format) S Profile [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type [image-

tiff] and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx]

203 document format MIME types. A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP

204 protocols concurrently for a single output device (or multiple output devices), but each protocol requires

separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1

- 206 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis]. See section 23.
- 207 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
- 208 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
- 209 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
- 210 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

211 **1.1 Operations used**

- For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender sends at least the following operations to the Receiver in the following order:
- Get-Printer-Attributes Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is an (IPPFAX) Receiver and SHOULD determine some of the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as UIF profiles supported.
- 2. Validate-Job Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes that the
 Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 219
 3. Print-Job Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY send
 220
 Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver also supports these
 221
 operations)
- 4. Get-Notifications The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise.

1.2 Typical exchange

This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four operations listed in section 1.1.

- The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute) see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network enumeration protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 22 for the Generic Directory Schema for IPPFAX.
- 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to generate
 the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver's network
 location and starts the exchange.
- 3. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX-capable Printer and
 SHOULD determine the basic capabilities of the Receiver, including document format, profiles, and
 profile extensions see section 7.1.
- 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic
 capabilities. The UIF data formats and profiles are described in detail in the "Universal Image
 Format (UIF)" specification [ifx-uif].
- 5. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the
 IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the
 Receiver rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.

244 245	6.	The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2) generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 6.6.
246 247	7.	As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged: Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
248	8.	The Sender transmits the Document data to the Receiver – see section 9.
249 250	9.	The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data – see section 9.4.
251 252	10	. In addition the Sender MUST support and the Sending User MAY choose to receive an Event Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered – see sections 9.3 and 9.6

If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer's choice and beyond the scope of this document.

1.3 Namespace used for attributes

Most of the new attributes defined in this document are intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols. As such, these attributes have neither the "ipp-" nor the "ippfax-" prefix in their names. The few attributes that are intended only for use in the IPPFAX protocol start with the "ippfax-" prefix in order to indicate their limited scope of usage. Such attributes (e.g., "ippfax-versions-supported") MUST NOT be supported by the IPP Protocol, i.e., MUST NOT be supported by IPP Printer objects.

262

On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes, including future IPP extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an "ipp-" prefix. For example, the IPP/1.1 "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2) and the IPP/1.1 "ipp-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14) are also used in the IPPFAX protocol, even though they have the "ipp-" prefix.

268 2 Terminology

269 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

270 **2.1 Conformance Terminology**

271 Capitalized terms, such as MUST, MUST NOT, REQUIRED, SHOULD, SHOULD NOT, MAY,

- 272 **NEED NOT,** and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
- terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
- 274 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
- this document uses lower case "must", "may" etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements for

- 276 IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
- 277 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

278 **2.2 Other Terminology**

- This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:
- **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
 document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the 'ipp' URL
 scheme.
- **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request MUST use the 'ippfax' URL scheme (see
 section 4.1 and 16). Unless a specific version number is appended to "IPPFAX", such as "IPPFAX/1.0",
 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.
- 288 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and returns protocol responses. A Printer object MAY be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer 289 290 object, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION (see section 3.3), but MUST NOT be both (since they 291 support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of Print Services). A 292 Printer object MAY support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control 293 (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object MUST support 294 the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the security, 295 authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other words, each URL for a given Printer 296 object is offering the same Print Service.
- Note: For brevity, this document uses the term "Receiver" instead of "IPPFAX Printer object".
 This document uses the term "Printer object" (and "Printer") when the statement is intended to
 apply to a Printer object that MAY support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).
- 300 Print Service The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects MAY
 301 offer the same Print Service.
- 302 IPP Printer object A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by303 definition).
- Receiver The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).
- 306 Print System All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System MAY
 307 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
 308 output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.
- 309 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses. 310 A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the

- 311 term "Sender", instead of "IPPFAX client". This document uses the term "client" when the statement is
- 312 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.
- 313 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.
- Sender A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to thatReceiver.
- 316 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the 317 Receiver.
- 318 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.
- 319 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.
- 320 Attribute Coloring The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
- 321 Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
- 322 "document-format" (see section 5.1 and [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1) and "uif-profile-requested" operation323 attributes.
- Job Creation Operation The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively, i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).
- 326 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.
- 327 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- **TIFF** The Tag Image File Format defined by [TIFF] and identified by the 'image/tiff' MIME Media type
 (see [image-tiff]).
- **TIFF-FX** The file format defined in [RFC2301], [tiff-fx], and [tiff-fx-ext1] as extensions to [TIFF]
- 331 commonly known as TIFF-FX and identified by the 'image/tiff-fx' MIME Media type (see [image-tiff-fx]).
- 332 [RFC2301] formally defines minimal, extended and lossless JBIG modes (Profiles S, F, J) for black-and-
- 333 white fax, and base JPEG, lossless JBIG and Mixed Raster Content modes (Profiles C, L, M) for color and
- 334 grayscale fax. These modes or profiles correspond to the content of the applicable ITU-T
- Recommendations (see the References section in [ifx-uif]).
- 336 UIF Profile (Universal Image Format Profile) The set of TIFF-FX profiles with higher conformance
 337 requirements and relaxed constraints for improved quality (see [ifx-uif]).
- 338 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or 339 has forwarded the Document to some other system.
- 340 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute**, **operation**, **request**, **response**, **operation**
- attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy is also used
- 342 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.

- 343 The terminology defined in the IPP "Event Notifications and Subscriptions" specification [ipp-ntfy] and
- 344 "The 'ippget' Delivery Method for Event Notifications" specification [ipp-get-method], such as **Event**
- 345 Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push
- 346 Delivery Method, and Pull Delivery Method is also used in this document with the same capitalization 347
- conventions and semantics.

3 IPPFAX Model 348

349 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

350 3.1 Printer Object Relationships

351 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]

352 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]

353 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be

354 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that

355 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

356 3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs

357 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer object, 358 not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and attributes 359 accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security, authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used. 360

The three parallel "printer-uri-supported" (1setOf uri), "uri-authentication-supported" (1setOf type2 361

keyword), and "uri-security-supported" (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see 362 363 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and 364 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL "printer-xri-supported" 365 (collection) Printer Description attribute [ipp-set-ops], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these three

parallel attributes using the protocol. 366

Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP/1.1 protocol nor the IPPFAX/1.0 367

368 protocol provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values

369 MAY depend on the URL used and/or MAY depend on the authenticated role of the requesting user. So,

370 for example, there is no way to set the differing values of the "operations-supported" Printer attribute (see

371 section 6.5) that depend on the URL using the IPP or IPPFAX protocol. Providing such means is left for

372 future work as a single specification for use by both IPP and IPPFAX.

3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols 373

374 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer 375 objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST

376 support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the

377 same scheme, namely, 'ipp' or 'ippfax', i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the 'ipp' scheme and other

378 URLs with the 'ippfax' scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and

379 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a

380 particular type of service, not several different types of services.

381 Note: it is possible to support IPP and IPPFAX Printer objects with a single piece of code in a Print System

382 with conditional branching to handle the differences in conformance requirements between IPP and

383 IPPFAX. For example, such conditional branching could depend on the "printer-uri" operation attribute

384 supplied by the client in each request to the Print System. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP/1.1 and

385 IPPFAX/1.0.

4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics

387 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.

388 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using

existing IPP operations [RFC2911], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-set-ops], etc. with increased

390 conformance requirements as specified in this document.

391 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

392 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the

393 client MUST supply the "printer-uri" operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section

394 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value MUST be a URL using the 'ippfax' scheme (see section 16)

395 specifying the Receiver's network location.

The following is an example value of the target "printer-uri" operation attribute and "printer-uri-supported"

- 397 Printer Description attribute:
- 398 ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printer5/

As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and

400 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the "printer-uri" operation attribute that the client supplies

indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Print System to use IPP or IPPFAX

semantics. Similarly, if a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme

in the target "printer-uri" operation attribute that the client supplies MUST determine the protocol, the
 Printer object, and the semantics that the Print System performs.

- Tot I finder object, and the semantics that the fifth System performs.
- 405 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver NEED NOT validate that the "printer-uri"
- 406 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver's

407 "printer-uri-supported" Printer Description attribute (see section 6.1). For URI matching rules see section

408 16.7. If the Receiver does validate the "printer-uri" operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not 409 match any value of the Receiver's "printer-uri-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST

- 410 reject the request, return the 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' status code, and return the
- 411 attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

412 **4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

413 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number

414 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply

this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

416 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the IPP "version-number" parameter

- 417 MUST be '1.1' or a higher minor version number. The value is represented as 0x0101 (see [RFC2910])
- 418 where the major version number comes first (so-called "network byte order").
- 419 If the Receiver does not support the supplied IPP major version as part of the IPPFAX protocol, the
- 420 Receiver MUST respond as specified in [RFC2911] section 3.1.8 with the 'server-error-version-not-

421 supported' status code. As in IPP/1.1, if the major version number is supported, but the minor version

422 number is not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the

423 operation is not supported), else the Receiver MUST reject the request and returns the 'server-error-version-

424 not-supported' status code. In all cases as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST return the "version-number"

425 parameter with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in the

426 "version-number" parameter in the request.

427 **4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX Protocol as the IPP/1.1 "version-number" parameter

- 434 serves for the IPP Protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).
- 435 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
- 436 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ippfax-version-number' attribute name 437 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1)
- 437 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute MUST be '1.0' keyword value. By including an IPPFAX version number in the client request, it allows the Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used, i.e., the version whose conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

- 442 The Receiver MUST indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the "ippfax-versions-supported"
- 443 (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.3).

As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the

- 445 major version field of the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute does not match any of the values of
- the Printer's "ippfax-versions-supported" (see section 6.3), the Receiver MUST respond with a status code

447 of 'server-error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see

- 448 [RFC2911] section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is 449 not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation
- 449 not, the Receiver SHOOLD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request in the operation 450 is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code.
- 451 In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute in the response
- 452 with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the Sender in the request.

There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-supported' status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY also determine the versions supported either from a directory (see section 22) or by querying the Printer object's "imply versions supported difference of a section 22) or by querying the version of the

object's "ipp-versions-supported" (see section 6.2) and "ippfax-versions-supported" attributes (see section
to determine which IPP and IPPFAX versions are supported, respectively, as part of IPPFAX.

- The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
- 459 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

460 **5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

461 The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by462 the semantics defined in this section.

463 **5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

464 This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST return the supported 465 values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the 466 same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:

- 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the "document-format" operation attribute (IPP client may).
- 468
 469
 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document format (IPP Printer may).
- 470 3. Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 6.6.

471 **5.2 uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

472 This operation attribute specifies one UIF Profile (see [ifx-uif]). The Sender SHOULD supply the "uif-

473 profile-requested" operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format supplied

474 is either 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] or 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx]. The Receiver MUST support this

475 operation attribute in a Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

- 476 If the UIF Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver's "uif-
- 477 profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute see section 6.7), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
 478 and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code.
- 479 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
- 480 Table 2 depending on the value of the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes
- 481 supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.

482 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the UIF S Profile

483 (keyword value 'uif-s') that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring for

484 that profile. Note: There is no "uif-profile-default" attribute defined for Get-Printer-Attributes (or for Job

- 485 Creation operations).
- 486 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

487 6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes

This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributeswhose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

490 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes

491 whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for Attribute

492 Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the "document-format" and "uif-profile-

requested" operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column labeled "Attribute

494 Coloring".

Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications

496 [ipp-ntfy] that are not in Table 1. The Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same conformance

497 requirements as in [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], as shown in Table 2. Any other Printer Description attributes

- 498 defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.
- See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the "xxx-supported", "xxx-default", and
 "xxx-ready" Job Template Printer attributes.

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	must	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.3
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.6
uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.7
uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	may	MUST	MUST	6.8
* These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but]	nave enhand	ced semantics	defined in this	
document.				

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

document.
** A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the "ippversions-supported" attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported *as part of IPPFAX operations*. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate
Printer objects (see section 3.3).

508

.

501

 Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
naturalLanguage)				
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
(rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))				
job-media-sheets-supported	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
(rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))				
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]

510

511 6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)

512 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e., the URI values that a client can

513 supply as values of the "printer-uri" target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver

514 MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single Printer

515 object MUST NOT support both 'ipp' and 'ippfax' schemed URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be

- 516 'ipp' or all 'ippfax'. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
- 517 Printer objects (see section 3.3).

518 If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print

- 519 System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the 520
- "printer-uri-supported" attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the 521 same Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol is
- supported (as a separate Printer object). 522

524 for this attribute (see section 3.3).

6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14) 525

This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPP Protocol that this Receiver supports as part of the 526 527 IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the IPP Protocol), including major and 528 minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance requirements. The 529 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The Receiver MUST compare the "version-530 number" parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the

- 531 Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender as part of the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 532 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]:
- 533 '1.1': The "IPP part" of the IPPFAX operations meets the protocol and encoding conformance 534 requirements of IPP version 1.1 as specified in [RFC2911], [RFC2910], and IPP extensions.
- 535 536 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords, 537 by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter.

538 6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

539 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,

including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the 540

conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as 541

542 opposed to an IPP Printer object. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP

543 Printer object MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and

544 IPPFAX (see section 3.3).

⁵²³ The Receiver MUST support the 'ippfax' URL scheme (see section 16) and only the 'ippfax' URL scheme

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- 545 The Receiver MUST compare the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied by
- 546 the Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver 547 supports the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.
- 548 Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with 549 requiring a Receiver to support both the "ipp-versions-supported" and "ippfax-versions-supported" Printer 550 Description attributes (see sections 6.2 and 6.3). If a Printer object supports the "ipp-versions-supported" attribute, but not the "ippfax-versions-supported" attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports 551 the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the "ippfax-versions-supported" Printer Description attribute, 552 553 then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP Protocol. For such a Printer object, the "ipp-versions-supported" attribute indicates the versions of IPP that 554 555 it supports as part of IPPFAX operations, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).
- 556 Standard keyword values are:
- 557 '1.0': Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
- Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for keywords,
 by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. However, for consistency with
 IPP, these IPPFAX version keyword values are defined compatibly with the IPP version keyword
 values.

563 6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)

This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver is currently accepting (IPPFAX) Job Creation requests.
As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
4.4.23).

567 See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations, if 568 implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

569 6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)

570 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver and contained Job objects. As in 571 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).

572 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the "printer-uri" operation attribute and/or

573 MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver the supports

administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but such a

575 Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. For example, if an end user queries

a Printer that supports the Disable-Printer administrative operation, it MAY either (1) return the Disable-

577 Printer enum or (2) use Attribute Coloring and not return the Disable-Printer enum to the end user. In 578 either case, if an administrator queries the same Printer, it MUST return the Disable-Printer enum. 579 6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeMediaType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)

580 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST 581 support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

582 Since most document formats don't give the "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation

583 fidelity for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a 584 subset of the IPP document formats supported.

585 Standard mimeMediaType values for IPPFAX jobs include:

586

Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types

mimeMediaType	Description	Sender support	Receiver support
image/tiff [image-tiff]	TIFF format [TIFF]	MUST	MUST
image/tiff-fx [image-tiff-fx]	TIFF-FX format [tiff-fx], [tiff-fx-ext1]	MAY	MAY
application/octet-stream	auto-sensing ([RFC2911] section 4.1.9.1)	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
any other MIME types	such as 'application/pdf'** (see [IANA-MT])	MUST NOT	MUST NOT

** Note: The recent ANSI and ISO PDF/X-1:1999, PDF/X:2001, and PDF/X-1a formats and under
development PDF/X-2 and PDF/X-3 formats which are specializations of 'application/pdf' MIME
type do not have registered MIME types, though some of these have the same "blind interchange"
guarantee of document presentation fidelity as 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' MIME types.

591 6.7 uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)

592 This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color UIF Profiles the Receiver supports. A

593 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

594 This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the

⁵⁹⁵ 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document formats. Therefore, this attribute

596 MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-

597 Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.

598 See [ifx-uif] Appendix A for the definition of each of these UIF Profiles and the inter-dependency

599 requirements for UIF Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the inter-dependency

600 requirements in [ifx-uif] for UIF Profile support (for example, UIF Profile S MUST be supported and UIF

601 Profile C MUST be supported if UIF Profile L is supported, so the 'uif-s' keyword MUST always be

present and the 'uif-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'uif-l' keyword is present).

Standard keyword values are shown in Table 4 along with the IANA registered MIME Media Type and FileName Extension Suffix:

Keyword	MIME Type	File name	Description (see	Sender	Receiver support
		suffix	[ifx-uif])	support	
uif-s	image/tiff	.tif	UIF Profile S	MUST	MUST
uif-f	image/tiff	.tif	UIF Profile F	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-j
					supported
uif-j	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile J	MAY	MAY
uif-c	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-l or
					uif-m supported
uif-cg	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C with	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-lg or
			gray-scale subset		uif-m supported
uif-l	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-m
					supported
uif-lg	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L with	MAY	MAY, MUST if uif-m
			gray-scale subset		supported
uif-m	image/tiff-fx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile M	MAY	MAY

 Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords

* See [image-tiff-fx]

607 6.8 uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))

608 This attribute contains a CONNEG capability string expression as defined in [ifx-uif] Appendix A for UIF

609 Profiles. A Receiver MAY support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute is intended to convey

610 the capabilities of the Receiver that exceed the minimum requirements, if any, for each supported UIF

611 Profile.

612 This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the

613 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document formats. Therefore, this attribute

614 MUST NOT be returned if the "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-

615 Printer-Attributes request does not support UIF Profiles.

- Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where CONNEG allows White Space to occur. However,
- 616 Each value MUS1 end with explicit white Space where CONNEG allows white Space to occur. However, 617 there is no need to break a CONNEG expression into more than one value if it all fits into 1023 octets of a
- 618 single text value (MAX = 1023).
- 619 The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [ifx-uif], plus any additional
- 620 capabilities that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the
- 621 minimum for the UIF Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 6.7).

622 **7 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities**

This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities (section 7.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2).

625 7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities

626 The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes

627 operation as indicated in Table 5. The Sender SHOULD determine the Receiver's basic capabilities before

628 generating the document data in order to ensure the best rendering the document as intended by the Sender

before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 5. The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the

- 630 IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 (or
- 631 IPP/1.0) Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations (but not perform IPPFAX semantics).
- 632 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
- the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
- Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
- 635 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP Protocol.
- The order of presentation in Table 5 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
- 637 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver MAY
- 638 return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

639

Table 5 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates	s with Get-Printer-Attributes
---	-------------------------------

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a "printer-uri" target URL using the 'ippfax' scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.
Printer Description attributes:		
ippfax-versions- supported	6.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.
operations-supported	6.5	If the Sender is going to use any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as Create-Job, Send-Document), the Sender SHOULD validate that the Receiver supports such operations (though the Printer MUST return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn't support).
document-format- supported	6.6	Sender SHOULD** check which document formats the Receiver supports.
uif-profiles-supported	6.7	Sender SHOULD** check which UIF Profiles of the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiff-fx' document formats the Receiver supports, if the Sender uses any UIF profiles other than 'uif-s'.
uif-profile-capabilities	6.8	Sender MUST check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each UIF Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a UIF Profile. The Sender MUST make this check, since profile capabilities are represented as CONNEG expressions (see [ifs-uif]) which the Validate-Job operation cannot check.
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD** check which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media.
media-ready	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD check which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use).
printer-resolutions- supported	9.2.2.1	Sender SHOULD** check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.

541 Job operation will catch any unsupported attributes or values and reject the operation.

642 **7.2** Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation

643 After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), the Sender MUST validate the job attributes

using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn't include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job

645 with the same attributes using an IPPFAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document data. The

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646 Sender MUST supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it

647 will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).

648 The Sender MUST supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value (see [RFC2911] 649 section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the Receiver will 650 reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby ensuring that the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of support of one or 651 more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to proceed without these attributes. 652 If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as 'server-error-not-accepting-jobs ([RFC2911] 653 section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that person has the opportunity to choose 654 to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it is OK 655 656 to use the IPP Protocol. The main IPPFAX features that MAY be missing in the IPP Protocol are:

- Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the
 Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.
- Identity exchange (section 8): IPP need not provide the definitive identity exchange that
 IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

661 8 Identity exchange

662 This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver use to identify each to the other and to

identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 6 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
 Receiver conformance requirements.

665

Table 6 - Summary of Identify	y Exchange attributes
-------------------------------	-----------------------

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY *	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD *	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST *	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST **	MUST

666 667 * Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

** Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

668 8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

669 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.

670 The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation. The Receiver MUST

671 support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification and

672 MUST populate the job's corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX

673 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case

674 it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-

attributes' status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored
 values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.

As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the

682 Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other

than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-

supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template

attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

686 8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

687 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,

688 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job

operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's

690 corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.

However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept

the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see

693 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported

694 Attributes Group.

For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.See discussion under section 8.1.

699 8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute

This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in

a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely

identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure

that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI

704 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
 corresponding Job Description attribute.

The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes

- and has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an email
- 711 'Reply-To' field.

712 8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)

713 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so

that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX

semantics for this attribute. The Sender MUST query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes

operation as specified in section 7.1 while supplying a target "printer-uri" operation attribute with the

717 'ippfax' scheme.

718 9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations

719 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY 720 support creating IPPFAX Jobs using Create-Job and Send-Document, as well. The Sender and Receiver 721 MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations, 722 since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data 723 does

723 does.

724 9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Table 7 lists the operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations for Senders, IPP/1.1

726 Printers, and Receivers. Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with

footnotes. Any other IPP operation attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	IPP/1.1 Printer	Receiver supports
			supports	
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	must	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	must	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	must	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	must	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	must	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	9.1.1	MUST with	must	MUST
		'true' value ¹		
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	must	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	must	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *	9.1.2	MUST ²	must	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	may	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	MAY	may	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	may	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	may	MUST
uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.3	MUST	may	MUST

729 730 * As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for Job Creation and Validate-Job operations.

731

732 9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

In IPP/1.1, this operation attribute indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job
Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the ValidateJob and Job Creation operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation
attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

738 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the 'false' value, the Receiver MUST reject the 739 operation, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ipp-attribute-

fidelity' attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

741 9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

This operation attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The

- 543 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations. A Receiver
- MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client
- to supply this operation attribute.
- 746 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
- ⁷⁴⁷ 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'document-format' attribute name keyword
- in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).
- 749 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receive does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's
- ⁷⁵⁰ "document-format-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and
- return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance).
- 752 Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 6.6.

753 9.1.3 uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute

This attribute identifies the UIF Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender SHOULD

supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the Receiver as

to what the UIF Profiles are when the document format is 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] or 'image/tiff-fx' [image-

tiff-fx]. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute.

If the Sender supplies a value that the Receive does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's "uif-

profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and return the

⁷⁶⁰ 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance extended to UIF profiles - see

- 761 section 14.2).
- 762 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as soon
- as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is
- RECOMMENDED that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the
- 765 Job Creation response. Note: there is no "uif-profiles-default" attribute defined.
- 766 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document 767 data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
 768 MUST the Demonstrate the table.
- 768 MUST the Receiver abort the job.
- 769 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

770 9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)

Table 8 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and

- Job Creation operations and shows their conformance for IPPFAX Jobs. As in [RFC2911], the term "Job
- 773 Template attribute" is actually up to four attributes: the "xxx" Job attribute, and the "xxx-default", "xxx-

supported", and possibly the "xxx-ready" Printer attributes. Any other IPP Job Template attributes defined
 in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the "xxx" Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the

corresponding "xxx-default" (if defined) and "xxx-supported" Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
 the "xxx-ready" attribute (if defined).

779 In Table 8, if the "Sender supply" and "Receiver support" columns contain an explicit single value, the 780 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, but 781 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the 782 attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If these 783 attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation 784 operation (since the value isn't supported and "ipp-attribute-fidelity" MUST be 'true'). If the Receiver 785 supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-Printer-Attributes response for the corresponding "xxx-supported", "xxx-default" Printer attributes. Note: These are 786 787 attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly non-FAX feature 788 if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as "number-up" = 2 or "job-priority" = 100, 789 respectively.

790 In Table 8, if the "Sender supply" and "Receiver support" columns contain "MUST NOT", the Sender 791 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job. 792 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation 793 (since the attribute isn't supported and "ipp-attribute-fidelity" MUST be 'true'). When querying the 794 Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding "xxx-default" and "xxx-supported" 795 MUST NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document 796 or provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the 797 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |

name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

In Table 8, the "Receiver Attribute Coloring" column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
Attribute Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the "document-format" and "uifprofile-requested" operation attribute values supplied by the Sender. The 'n/a' value indicates not
applicable, since the attribute either MUST NOT be supported or MUST have only the indicated single
value.

804

Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
cover-back (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
finishings-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template (type2 keyword name(MAX))	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet (1setOf collection)	'insert- count' = 0	'insert- count' = 0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	'no-hold'	'no-hold'	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority (integer(1:100)	50	50	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MAY	[RFC2911]
media-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX)	1	1	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	'portrait'	'portrait'	n/a	[RFC2911]
output-bin (type2 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery (type2 keyword)	'system- specified'	'system- specified'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received (type2 keyword)	'1-to-n- order'	'1-to-n- order'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides (1setOf collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
<pre>page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))</pre>	1:MAX	1:MAX	n/a	[RFC2911]
pages-per-subset (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
presentation-direction-number-up (type2 keyword)	'toright- tobottom'	'toright- tobottom'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality (type2 enum)	'high'	'high'	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MAY (see section 9.2.2)	MUST (see section 9.2.2)	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate (type2 keyword)	'collated'	'collated'	n/a	[ipp-job-prog]
sides (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
x-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

* If a single value is indicated, then a Receiver MAY support the indicated Job Template attribute, but

806 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for the 807 attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all.

9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)

810 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of

the job. The Sender MUST supply the "media" Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation

requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the "media-default", "media-ready", and "media-

813 supported" Printer attributes.

814 The UIF Profiles standard [ifx-uif] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to determine

the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size Self

816 Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

817 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

818 'na_letter_8.5x11in'

819 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

820 9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes

The Sender MUST query the values of the "media-supported" and "media-ready" attributes ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the "media" Job Template attribute in the Job Creation operation. The "media-ready" attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require

824 human intervention in order to be used.

825 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

826 9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)

This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the "printer-resolution" Job Template

829 attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the 830 "printer-resolution-default", and "printer-resolution-supported" Printer attributes.

831 For UIF Documents, tf the Sender supplies the "printer-resolution" (resolution) Job Template attribute, the

value MUST agree with the resolution of each of the pages of the UIF Document. If the supplied value

disagrees with the resolution of any of the pages of the UIF Document, the Receiver MUST obey the

resolution in the UIF document, on a page by page basis.

835 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the "printer-resolution" Job Template

attribute is so that the Sender can query the corresponding "printer-resolution-supported" (1setOf

837 resolution) Printer attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for

the UIF Profiles supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

839 9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute

840 If the Sender is using a resolution for a UIF Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for the

841 UIF Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the "printer-resolution-supported" Printer

attribute. The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring (by document format and by UIF profile) for the

843 'image/tiff' [image-tiff] and 'image/tiff-fx' [image-tiff-fx] document-formats. Thus this attribute allows

the Sender to determine the additional resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions required for

support of each of the UIF Profiles without having to interpret the CONNEG expression values of the "uif-

846 profile-capabilities" Printer Description attribute (see section 6.8).

847 9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements

848 Table 9 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-Job

849 requests. The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed (indented) by their 850 corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes

850 corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	Sender Conformance	Receiver	Reference
Attribute in Subscription Object	in Job Creation	Conformance	
Default and Supported Printer Attributes	operations		
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)	MUST **	MUST	section 9.3.1
notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.2
notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)			
notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))			
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
generated-natural-language-supported	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
(1setOf naturalLanguage)			
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0:			
67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))			
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirement
--

* The Sender MUST supply at least the "notify-recipient-uri" attribute for any Push Delivery Method.
** The Sender MUST supply at least the "notify-pull-method" attribute for any Pull Delivery Method,
such as the REQUIRED 'ippget' Delivery Method.

855

9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]

This Subscription Template attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull Delivery Method. A Sender MUST supply this attribute with the 'ippget' Delivery Method keyword value [ipp-get-method] in order to determine when the Document has been Delivered so that the Sender can give a positive acknowledgement to the Sending User. A Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy] indicated in this document and the 'ippget' Notification Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

862 **9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements**

Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

The Receiver MUST support the 'job-progress' event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of

the REQUIRED events in [ipp-ntfy] ('none', 'printer-state-change', 'printer-stopped', 'job-state-change',

⁸⁶⁶ 'job-created', and 'job-completed'). However, the Receiver MUST NOT support any Printer Events in Per-

Job Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer while the Printer

868 was printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the 'job-progress' event, the Receiver MUST

869 generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer's "notify-time-interval" attribute [ipp-ntfy], 870 which the Sender can obtain using the Cat Natifications request

870 which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

871 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the 'job-completed' event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered

the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job

and document to some other system.

874

Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements

Event	IPP/1.1 Printer Conformance	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	Sender Use	Receiver Conformance per-Job	Receiver Conformance Per-Printer	Section
none	must	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
Job Events:						
job-state-changed	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-created	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-completed	must	MUST	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
job-stopped	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	
job-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	
job-progress	may	MAY	MAY	MUST	MAY	9.3.2
Printer Events:						
printer-state-changed	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-restarted	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-shutdown	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-stopped	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-media- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-finishings- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-queue-order- changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	

875

876 **9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver returns the 'successful-ok' status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document. The Sender MUST then inform

the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been

received. See section 9.3.2 for informing the Sending User when the document has been successfullyprinted.

882 9.5 Sender URI Stamping

The Sender MUST place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "sender-uri" attribute (see section 8.3), along with the date and time, in one of the following places, DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION:

- 885
 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the document.
- 887 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 888 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

The Sender MAY include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
 RECOMMENDED that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
 be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

892 **9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications**

The Sender MUST support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see section 9.3.2). Furthermore, the Sender MUST use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'jobcompleted' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver MUST support the Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. See section 9.3.2 for the events that MUST be

supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

899 **10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations**

900 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, section 7 defined the 901 semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job Creation 902 operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance requirements for the 903 other IPP operations.

- 904 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
 905 option see section 11.
- 906 The Receiver MUST fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Notifications
- 907 operations, as defined by this document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance
- 908 requirements placed on the Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Enable-Printer, Disable-Printer, Set-
- 909 Printer-Attributes, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver
- 910 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 11and Table 12.

- 911 There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
- 912 explicitly stated elsewhere in this document. If a Receiver implementation supports administrative
- 913 operations, such as Create-Printer-Subscriptions, Disable-Printer, etc., then it MUST provide a method of
- 914 restricting available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

915 **10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

- 916 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL),
- 917 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
- 918 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
- 919 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.
- Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer
- 921 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
- 922 created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
- 923 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other non-
- privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all from an authenticated and authorized operator
- 925 or administrator.
- 926 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
- 927 NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
- 928 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
- 929 Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.
- 930 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
- 931 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

932

Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	Reference
	Printer	Sender	Receiver	Receiver	
	support	support for a	from a User	from an	
		User		Operator, if	
				supported	
Print-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 9
Print-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 7.2
Create-Job	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	must	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Create-Printer-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	may	MUST NOT	MAY **	MAY	[ipp-indp- method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Disable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Lagand:	1	1	1	1	1

933 Legend:

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as "job-name", and "job-originating-user-name". See section 10.3.

MAY** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends to* a User or Operator (rather than *receives from*).

936 937

938

Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	IPPFAX	Reference
	Printer	Sender	Receiver	Receiver	Receiver	
	support	support	from	from	from	
		for a User	Owner***	Other	Operator,	
				User	if	
					supported	
Send-Document	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	section 10.2
Get-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Set-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY***	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	may	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MAY	section 9.6
Reprocess-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-ops-set2]
Resume-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Promote-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]

939

943

940 MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as "job-name", and "job-originating-user-name". See section 10.3.
 942 MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make

MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make additional copies.

944 MAY*** - Operators MAY cancel their own subscriptions, but MUST NOT cancel subscriptions belonging to others.
 945 Owner refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

946 **10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)**

947 It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job, i.e., to transmit a Document as an
948 IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

949 The Sender MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

950 The Receiver MUST reject Cancel-Job operations whether issued by a user or an administrator targeted at

951 IPPFAX Jobs. The Cancel-Job operation therefore MUST be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and

952 MUST be reflected in the value of the "operations-supported" Printer attribute (see section 6.5). Note:

953 Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

954 **10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)**

- 955 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver 956 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.
- 957 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
- Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
- 959 MAY return only the following Job attributes:
- 960 job-id, job-uri
- 961 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
- 962 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
- 963 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
- 964 job-state, job-state-reasons
- 965 number-of-intervening-jobs
- 966

The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this

969 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

970 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative971 destination or warn the Sending User).

972 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it

- 973 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.
- 974 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

975 **10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]**

976 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2] allow a remote operator to change the
977 value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.4)
978 to 'true' or 'false', respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support.

979 These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both 980 IPP and IPPFAX, then it MUST support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3). Therefore, a 981 client MUST issue separate operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP and IPPFAX jobs 982 on the same Print System, the 'ipp' URL scheme or the 'ippfax' URL scheme in the "printer-uri" target 983 operation attribute for the IPP Printer object or the Receiver (IPPFAX Printer object), respectively.

984 **10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]**

985 The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops] are OPTIONAL

administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the

987 "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these

988 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document

format and UIF profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which also
 REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported.

991 **11 Security considerations**

IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses
of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling
IPPFAX Jobs.

997 **11.1 Privacy**

998 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the privacy mechanism specified in

999 IPP/1.1 namely TLS [RFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the Sender

1000 and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

1001 The Receiver MUST have a TLS certificate.

1002 The Sender MAY have a certificate. A Receiver MAY decide to reject requests that come from Senders 1003 that do not have a certificate and return the 'client-error-not-authenticated' status code.

1004 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

1005 Senders and Receivers SHOULD do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys of

a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn't
 recognize, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before

1008 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

1009 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done

1010 over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

1011 **11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

- 1012 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated with
- 1013 each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).
- 1014

Table 13 - Authentication Requirements

"uri-authentication- supported" keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the 'none' value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the 'none' value (by means outsides the scope of this document)
requesting-user- name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using 'certificate' or 'negotiate'	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests.

1015 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1016 Table 14 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX

1017 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1018

Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
	must use	should use	MUST use	MUST use
The Message	must support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
Integrity feature	may use	may use	MUST use	MUST use

1019

1020 **11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

- 1021 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms used
- 1022 for each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 6.1).
- 1023

Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements

uri-security-	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
supported		
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST	MUST support and MUST use
	use	
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY	MUST support and MAY use
	use. The Sender (device) MUST query the	
	Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy	
	(encryption).	

1024

Table 16 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1027

Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX
				Receiver
2		1 11		
Server	must support	should support	MUST use	MUST support
Authentication	should use	may use		
Client	may support	may support	SHOULD support	MUST support
Authentication*	may use	may use		MAY use
Data Integrity	may support	should support	MUST use	MUST support
	may use	should use		
Data Privacy	may support	should support	MUST support	MUST support
	may use	may use	MAY** use.	

- 1028 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].
- 1029 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1030 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as

1031 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites

1032 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

- 1033 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
- 1034 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
- 1035 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1036 **11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS**

1037 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST start 1038 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]

- 1039 further explains:
- 1040The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a1041connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS1042handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP1043request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP behavior,1044including retained connections should be followed
- 1044 including retained connections should be followed.

1045 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following 1046 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

- 1047 IPP/1.1 sequence:
- 1048 1. Start TCP connection
- 1049 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
- 1050 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
- 1051 4. TLS handshake
- 1052 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
- 1053 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...
- 1054

1055 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1056 1. Start TCP connection
- 1057 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 10583. rest of TLS handshake
- 10594. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,1060followed by Validate-Job and Print-Job operations).
- 1061

1062 **11.5 Access control**

1063 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the

- 1064 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
- 1065 (corresponding to the 'none' value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute see section 11.2).

1066 However a Receiver MAY protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]

1067 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1068 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not 1069 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

1070 **11.6 Reduced feature set**

1071 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as a

1072 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it 1073 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1074 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a

1075 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an

1076 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,

1077 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is

1078 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

1079 **12 Gateways to other systems**

1080 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission1081 systems.

1082 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

1083 In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a

1084 Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.

1085 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX

1086 extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1087 **12.2 On-Ramps**

1088 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to

1089 some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX

1090 Protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.

1091 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1092 13 Attribute Syntaxes

1093 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1094 **14 Status codes**

In addition to the semantics of the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes: PWG-DRAFT

1097 **14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]**

1098 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.

1099 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes

1100 that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request'

1101 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing

1102 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1103 14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]

1104 The concept of a document format is extended to include the UIF Profile. This status code is returned if the 1105 document format is not supported, including the indicated UIF Profile.

1106 **15 Conformance Requirements**

1107 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined1108 elsewhere in this document.

- 11091. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section11101.3.
- 1111
 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation attribute with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1' (or higher minor version) value, and (3) the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0 '1.0' keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 1115 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.
- 1116 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.
- 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-PrinterAttributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation
 as specified in section 7.
- 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.
- 11227. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined insection 9.
- 1124 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section 9.5.

11259. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the1126'ippget' Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6,11279.3, and 9.3.2, respectively.

- 1128 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.
- 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including
 TLS.

1131 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

- 1132 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
- the requirements in [RFC2717].

1134 **16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

- 1135 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of 1136 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.
- 1137 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
- syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
- 1139 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;

1140 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex

- 1141 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].
- 1142 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1143 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

- 1144 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
- 1145 known port xxx [TBA by IANA] for the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 1146 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1147 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

- 1148 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp'
- 1149 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
- 1150 Receivers which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.
- 1151 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1152 **16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

- 1153 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
- defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
- updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-

1156 insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs_path' part is case-

sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the mechanismspecified in [RFC2396].

1159 16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

1160 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5

- 1161 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section
- 1162 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.
- 1163 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
 1164 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.
- 1165 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
- 1166 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource
- 1167 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
- "port", "host", "abs_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
- 1169 IPv6 addresses in URLs).
- 1170 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:
- 1171 ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [":" port] [abs_path ["?" query]]
- 1172

1173 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 16.2 is assumed. The

semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX

- 1175 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for the
- 1176 identified resource is 'abs_path'.
- 1177 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1178 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a

- resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
- 1180 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
- 1181 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1182 16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

- 1183 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host names):
- 1185 ippfax://abc.com
- 1186 ippfax://abc.com/listener
 1187
- 1188 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).
 - 1189 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

1190 192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style 1191 186.7.8.9 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style 1192 1193 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs: 1194 ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener 1195 ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom 1196 1197 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]): 1198 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style ::192.9.5.5 1199 ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style 1200 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373 1201 1202 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs: 1203

1203 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener 1204 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener 1205 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

1206

1207 **16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons**

When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
 16.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

1212 **17 IANA Considerations**

1213 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 16 according to the procedures of1214 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

1215	Operation Attributes:			
1216	ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	4.3
1217	uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	5.2
1218	uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	9.1.3
1219				
1220	Operation/Job Description attributes:			
1221	sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	8.1
1222	receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	8.2
1223	sender-uri (uri)	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	8.3
1224				
1225	Printer Description Attributes:			
1226	<pre>ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</pre>	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	6.3
1227	uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	6.7
1228	uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	IEEE-ISTO	5102.1	6.8

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IPP Web Page: http://www.pwg.org/ipp/					
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	n r maning List. ipp@pwg.org				
To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the follo	wing email:				
1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org					
2) leave the subject line blank					
3) put the following two lines in the message body:subscribe ipp					
			end		
Implementers of this specification document are e					
participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional					
-	attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so				
you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to s	end a question or comment to the mailing list.				

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1378 **20** Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)

This informative appendix compares IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 with references to the appropriate sections
for details. If this appendix contradicts or omits any differences, it is a mistake and the body of this
document still prevails. Most of the differences are in conformance requirements only. Therefore, for most

1382 of the differences, it is possible to implement both with the same code (without conditional branches).

1383 Legend:

** Where IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 have a real difference, such as IPP/1.1 must and IPPFAX/1.0 MUST NOT, (indicated below by leading **), would a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0.

- * Where IPP/1.1 is a may and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by a leading *), would
 a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and
 IPPFAX/1.0, but only if the IPP/1.1 part supports the feature.
- 1390 Differences between the IPP/1.1 protocol and the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol:
- ** IPP uses the 'ipp' URL scheme with a default port of 631, while IPPFAX uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme with a default port of xxx [TBA by IANA] (section 4.1 and 16).
- 1393
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 1394
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 2. ** IPP has only one version number parameter, while IPPFAX has two version numbers: the "version-number" parameter for IPP (section 4.2) and the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute for IPPFAX (section 4.3).
- 1396 Differences between an IPP client and a Sender:
- An IPP Client may use any IPP operation, while a Sender MUST use at least Get-Printer-Attributes (sections 5 and 7.1), Validate-Job (section 7.2), and Print-Job operations (section 9). A Sender MUST use the Get-Notifications operation, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated otherwise (section 9.6).

- 1401
 2. In the Get-Printer-Attributes request, an IPP Client may supply the "document-format" and "uifprofile-requested" operation attributes, while a Sender SHOULD (sections 5.1 and 5.2) in order to
 get Attribute Coloring.
- 14043. ** In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the1405"ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with either the 'true' or 'false' value or may omit the1406attribute entirely, while the Sender MUST always supply the attribute and with the 'true' value1407(sections 7.2 and 9.1.1).
- 14084. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the1409"document-format" operation attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.1.2).
- 1410
 5. * An IPP Client may support any MIME Media Type as the value of the "document-format" operation attribute, while the Sender MUST support at least the 'image/tiff' MIME Media Type, MAY support the 'image/tiff-fx' MIME Media Type, and MUST NOT support any MIME Media Type unless it has the same "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation fidelity as TIFF-FX [tiff-fx] (section 6.6).
- 14156. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the1416"media" Job Template attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.2.1).
- 1417 7. * An IPP Client may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
 1418 "media" Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in
 1419 the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 "Media Standardized Names" [pwg-media], while the Sender MUST use
 1420 the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1421
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 1423
 8. There are no requirements for an IPP Client to indicate the client or the client user in the document, while the Sender MUST supply the "sender-uri" value along with a date and time, on at least the cover page (section 9.5).
- 1424
 1425
 1425
 1426
 9. An IPP Client need not support Event Notification, while the Sender MUST support at least the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method (section 9.3), which REQUIRES using the Get-Notifications operation (section 9.6).
- 1427 10. An IPP Client may support any events, while a Sender MUST NOT support the 'job-config-1428 changed' event and MUST NOT support any Printer events (section 9.3.2).
- 1429 11. An IPP Client may support Client Authentication, while a Sender MUST support at least 'digest' and 'certificate' (section 11.2).
- 1431 12. An IPP Client may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy, while a Sender MUST support Data
 1432 Integrity and may use Data Privacy with at least the
- 1433 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).
- 1434 Differences between an IPP Printer and a Receiver:

1435 1436 1437 1438	1.	. In the Get-Printer-Attributes response, an IPP Printer may color the attribute values returned according to the "document-format" supplied, while a Receiver MUST color the values return according to both the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes sup (sections 5 and 6), including the "printer-resolutions-supported" attribute (section 9.2.2.1).	
1439 1440 1441 1442	2.	* An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular document formats, while a Receiver MUST support the UIF 'image/tiff' format with profile uif-s, MAY support 'image/tiff-fx', and MUST NOT support any others, unless they have the same level of "blind interchange" guarantee for document presentation fidelity as TIFF-FX (section 6.6).	
1443 1444	3.	* An IPP Printer may support 'application/octet-stream' (auto-sensing - [RFC2911] 4.1.9.1), while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 6.6).	
1445 1446 1447	4.	An IPP Printer may support the IPPFAX attributes: "uif-profile-requested", "uif-profiles- supported", "sending-user-vcard", "receiving-user-vcard", "sender-uri", and "uif-profiles", while a Receiver MUST (sections 5.2, 6, 8, and 9.1.3).	
1448 1449	5.	** An IPP Printer MUST NOT support the "ippfax-versions" and "ippfax-versions-supported" attributes, while a Receiver MUST (sections 4.3 and 6.3).	
1450 1451	6.	** An IPP Printer must support both values of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST only support the 'true' value (section 9.1.1).	
1452 1453 1454	7.	** An IPP Printer must assume a value of 'false' if the IPP Client omits the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST reject the request with the 'client-error-bad-request' status code (section 9.1.1).	
1455 1456 1457	8.	An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular Job Template attributes, while a Receiver MUST support at least the "media" and "printer-resolution" Job Template attributes, including the "media-ready" Printer attribute (section 9.2).	
1458 1459 1460 1461	9.	* An IPP Printer may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the "media" Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 "Media Standardized Names" [pwg-media], while the Receiver MUST support a subset of the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).	
1462 1463 1464	10.	* An IPP Printer may support any Job Template attribute values, while a Receiver is restricted to a single value for many Job Template attributes for which other values would alter the appearance of the document or provide a non-FAX-like feature (section 9.2).	
1465 1466	11.	* An IPP Printer may support Print-URI and Send-URI operations, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 10.1).	
1467 1468	12.	An IPP Printer must support Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes operations, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 10.1).	
1469	13.	** An IPP Printer must support Cancel-Job operation, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 10.2).	

- 14. An IPP Printer may support administrative operations without authentication, while a Receiver
 MUST authenticate administrative operations, if administrative operations are supported (section 10.1).
- 1473
 15. * An IPP Printer may support the following operations from an authenticated operator or administrator: Purge-Jobs, Cancel-Current-Job, Cancel-Job, and Schedule-Job-After, while a Receiver MUST reject such operations from an authenticated operator or administrator.
- 1476
 16. An IPP Printer may support Event Notification, while a Receiver MUST support Event Notification
 (sections 9.3 and 10.1) and at least the 'ippget' Delivery Method (section 9.6), which REQUIRES
 support for the Get-Notifications operation.
- 1479
 17. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it must support the 'job-state-changed' and 'jobcreated' events for Per-Job Subscriptions, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 1481 18. ** If an IPP Printer supports Printer Events, then it MUST support them for both Per-Job and Per Printer Subscriptions, while a Receiver MUST NOT support them for Per-Job Subscriptions
 (section 9.3.2).
- 148419. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the 'job-progress' event, while a
Receiver MUST for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1486 20. * If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the 'job-config-changed' event,
 1487 while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 9.3.2).
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 21. If an IPP Printer supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, then it may support setting the Attribute Coloring values according to the "document-format" operation attribute, while the Receiver, if it supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, MUST support setting the Attribute Coloring values according to the "document-format" and "uif-profile-requested" operation attributes (section 10.5).
- 1493 22. An IPP Printer should support and may use TLS, while a Receiver MUST support and MUST use
 1494 TLS (section 11.3).
- 1495 23. An IPP Printer may support Client Authentication, while a Receiver MUST support at least 'digest' and 'certificate' (section 11.2).
- 149724. An IPP Printer may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy and support them with any cipher1498suite, while a Receiver MUST support both Data Integrity and Data Privacy with at least the1499TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1500 **21 Appendix B: vCard Example**

- 1501 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:
- 1502 BEGIN:VCARD

- 1504 N:Moore;Paul
- 1505 FN:Paul Moore
- 1506 ORG:Netreon
- 1507 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
- 1508 ADR;WORK:;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
- 1509 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
- 1510 REV:19991207T215341Z
- 1511 END:VCARD
- 1512

1513 22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver

- 1514 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
- 1515 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers
- 1516 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
- 1517 type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
- 1518 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of type
- 1519 PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts, or
- 1520 filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the "Local
- 1521 Department" context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
- administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
- 1523 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.
- Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry object can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case, each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.
- 1527 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
- 1528 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
- 1529 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
- same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
- in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to Receivers that subscribe by adding oneor more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory
- 1532 of more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory 1533 entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In
- addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding
- 1535 IPPFAX Printer object.
 - 1536 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer 1537 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.
 - 1538 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
 - 1539 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute. The
 - 1540 directory client queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and
 - 1541 then the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-security-
 - 1542 supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports

- both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two
- 1544 services.
- 1545 Table 17 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
- 1546 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX. If
- a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
- 1548 represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
- 1549 respectively.
- 1550

 Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16	As stated in	[RFC2911]
Appendix E Generic Directory Schema (including	[RFC2911] section	
"ipp-versions-supported" - see section 6.2), plus:	16	
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.3
uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.7

1551

1552 23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents

- 1553 The full set of IPP documents includes:
- 1554 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 1555 2. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 15563. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 1557 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
- 1558 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [RFC3196] and [ipp-iig-bis]
- 1559 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
- 1560

1561 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing 1562 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included

1563 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,

1564 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A

- 1565 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.
- 1566 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
- 1567 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
- 1568 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
- 1569 decisions.
- 1570 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
- 1571 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
- 1572 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
- 1573 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
- 1574 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

- 1575 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
- 1576 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
- 1577 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
- 1578 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
- 1579 the specification decisions is also included.
- 1580 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways1581 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.
- 1582 **24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology**
- 1582 24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
 (ISTO)
- 1584 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible 1585 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
- 1586 but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
- 1587 marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (http://www.ieee.org/) and the IEEE Standards
- 1588 Association (<u>http://standards.ieee.org/</u>).
- 1589 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:
- 1590

http://www.ieee-isto.org.

1591 **25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

1592 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology 1593 Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print 1594 1595 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems 1596 supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean "The 1597 Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO." In order to meet this objective, the PWG will 1598 document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces, 1599 procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from 1600 the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

- 1601 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent, 1602 has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and 1603 enjoys significant public support.
- 1604 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:

1605

http://www.pwg.org

1606 **26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail	Specify TLS as MUST
		Songer, Netreon	Removed Cover page and combined device
			Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style
			of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to
			be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms
			throughout without showing revisions in order to
			make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most
		Pulera, Ira McDonald	of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining,
			mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41
		McDonald	issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES
		McDonald	from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in
			Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14,
			and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG
			meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5
			issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01
			telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02
			IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining
			issues.

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