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4 ISSUES are highlighted like this.

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IPPFAX Protocol

IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group
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Abstract

This standard specifies the IPPFAX protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifax-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol. The IPPFAX protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) to create and manage IPPFAX Jobs. An IPPFAX Printer is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF S Profile as specified in [ifax-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format MIME type and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiffx' document format MIME types. A Printer implementation MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently.

This document also defines a "printer-alternate-uri" (uri) operation attribute intended for use with both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols when an implementation supports more than one

30 URL. It allows an administrator to specify an Effective URL Context in which the
31 management operation is to be performed.

32 This document is a draft of an IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard and is in full conformance with all
33 provisions of the PWG Process (see: <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process.pdf>). PWG
34 Proposed Standards are working documents of the IEEE-ISTO PWG and its working groups. The list
35 of current PWG projects and drafts can be obtained at <http://www.pwg.org>.

36 When approved as a PWG standard, this document will be available from:
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38

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Table of Contents

71	1 Introduction.....	7
72	1.1 Namespace used.....	7
73	2 Terminology	7
74	2.1 Conformance Terminology.....	8
75	2.2 Other Terminology.....	8
76	2.3 Supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols in a single implementation.....	10
77	2.4 Required exchange.....	10
78	3 Common IPPFAX Operation Semantics.....	11
79	3.1 printer-uri operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)	12
80	3.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)	13
81	4 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics.....	14
82	4.1 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)	14
83	4.2 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute	15
84	5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes	16
85	5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.1]	18
86	5.2 versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) [RFC 2911]	18
87	5.3 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.23]	18
88	5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.15].....	19
89	5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.22].....	19
90	5.6 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	20
91	5.7 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX)).....	20
92	5.8 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean).....	21
93	6 Identity exchange.....	22
94	6.1 ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute.....	22
95	6.2 ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute.....	23
96	6.3 ippfax-sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute.....	23
97	6.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)	23
98	7 Data Exchange - IPPFAX Job Submission.....	24
99	7.1 Sender Validation of the target Printer's capabilities.....	24
100	7.1.1 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation	24
101	7.1.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation.....	26
102	7.2 Transmission using the Print-Job or other Job Creation operation.....	26
103	7.2.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes	27
104	7.2.1.1 document-format (mimeType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)	28
105	7.2.1.2 ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) operation attribute.....	28
106	7.3 Job Template Attributes	29
107	7.3.1 media (type2 keyword name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11)	31

108 7.3.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes 31

109 7.3.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)..... 32

110 7.3.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute 32

111 7.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response..... 32

112 7.5 notification-recipient-uri operation attribute and the Get-Notifications operation 33

113 7.6 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements..... 33

114 7.7 Notification Event Conformance Requirements 34

115 7.8 Sender URI Stamping 35

116 8 IPP Implementation of other operations 35

117 8.1 Operation Conformance Requirements 35

118 8.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)..... 38

119 8.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911 sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6) 39

120 8.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-admin-ops] 39

121 9 Security considerations 40

122 9.1 Privacy..... 40

123 9.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2) 41

124 9.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)..... 42

125 9.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS 43

126 9.5 Access control 43

127 9.6 Reduced feature set..... 44

128 10 Gateways to other systems 44

129 10.1 Off-Ramps 44

130 10.2 On-Ramps..... 44

131 11 Attribute Syntaxes..... 44

132 12 Status codes..... 45

133 12.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]..... 45

134 13 Conformance Requirements 45

135 14 IPPFAX URL Scheme 46

136 14.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage..... 46

137 14.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port..... 46

138 14.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type..... 46

139 14.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding 47

140 14.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF 47

141 14.6 IPPFAX URL Examples..... 47

142 14.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons 48

143 15 IANA Considerations..... 48

144 16 Appendix B: vCard Example 49

145 17 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver..... 49

146 18 References 50

147 19 Authors’ addresses..... 54

148 20 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)..... 55

149

Table of Tables

151 Table 1 - IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements..... 16

152 Table 2 - Additional IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements..... 17

153 Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types..... 19

154 Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords 20

155 Table 5 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes 22

156 Table 6 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender MUST validate..... 25

157 Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes 27

158 Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes 30

159 Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements..... 34

160 Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements..... 34

161 Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations 37

162 Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations 38

163 Table 13 - Authentication Requirements..... 41

164 Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements 41

165 Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements..... 42

166 Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements..... 42

167 Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries 50

168

168

169 **1 Introduction**

170 This standard specifies the IPPFAX protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from the
171 requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

172 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
173 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
174 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in
175 [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

176 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
177 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.
178 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a
179 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are
180 those associated with the exchange of data over the network.

181 The IPPFAX protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol. The IPPFAX
182 protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) to create and manage
183 IPPFAX Jobs. An IPPFAX Printer is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the UIF
184 (Universal Image Format) S Profile [ifx-uif] which is defined for the 'image/tiff' document format
185 MIME type and MAY support additional UIF Profiles for the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiffx' document
186 format MIME types. A Printer implementation MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and
187 IPP protocols concurrently. Note - It is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1
188 [RFC2911],[RFC2910],[ipp-iig].

189 This document also defines a "printer-alternate-uri" (uri) operation attribute intended for use with
190 both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols when an implementation supports more than one URL. It
191 allows an administrator to specify an Effective URL Context in which the management operation is
192 to be performed.

193 **1.1 Namespace used**

194 The extension specified in this standard uses the prefix 'ippfax-' for all new IPP attributes defined.

195 **2 Terminology**

196 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

197 2.1 Conformance Terminology

198 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
199 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification.
200 These terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is
201 taken from RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

202 2.2 Other Terminology

203 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced
204 and capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

205 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910]. For the IPP Protocol each
206 operation request **MUST** use the ‘ipp’ URL scheme.

207 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation
208 request **MUST** use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 3.1).

209 **Effective URL Context** The context in which a Printer object performs operations. Each context is
210 identified by a unique URL supported by the Printer object. If a Printer object supports multiple
211 protocols, each protocol has a separate context by definition. For a given protocol, a Printer object can
212 support multiple contexts which have some configured differences as established by an administrator. In
213 this case, each context also has a unique URL (with the same scheme). Example: A Printer object that
214 supports the 3 URLs: ipp://www.acme.com/printer1, ippfax://www.acme.com/printer2,
215 ippfax://www.acme.com/printer3 is supporting three contexts.

216 The client **MUST** supply the target “printer-uri” operation attribute (section 3.1) in each
217 operation. This attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. It also
218 specifies the Effective URL Context unless that client also supplies the additional “printer-
219 alternate-uri” operation attribute (section 1.1). Administrative clients supply the “printer-
220 alternate-uri” operation attribute in order to be able to configure and control multiple contexts
221 with a single authenticated connection.

222 **Printer object (or Printer)** A software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and returns
223 protocol responses. A Printer object **MAY** be: (1) an IPP Printer object, (2) an IPPFAX Printer object,
224 or (3) both, depending on implementation (see section 2.3). However, this document uses the term
225 “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”. This document uses the term “Printer object” (and
226 “Printer”) when the statement is intended to apply to a Printer object that **MAY** support the IPP
227 protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.

228 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP protocol.

229 **Receiver** The Printer object (which can be software, hardware or some combination) that accepts
230 IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by the Sender. In this document the term
231 “Receiver” indicates the semantics when the Printer object accepts an IPPFAX protocol operation. A

- 232 Printer object implementation MAY support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently. In this
233 case the Printer object is behaving a both an IPP Printer object and a Receiver.
- 234 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts
235 responses. A client MAY be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this
236 document uses the term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client”
237 when the statement is intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP protocol, the IPPFAX
238 protocol, or both protocols.
- 239 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP protocol.
- 240 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
241 Receiver.
- 242 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
243 Receiver.
- 244 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.
- 245 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the
246 Receiver.
- 247 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a
248 Get-Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically
249 the “document-format”, the entire target URL value in the “printer-uri”, and the “ippfax-uif-profiles”
250 operation attributes.
- 251 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs,
252 respectively, i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).
- 253 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.
- 254 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 255 **TIFF** The Tag Image File Format defined by [TIFF].
- 256 **TIFF-FX** The file format defined in [RFC2301] as extensions to [TIFF] commonly known as TIFF-
257 FX. [RFC2301] formally defines minimal, extended and lossless JBIG modes (Profiles S, F, J) for
258 black-and-white fax, and base JPEG, lossless JBIG and Mixed Raster Content modes (Profiles C, L, M)
259 for color and grayscale fax. These modes or profiles correspond to the content of the applicable ITU-T
260 Recommendations.
- 261 **UIF Profile (Universal Image Format Profile)** A TIFF-FX profile with higher conformance
262 requirements and relaxed constraints for improved quality (see [ifx-uif]).
- 263 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin
264 or has forwarded the Document to some other system.

265 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute**, **operation**, **request**, **response**, **operation**
266 **attribute**, **Printer Description attribute**, and **Job Description attribute** is also used in the standard
267 with the same capitalization conventions.

268 2.3 Supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols in a single implementation

269 It is OPTIONAL for an IPPFAX implementation to also support the IPP protocol. However, if an
270 implementation does support both protocols, there are two ways for an implementation to do so:

271 Method 1: Separate Printer objects: two distinct Printer objects (which each have their own
272 URL Contexts by definition) with completely separate attributes, in which case all
273 attributes are separate (though most attributes ~~would~~ **MAY** have the same value for both
274 objects, except for those that this document indicates **MUST** depend on the Effective
275 URL Context), or

276 ~~Method~~ 2: Shared Printer object: only one Printer object in which case only the attributes that
277 this document indicates **MUST** depend on the Effective URL Context will have
278 different values (so-called Attribute Coloring by URL).

279 This document specifies which Printer attributes **MUST** depend on the Effective URL Context (see
280 Table 1 and Table 2), which **MUST NOT**, and which **MAY**. All the other attributes, such as “printer-
281 state” and “printer-name”, will appear to the client as either (1) completely separate or (2) shared,
282 **DEPENDING ON THE IMPLEMENTATION CHOICE** above, respectively. So for these other
283 attributes, which implementation choice is made, will *not* be transparent to the client, especially for an
284 operator’s client when using the Set-Printer-Attributes operation.

285 With either Method, an implementation **MAY** allow an administrator to configure any number of
286 distinct ‘ippfax’ URLs with separate access control and differing “xxx-supported” Printer attributes for
287 differing services. This approach may help a scenario where each URL has a different designated user
288 with operator privileges and default notification of the completion of IPPFAX jobs.

289 Note that this same implementation choice (Method 1 versus Method 2) faces an IPP protocol
290 implementer that supports more than one URL Context, i.e., multiple ‘ipp’ URLs, say, for different
291 security, including a completely anonymous access.

292 For an IPPFAX implementation that also supports the IPP protocol using Method 2 (Shared Printer
293 object), an IPP client (suitably authenticated) **MAY** be able to use the IPP protocol as a so-called
294 “universal protocol” to query and/or affect some of the IPPFAX-specific jobs and attributes (attributes
295 that are defined in this document that begin with the “ippfax-” prefix), just as the IPP protocol **MAY** be
296 used to examine and control jobs submitted by other protocols, such as LPD [RFC1179].

297 2.4 Required exchange

298 The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the “printer-uri” operation
299 attribute) – see section 3.1. This standard does not specify how the Sending User does this. Possible

300 methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network enumeration protocols such
301 as SLP, etc. See section 17 for the Generic Directory Schema for IPPFAX.

- 302 1. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to
303 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, indicates the Receiver's
304 network location and starts the exchange.
- 305 2. The Sender determines whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX capable device and is currently
306 configured to perform IPPFAX operations and accept IPPFAX jobs – see sections 5.1 and 5.2. If
307 the Receiver is not configured to accept IPPFAX operations, the Sender MUST query the Sending
308 User to determine whether to fallback to the IPP protocol and semantics – see section 1.1.
- 309 3. The Sender determines the rest of the capabilities of the Receiver (see rest of section 7.1).
- 310 4. The following identities are determined and exchanged: Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and
311 Receiving User – see section 6.
- 312 5. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's capabilities.
313 This is described in detail in the [ifx-uif].
- 314 6. The Sender SHOULD validate whether or not the Receiver will accept the IPPFAX Job from this
315 Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.1.2. If the Receiver rejects the
316 Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.
- 317 7. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2)
318 generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 5.5.
- 319 8. This Document data is transmitted to the Receiver – see section 7.2.
- 320 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document – see section
321 7.4.
- 322 10. In addition the Sender MAY choose to receive notification that the Document has been successfully
323 Delivered – see section 7.5

324 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will
325 perform some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an
326 implementer's choice and beyond the scope of this standard.

327 **3 Common IPPFAX Operation Semantics**

328 This section describes the IPPFAX semantics that are common to all operation. IPPFAX does not
329 define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX semantics are provided using existing IPP operations
330 [RFC2911], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-set-ops], etc.] with increased conformance requirements
331 as specified in this document. This section describes the general semantics for all IPPFAX operations.
332 Section 4 describes the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in particular. Section 7 describes the IPPFAX

333 semantics for the Job Creation operations and section 8 describes the IPPFAX semantics for all other
334 operations.

335 **3.1 printer-uri operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

336 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. It also specifies the
337 Effective URL Context unless that client also supplies the additional “printer-alternate-uri” operation
338 attribute (section 1.1). The client **MUST** supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPP (see
339 [RFC2911] section 3.1.5) and IPPFAX request. For IPPFAX, the attribute value **MUST** be the
340 Receiver's network location and **MUST** be a URL using the 'ippfax' scheme (see section 14). Unlike
341 IPP/1.1, the Receiver **MUST** validate that the “printer-uri” operation attribute matches one of its
342 “printer-uri-supported” values.

343 An example target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description
344 attribute value:

345 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

346 As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
347 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies
348 indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Printer to use IPP or IPPFAX
349 semantics. Similarly, if a Printer object supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL
350 scheme in the target “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies **MUST** determine the
351 protocol and the semantics that the Printer performs.

352 For each operation, the Receiver **MUST** validate that the “printer-uri” operation attribute value supplied
353 by the Sender matches one of the Receiver's “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see
354 section 5.1). For URI matching rules see section 14.7. If the URI value supplied does not match any
355 value of the Receiver's “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject
356 the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return the
357 attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

358 If the client omitted this attribute, the Receiver **MUST** reject the request and return the ‘client-error-
359 bad-request’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.4.1). Note: [RFC2911] does not require the IPP
360 Printer to validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute.

361 **~~3.2 printer-alternate-uri (uri) operation attribute~~**

362 ~~This operation attribute specifies the Effective URL Context that the Printer **MUST** use for the~~
363 ~~operation, instead of the context specified by the target “printer-uri” operation attribute (see section~~
364 ~~3.1). This operation attribute is intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols. A client~~
365 ~~that performs administrative operations, such as Disable Printer, Purge Jobs, and Set Printer attributes,~~
366 ~~SHOULD support this operation attribute and MAY supply it for those administrative operations. If~~
367 ~~the Printer object supports multiple contexts and supports suitably authenticated administrative~~
368 ~~operations for controlling them, then the Printer object **MUST** accept this operation attribute.~~

~~369 The value of this attribute MUST be one of the values of the Printer's "printer-uri-supported" Printer
370 Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1). If the client supplies this attribute and the value is not
371 one of the values of the Printer's "printer-uri-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Printer
372 MUST reject the operation, return the 'client_error_attributes_or_values_not_supported' status code
373 ([RFC2911] section 13.1.4.12), and return the supplied attribute and value in the Unsupported
374 Attributes Group.~~

~~375 If the client omits this attribute, then the single Effective URL Context of the operation MUST be the
376 context defined by the target "printer-uri" operation attribute (see section 3.1) supplied by the client
377 (rather than all contexts).~~

~~378 This attribute permits an administrator to configure each of the Printer's contexts separately with
379 potentially different values as needed by the separate contexts with a single established administrative
380 connection.~~

381 **3.33.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

382 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter [RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies version of the IPP protocol. As in
383 IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this
384 parameter in every response. For the IPPFAX protocol, this parameter specifies the version number of
385 IPP protocol and encoding for which the IPPFAX protocol is a specialization. For IPPFAX version
386 1.0, the value of the "version-number" parameter MUST be '1.1'.

387 **3.4ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

388 This operation attribute MUST be present in all IPPFAX operation requests and responses and MUST
389 be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes whose order is
390 specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The value indicates the version of the IPPFAX protocol that the
391 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The semantics of the "ippfax-version-number"
392 attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX protocol as the IPP/1.1 "version-number" parameter
393 serves for the IPP protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).

394 Each operation request and response MUST contain a "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute.
395 Each value of the "ippfax-version-number" is a keyword in the form 'm.n' where m is the major version
396 number and n is the minor version number. For IPPFAX version '1.1' defined by this document, this
397 keyword value '1.1' MUST be used. By including a version number in the client request, it allows the
398 Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX it is interested in using, i.e., the version whose
399 conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

400 If the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the major
401 version field of the "ippfax-version-number" attribute does not match any of the values of the Printer's
402 "ippfax-versions-supported" (see section 5.2), the object MUST respond with a status code of 'server-
403 error-version-not-supported' along with the closest version number that is supported (see [RFC2911]
404 section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is not, the

405 Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation is
406 not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the 'server-error-version-not-supported' status
407 code. In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the "ippfax-version-number" attribute with the value that
408 it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the client in the request.

409 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a 'server-error-version-not-
410 supported' status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number.
411 A Sender MAY also determine the versions supported either from a directory that conforms to
412 Appendix E (see section 16) or by querying the Printer object's "ipp-versions-supported" attribute (see
413 section 17) to determine which versions are supported.

414 A Receiver implementation MUST support version '1.0', i.e., meet the conformance requirements for
415 IPP FAX/1.0 as specified in this document and [RFC2910]. It is recommended that a Receiver
416 implementations accept any request with the major version '1' (or reject the request if the operation is
417 not supported).

418 **4 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

419 This section describes the IPP FAX operation attributes and the enhancements to existing operation
420 attributes of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation for the IPP FAX protocol. The Receiver MUST
421 support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by the semantics
422 defined in this section.

423 **4.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

424 This attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver returns the supported values. The
425 Sender SHOULD supply the "document-format" operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes
426 request (see [RFC2911 section 3.2.5.1]); as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this operation
427 attribute in a Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

428 As in IPP/1.1, if the document format supplied by the Sender is not supported (value is not contained in
429 the Receiver's "document-format-supported" Printer Description attribute - see [RFC2911] section
430 4.4.22), the Receiver MUST reject the Get-Printer-Attributes request and return the 'client-error-
431 document-format-not-supported' status code.

432 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
433 Table 2 depending on the document-format supplied by the Sender. In addition, the values returned
434 MUST depend on the Effective URL Context supplied by the Sender as indicated in Table 1 and Table
435 2. Note: IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] only RECOMMENDED Attribute coloring (see [RFC2911] section
436 3.2.5.1).

437 If the Sender omits the "document-format" operation attribute, the Receiver assumes its "document-
438 format-default" value (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.21) and performs Attribute Coloring for that format.

439 Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 5.5.

440 4.2 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute

441 This attribute specifies one UIF Profile (see [ifx-uif]). The Sender SHOULD supply the “ippfax-uif-
442 profile-requested” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format
443 supplied is either ‘image/tiff’ or ‘image/tiffx’; the Receiver MUST support this operation attribute in a
444 Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

445 If the UIF Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver’s
446 “ippfax-uif-profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute - see section 5.6), the Receiver MUST
447 reject the operation and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code. The
448 Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the Printer attributes indicated in [RFC2911] (see Get-
449 Printer-Attributes request section 3.2.5.1 under the “document-format” operation attribute description)
450 depending on the UIF Profile supplied by the Sender in this attribute. See Table 1 and Table 2.

451 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
452 Table 2 depending on the profile supplied by the Sender. In addition, the values returned MUST
453 depend on the Effective URL Context supplied by the Sender as indicated in Table 1 and Table 2.

454 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the UIF S Profile
455 (keyword value ‘uif-s’) that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring
456 for that profile. There is no “ippfax-uif-profile-default” attribute defined.

457 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

458

459 **5 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

460 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description
461 attributes whose semantics are affected by IPPFAX.

462 Table 1 lists the IPPFAX conformance requirements for Printer Description attributes discussed in this
463 document. The Receiver conformance requirements for attribute coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes
464 response that depends on the “document-format” supplied by the client is indicated in the column
465 labeled “Attribute coloring by document-format”. The Receiver conformance requirements for
466 returning values in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the Effective URL Context
467 supplied by the client are indicated in the column labeled “Depends on Effective URL Context”.

468 Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications
469 [ipp-ntfy] or elsewhere. They have the same conformance requirements as in IPP/1.1, plus the
470 additional IPPFAX conformance requirements shown in Table 2.

471 See section 7.3 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
472 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

473 **Table 1 - IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements**

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	Receiver support	Attribute coloring by document-format	Depends on Effective URL Context	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	5.1
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST	5.2
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST	5.3
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST	5.4
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST	5.5
<u>ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	MUST	MUST	MUST	5.6
<u>ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))</u>	MUST	MUST	MUST	5.7
ippfax-auto-notify (boolean)	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST	5.8

474

475

Table 2 - Additional IPPFAX Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	Receiver support	Attribute coloring by document-format	Depends on Effective URL Context	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	MUST	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	MUST	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]

476

477 **5.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.1]**

478 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Printer object supports, i.e., the URI values that a
479 client can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the
480 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1).

481 The values of this attribute MUST NOT depend on the Effective URL Context. Thus a client can
482 determine all the URI supported by the Printer object using any ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’ URL, if Method 2
483 (Shared Printer object) is used to support IPP and IPPFAX (see section 2.3).

484 If an implementation supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols with the same security and
485 authorization regimes, it is RECOMMENDED that the implementation support target URIs that differ
486 only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the “printer-uri-supported” with one of these two
487 protocols, can query the same implementation with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to
488 see if the other protocol is supported no matter whether the implementation used Method 1 (Separate
489 Printer objects) or Method 2 (Shared Printer object) - see section 2.3.

490 The Receiver MUST support the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 14) for this attribute.

491 **5.2 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) [RFC 2911]**

492 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX protocol that this Receiver supports,
493 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver implementation
494 meets the conformance requirements. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

495 The values of this attribute MUST depend on the Effective URL Context. If this attribute is not
496 returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an ‘ippfax’ scheme, then the Printer
497 is NOT an IPPFAX Receiver.

498 Standard keyword values are:

499 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.
500

501 **5.3 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.23]**

502 This attribute indicates whether or not the Printer object is currently accepting Job Creation requests.
503 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
504 4.4.23).

505 The values of this attribute MUST depend on the Effective URL Context.

506 See section 8.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative
507 operations, if implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

508 **5.4 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.15]**

509 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Printer object and contained Job objects.
510 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
511 4.4.15).

512 The values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. For example, if the Receiver does not
513 support the Cancel-Job operation for IPPFAX Jobs (see section 8.2), then the Cancel-Job enum is not
514 returned as the value of the “operations-supported” attribute when queried with an ‘ippfax’ uri.

515 **5.5 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) [RFC 2911 section 4.4.22]**

516 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver
517 MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

518 The values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. For example, if the client supplies the
519 ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’ scheme, then the values returned indicate the document formats supported for IPP or
520 IPPFAX jobs, respectively. Since most document formats don’t give the guarantee of fidelity for all
521 implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a subset of
522 the IPP document formats supported.

523 Standard mimeType values for IPPFAX jobs include:

524 **Table 3 - Document Format MIME Media Types**

mimeType	Description	Sender support	Receiver support
image/tiff	TIFF format	MUST	MUST
image/tiffx *	TIFF-FX format	MAY	MAY
application/octet-stream	auto-sensing ([RFC2911] section 4.1.9.1)	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
any other MIME types	such as ‘application/pdf’ (see [IANA-MT])	MUST NOTMAY	MUST NOTMAY

525

526 * Note: TIFF-FX [RFC2301] will be getting a new MIME media type, to distinguish it from the
527 TIFF-6 S and F profiles. For the purposes of this draft, the ‘image/tiffx’ MIME type is shown as
528 a working name, since it has been suggested in the email discussion by the Internet FAX WG.
529 When the proper MIME type is agreed by the Internet FAX WG, this document will be updated.

530 ~~The Sender is not restricted to sending UIF Profile formats to the Receiver and MAY send any format~~
531 ~~that the Receiver supports for IPPFAX Jobs. It is the Sender's choice; the Receiver has no way of~~
532 ~~indicating preferred formats from amongst the formats that the Receiver supports for IPPFAX Jobs.~~

533 **5.6 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

534 This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color UIF Profiles the Receiver supports. A
 535 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute does not apply to additional
 536 document formats and profiles besides the UIF Profiles of the 'image/tiff' and 'image/tiffx' document
 537 formats.

538 The returned values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. If this attribute is not
 539 returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an 'ippfax' scheme, then the Printer
 540 is NOT an IPPFAX Receiver.

541 See [ifx-uif] [Appendix A](#) for the definition of each of these UIF Profiles and the inter-dependency
 542 requirements for UIF Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the inter-
 543 dependency requirements in [ifx-uif] for UIF Profile support (for example, UIF Profile S MUST be
 544 supported and UIF Profile C MUST be supported if UIF Profile L is supported, so the 'uif-s' keyword
 545 MUST always be present and the 'uif-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'uif-l' keyword is present).

546 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 4:

547 **Table 4 - UIF Profile keywords**

Keyword	MIME Type	File name extension suffix	Description (see [ifx-uif])	Sender support	Receiver support
uif-s	image/tiff	.tiff, .tif	UIF Profile S	MUST	MUST
uif-f	image/tiff	.tiff, .tif	UIF Profile F	MAY	MAY
uif-j	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile J	MAY	MAY
uif-c	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C	MAY	MAY
uif-cg	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile C with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY
uif-l	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L	MAY	MAY
uif-lg	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile L with gray-scale subset	MAY	MAY
uif-m	image/tiffx *	.tfx *	UIF Profile M	MAY	MAY

548 * Note: the image/tiffx and .tfx are working names as seen on the Internet WG mailing list for
 549 the new MIME Media Type and file name extension suffix for TIFF-FX. When the names are
 550 finalized, this document will be updated.

551 **5.7 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))**

552 This attribute contains a CONNEG capability string expression as defined in [ifx-uif] [Appendix A](#). A
 553 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

554 The returned values of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context. If this attribute is not
 555 returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an 'ippfax' scheme, then the Printer
 556 is NOT an IPPFAX Receiver.

557 Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where CONNEG allows White Space to occur.
558 However, there is no need to break a CONNEG expression into more than one value if it all fits into
559 1023 octets.

560 The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [ifx-uif], plus any additional
561 capabilities that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the
562 minimum for the UIF Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 5.6).

563 **5.8 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean)**

564 This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the Receiving User when the
565 IPPFAX Job completes in some IMPLEMENTATION DEFINED manner, examples of which include:

- 566 1. Each Printer URL is configured for a Receiving User or a Group of Receiving Users and has a
567 configured Per-Printer Subscription object or equivalent that is subscribed to 'job-completed'
568 events and uses a supported Event Notification Delivery Method to deliver the notification to
569 the configured user or a designated individual for the Group, respectively.
- 570 2. Each Printer object has a pre-allocated Per-Printer Subscription Object that is subscribed to 'job-
571 completed' events and that an operator application uses to examine Job attributes, such as the
572 "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute and/or any fields in the Job's "ippfax-receiving-user-
573 vcard" operation/Job Description attribute and automatically notifies the Receiving User by
574 email, telephone, or pager.
- 575 3. An operator/secretary launches an application that creates a Per-Printer Subscription object that
576 notifies the operator/secretary by some supported Delivery Method (ippget, indp, or mailto).
- 577 4. That application could examine Job attributes, such as the "job-printer-uri" Job Description
578 attribute and/or any fields in the Job's "ippfax-receiving-user-vcard" operation/Job Description
579 attribute (see section 6.2) supplied by the Sender and automatically notify the Receiving User by
580 email, telephone, or pager.
- 581 5. That application could access a central data base or directory for the Receiving User as indicated
582 in the "ippfax-receiving-user-vcard" attribute (see section 6.2) supplied by the Sender and use
583 the method indicated in the data base.
- 584 6. A person sits next to the Receiver and reads the start page and delivers the documents to the
585 Receiving User.

586 ~~The returned value of this attribute MUST depend on the URL Context.~~

587 If the returned value is 'true', then the Receiver is responsible for notifying the Receiving User by any
588 means when an IPPFAX Job completes and the Sender SHOULD NOT also notify the Receiving User,
589 thereby causing annoying duplicate notifications to the Receiving User.

590 If this attribute is not returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes response when requested with an ‘ippfax’
 591 scheme or the value returned is ‘false’, then the Receiver MUST NOT automatically notify recipients
 592 when IPPFAX Jobs complete. Then the Sender knows that that it has the responsibility for notifying
 593 the Receiving User in some manner, such as:

- 594 1. by sending an email message to the Receiving User (before or after the IPPFAX job completes,
 595 depending on the wishes of the Sending User)
- 596 2. if the Receiver supports an appropriate “push” Event Notification delivery method, such as
 597 ‘mailto’ [ipp-mailto-method] or ‘indp’ [ipp-indp-method], use IPP Event Notification as part of
 598 the Job Creation operation (see section 7.6) supplying the “notify-recipient-uri” (uri) attribute
 599 with the value of the Receiving User.

600 6 Identity exchange

601 This section defines the attributes used by the Sender and the Recipient to identify the other. Table 5
 602 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and Receiver conformance requirements for Validate-Job and
 603 Job Creation operations.

604 **Table 5 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY	MUST
ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD	MUST
ippfax-sender-uri (uri)	MUST	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST query	MUST

605

606 6.1 ippfax-sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

607 This attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format. The
 608 Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation; a Receiver MUST
 609 support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0
 610 specification. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY
 611 ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept the Job Creation request
 612 and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes’ status code (see [RFC2911] section
 613 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes
 614 Group.

615 For a sample vCard see section 16. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
 616 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

617 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the
 618 job. As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the “job-

619 sheets” Job Template attribute. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if
620 the Receiver’s “job-sheets-supported” Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value
621 other than ‘none’. The Sender can suppress the Receiver’s separate start sheet if the Receiver’s “job-
622 sheets-supported” Printer attribute contains the ‘none’ value. If the Sender omits the “job-sheets” Job
623 Template attribute, the Receiver’s “job-sheets-default” value will be used.

624 **6.2 ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

625 This attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426, RFC2425]. The
626 Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job operation; a
627 Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX
628 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which
629 case it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
630 attributes’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its
631 ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

632 For a sample vCard see section 16. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
633 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

634 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the
635 job. See discussion under section 6.1.

636 **6.3 ippfax-sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

637 This attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in a
638 GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely
639 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST
640 ensure that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid
641 URI before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

642 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
643 operation; a Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute.

644 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute
645 of the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging
646 purposes and has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 9). This attribute is more
647 akin to an email ‘Reply-To’ field.

648 **6.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section** 649 **4.4.1)**

650 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device,
651 so that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. The Sender MUST query this attribute

652 using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as specified in section 7.1.1 while supplying a target “printer-
653 uri” operation attribute with the ‘ippfax’ scheme.

654 7 Data Exchange - IPPFAX Job Submission

655 This section describes how a Sender MUST submit an IPPFAX Job to a Receiver.

656 7.1 Sender Validation of the target Printer’s capabilities

657 A Sender MUST validate the Printer’s capabilities in order ensure that the Receiver is capable of
658 rendering the document as intended by the Sender before submitting an IPPFAX job, either by:

659 ~~a) querying the Printer Description attributes in Table 6 using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation~~
660 ~~(see section 4) while supplying the “printer-uri” target operation attribute with an ‘ippfax’ URI~~
661 ~~scheme (see section 3.1) OR~~

662 ~~b)a)~~ use a Validate-Job operation (see section 7.1.2) to validate the attributes indicated in
663 Table 6 with an asterisk (*). The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the IPPFAX Validate-Job
664 operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 Printer MAY
665 accept both IPPFAX operations, since [RFC2911] does not require an IPP Printer to validate
666 that the “printer-uri” operation scheme is ‘ipp’ or that the URL is one of its “printer-uri-
667 supported” values. Also it might be risky for the Sender to depend on the IPP Printer to return
668 the unknown IPPFAX operations attributes in the Unsupported Attributes Group (though
669 [RFC2911] REQUIRES an IPP Printer to do so). Therefore, the Sender MUST still validate the
670 attributes without an asterisk in Table 6 using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation.

671 7.1.1 Validating the Printer’s IPPFAX capabilities using the Get-Printer-Attributes 672 operation

673 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned,
674 then the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept
675 IPPFAX Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to fallback
676 to the IPP protocol and semantics (see section 1.1).

677 The order of presentation in Table 6 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though
678 the Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Printer
679 can return them in any order).

Table 6 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender MUST validate

Attribute	Section	Description and purpose
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	3.1	whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme locates a valid Receiver destination
Printer Description attributes:		
printer-uri-supported	5.1, 3.1	Use the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a “printer-uri” target URL containing the ‘ippfax’ scheme to locates a valid Receiver destination. From the response check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX protocol on the target URL by comparing the target URL with one of the “printer-uri-supported” values, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver
uri-authentication-supported		Check that the corresponding value is ‘digest’ or ‘certificate’
uri-security-supported		Check that the corresponding value is ‘ssl3’ or ‘tls’.
ippfax-versions-supported *	5.2, 3.4	Check what version(s) of IPPFAX the Receiver supports
printer-is-accepting-jobs *	5.3	Check whether the Receiver is currently configured to accept IPPFAX Jobs
operations-supported	5.4	RECOMMEND If the Sender is going to use any Job Creation operations besides Print-Job, such as Print-URI, Create-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI, the Sender MUST validate that the Receiver supports such operations
document-format-supported *	5.5	Check which document formats the Receiver supports
ippfax-uif-profiles-supported *	5.6	Check which UIF Profiles of the ‘image/tiff’ and ‘image/tiffx’ document formats the Receiver supports
ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities *	5.7	Check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each UIF Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a UIF Profile
ippfax-auto-notify	5.8	RECOMMEND Check whether or not the Receiver automatically notifies the intended Receiving User when the IPPFAX Job completes.
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported *	7.3.1.1	Check which media is supported
media-ready	7.3.1.1	RECOMMEND Check which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use)
printer-resolutions-supported *	7.3.2.1	Check which resolutions are supported
xxx-supported *	7.3	Check any other Job Template attributes that the Sender is going to use

681 * indicate that the Sender can use a Validate-Job operation (see section 7.1.2) instead of (or in addition
682 to) using the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in order to validate that the Printer will process the job as
683 intended by the Sender using IPPFAX semantics.

684 **7.1.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation**

685 The Sender MUST either (1) validate the job attributes using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn't
686 include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job with the same attributes using an IPPFAX
687 Job Creation operation that includes the Document data or query the Printer Description attributes
688 indicated in section 7.1. For meaningful and complete job validation, the Sender MUST supply all the
689 same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it will supply in the
690 subsequent Job Creation request (see section 7.2).

691 The Sender MUST supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" operation attribute with a 'true' value (see
692 [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then
693 the Receiver will reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported,
694 thereby ensuring that the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the
695 lack of support of one or more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to
696 proceed without these attributes. If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as 'server-
697 error-not-accepting-jobs ([RFC] section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that
698 person has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to fallback to the IPP protocol and
699 semantics (see section 1.1).

700 **~~7.2 Fallback to the IPP Protocol~~**

701 ~~If a Printer object fails any of the validation by the Sender in section 7.1 or 7.1.2 besides Job Template~~
702 ~~attributes not supported, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the~~
703 ~~Printer is not currently configured to accept IPPFAX requests, so that the Sender has the opportunity to~~
704 ~~choose to abandon the exchange or to fallback to use the IPP protocol and semantics. The main~~
705 ~~IPPFAX features that will be missing in the IPP protocol are:~~

706 ~~-Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the~~
707 ~~Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer~~
708 ~~support.~~

709 ~~-Identity exchange (section 6): IPP does not provide the definitive identity exchange that~~
710 ~~IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.~~

711 **~~7.3~~7.2 Transmission using the Print-Job or other Job Creation operation**

712 The Sender MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY support
713 creating IPPFAX Jobs using other Job Creation operations (Print-URI, Create-Job) and Document
714 Creation operations (Send-Document, Send-URI) as well. The Receiver MUST support creating

715 IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY support creating IPPFAX Jobs with other Job
 716 Creation and Document Creation operations as well.

717 [7.3-17.2.1](#) **IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

718 Table 7 indicates which IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] operation attributes a Sender MUST or MAY supply in a
 719 Validate-Job and a Job Creation request and a Receiver MUST or MAY support. Differences in
 720 conformance from IPP/1.1 are indicated with footnotes.

721 **Table 7 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

Operation attribute	IPP/1.1 Printer support s	Section	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)			MUST	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)			MUST	MUST
printer-uri (uri)		3.1	MUST	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX))			SHOULD	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))			MAY	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean)			MUST with 'true' value ¹	MUST
document-name (name(MAX))			MAY	MUST
compression (type3 keyword)			MAY	MUST
document-format (mimeMediaType) *		7.2.1.1	MUST ²	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage)			MAY	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))			MAY	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))			MAY	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))			MAY	MAY
ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)		7.2.1.2	MUST	MUST
ippfax-sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))		6.1	SHOULD MAY	MUST
ippfax-receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))		6.2	SHOULD	MUST
ippfax-sender-uri (name(MAX))		6.3	MUST	MUST

722 * As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for
 723 an IPPFAX Job Creation and Validate-Job operations.

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” and allows the client to supply either the ‘true’ or ‘false’ value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the “document-format” operation attribute.

724

725 **7.3.1.17.2.1.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911]**
726 **section 3.2.1.1)**

727 This attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender
728 MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations; a Receiver
729 MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP
730 Client to supply this operation attribute.

731 ~~ISSUE 01: OK to REQUIRE the Sender to supply the “document-format” of the document being sent~~
732 ~~(unlike IPP/1.1)? What if the Sender didn’t create the document and the Receiver supports multiple~~
733 ~~formats, such as image/tiffx and application/pdf or the Print System doesn’t know even when its own~~
734 ~~Printer Driver creates the document, such as Windows? For Microsoft UPnP PrintBasic, we had to~~
735 ~~define a special default value, so that the Microsoft Print System could supply a value (UPnP~~
736 ~~REQUIRES that “document-format” be supplied). Or should we change this back to SHOULD as in~~
737 ~~IPP/1.1 and as we did for “ippfax-uif-profiles” (see next section)? Or should we still REQUIRE it, but~~
738 ~~allow the Sender to submit ‘application/octet-stream’? (Currently, we do not allow ‘application/octet-~~
739 ~~stream’).~~

740 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
741 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name
742 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 12.1).

743 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s
744 “document-format-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation
745 and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance).

746 ~~If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the~~
747 ~~document data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the~~
748 ~~discovered document format, MUST the Receiver abort the job.~~

749 Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 5.5.

750 **7.3.1.27.2.1.2 ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) operation attribute**

751 This attribute identifies the UIF Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender
752 SHOULD supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to
753 the Receiver as to what the UIF Profiles are when the document format is ‘image/tiff’ or ‘image/tiffx’;
754 a Receiver MUST validate and support this operation attribute.

755 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as
756 soon as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is
757 RECOMMENDED that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning
758 the Job Creation response. .

759 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver's
760 "ippfax-uid-profiles-supported" Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation
761 and return the 'client-error-document-format-not-supported' status code (IPP conformance).

762 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the
763 document data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the
764 discovered profile, MUST the Receiver abort the job.

765 Standard keyword values are defined in section 5.6.

766 **7.47.3 Job Template Attributes**

767 Table 8 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents and shows their behavior
768 for IPPFAX Jobs, i.e., Jobs created using an IPPFAX URL. As in [RFC2911], the term "Job Template
769 attribute" is actually up to four attributes: the "xxx" Job attributes, and the "xxx-default", "xxx-
770 supported", and possibly the "xxx-ready" Printer attributes.

771 The "Sender supplies" column contains the following values:

772 MUST - the Sender MUST supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation request.

773 MUST NOT - the Sender MUST NOT supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation
774 request.

775 MAY - the Sender MAY supply this Job Template attribute in a Job Creation request.

776 The "Receiver supports" column contains the following values:

777 MUST - The Receiver MUST support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, i.e.,
778 MUST support the "xxx", "xxx-default", "xxx-supported".

779 MUST NOT - The Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX
780 Job (and the IPPFAX Sender MUST NOT supply). If these attributes are supplied in an
781 IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation. When querying the
782 Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation on an 'ippfax' URL, the
783 corresponding "xxx-default" and "xxx-supported" MUST NOT be returned. Note:
784 These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a
785 significantly non-FAX feature, such as "number-up" or "copies", respectively.

786 MAY - if these Job Template attributes are supported by the Receiver and are supplied in an
787 IPPFAX Job, the Job Creation operation MUST be performed as for IPP jobs using the
788 IPP semantics specified in [RFC2911].

789 The "Attribute coloring by document-format" column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements
790 for attribute coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the "document-
791 format" supplied by the client. Values: n/a, MUST, MAY.

792 The “Depends on URL Context” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for returning
 793 values in the Get Printer Attributes response that depends on the URL Context supplied by the
 794 client. Values: n/a, MUST, MAY.

795

Table 8 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes

Job Template attribute	Sender supply	Receiver support	Attribute coloring by document-format <u>and</u> UIF profile	Depends on URL Context	Reference
copies	MUST NOTMAY	MUST NOTMAY	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
cover-back	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
finishings-col	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media	MUST (see section 7.3.1)	MUST (see section 7.3.1)	MUSTMAY	MUST	[RFC2911]
media-col	MAY	MAY	MUSTMAY	MUST	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
output-bin	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
page-ranges	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]

pages-per-subset	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-coll]
presentation-direction-number-up	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution	MAY (see section 7.3.2)	MUST (see section 7.3.2)	MUST	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-job-prog]
sides	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

796 **ISSUE 02:** The Sender supply and the Receiver support columns have a lot of “MUST NOT”. Instead
797 of not allowing these attributes at all, how about a MAY but restricted to the obvious default values,
798 i.e., “copies”=1, “number-up”=1, “job-priority”=50, “insert-sheet”=’none’, x-image-shift=0, etc.
799 Otherwise, there is some interworking problems with a client that supplies these attributes with their
800 obvious default values.

801 **7.4.17.3.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911]**
802 **section 4.2.11)**

803 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets
804 of the job. The Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job
805 Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the “media-default”, “media-ready”,
806 and “media-supported” Printer attributes.

807 The UIF Profiles standard [ifx-uf] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to
808 determine the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media
809 Size Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

810 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

811 ‘na_letter_8.5x11in’
812 ‘iso_a4_210x297mm’

813 **7.4.17.3.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes**

814 The Sender MUST query the values of the “media-supported” and “media-ready” attributes
815 ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the

816 Job Creation operation. The “media-ready” attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and
817 will not require human intervention in order to be used.

818 Standard keyword values are defined in section 7.3.1.

819 **7.4.2.7.3.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section**
820 **4.2.12)**

821 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
822 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the “printer-resolution” Job
823 Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it,
824 along with the “printer-resolution-default”, and “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attributes.

825 If the Sender supplies the “printer-resolution” (resolution) Job Template attribute, the value MUST
826 agree with the resolution of each of the pages of the UIF Profiles document. If the supplied value
827 disagrees with the resolution of any of the pages of the UIF Profiles document, the Receiver MUST
828 obey the resolution in the UIF document, on a page by page basis.

829 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the “printer-resolution” Job Template
830 attribute is so that the Sender can query the corresponding “printer-resolution-supported” (1setOf
831 resolution) Printer attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED
832 for the UIF Profiles supported. See section 7.3.2.1.

833 **7.4.2.17.3.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute**

834 If the Sender is using a resolution for a UIF Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for
835 the UIF Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the “printer-resolution-supported” Printer
836 attribute. The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring by UIF profile for the ‘image/tiff’ and
837 ‘image/tiffx’ document-formats. Thus this attribute allows the Sender to determine the additional
838 resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions required for support of each of the UIF Profiles
839 without having to interpret the CONNEG expression values of the “ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities”
840 Printer Description attribute (see section 5.7).

841 **7.5.7.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

842 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
843 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job, Send-Document, or Send-URI response; the
844 Sender MUST then inform the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the
845 document has successfully been received. See section 7.5 for informing the Sending User when the
846 document has been successfully printed.

847 [7.67.5](#) notification-recipient-uri operation attribute and the Get-Notifications operation

848 This attribute [ipp-ntfy] indicates the delivery method and the notification recipient. A Sender MUST
849 supply this attribute with the 'ippget' Delivery Method [ipp-get-method] to determine when the
850 Document has been Delivered in order to give a positive acknowledgement to the Sending User; a
851 Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy] indicated in this
852 document and the 'ippget' notification delivery method [ipp-get-method]. The Receiver MUST support
853 the 'job-progress' event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of the REQUIRED events in
854 [ipp-ntfy] ('none', 'printer-state-change', 'printer-stopped', 'job-state-change', 'job-created', and 'job-
855 completed'). The Receiver MUST support the Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-
856 method]. If the Sender subscribes to the 'job-progress' event, the Receiver MUST generate an event
857 for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer's "notify-time-interval" attribute, which the Sender can
858 obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

859 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports,
860 but NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-
861 Printer-Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription,
862 or Cancel-Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.

863 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
864 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

865 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the 'job-completed' event notifications means that the Receiver has
866 delivered the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or
867 forwarded the job and document to some other system.

868 [7.77.6](#) Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements

869 Table 9 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-
870 Job requests. If the Receiver supports additional Job Creation and Document Creation operations, then
871 these operation attributes have the same conformance on those operations.

872

Table 9 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	Sender Conformance in Job Creation operations	Receiver Conformance	Section
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MUST	7.5
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	7.5
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	7.5
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	7.5
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	7.5
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	7.5
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	7.5
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	7.5

873

* The Sender MUST supply at least this attribute in order to use Notification.

874

875

7.87.7 Notification Event Conformance Requirements

876

Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

877

Table 10 - Notification Events conformance requirements

Event	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	<u>Sender Use</u>	<u>Receiver Conformance per-Job</u>	Receiver Conformance <u>Per-Printer</u>	Section
none	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	7.5
job-state-changed	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	MUST	7.5
job-created	MAY	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MAY</u>	MUST	7.5
job-completed	MUST	<u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u>	MUST	7.5
job-progress	MAY		<u>MAY</u>	MUST <u>MAY</u> *	7.5
printer-state-changed	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	MUST	7.5
printer-stopped	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	<u>MUST NOT</u>	MUST	7.5

878

* The 'job-progress' event is ~~OPTIONAL~~ in [ipp-ntfy], but is ~~REQUIRED~~ for IPPFAX so that the Sender can give page by page feedback.

879

880

881 **7.97.8 Sender URI Stamping**

882 The Sender **MUST** place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "ippfax-sender-uri" attribute (see
883 section 6.3), along with the date and time, in one of the following places, **DEPENDING ON**
884 **IMPLEMENTATION**:

- 885 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the
886 document.
- 887 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 888 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

889 The Sender **MAY** include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it
890 is **RECOMMENDED** that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for
891 it to be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

892 **8 IPP Implementation of other operations**

893 Section 4 defined the Get-Printer-Attributes operation and section 7 defined the Validate-Job and Job
894 Creation operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the semantics for other operations for IPPFAX.

895 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a
896 safe option – see section 9.

897 The Receiver **MUST** fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations, as
898 defined by this document and the Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. The
899 following subsections define restrictions placed on the Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, and Get-Jobs
900 operations. In a strict IPPFAX implementation, all other operations **MUST NOT** be accepted unless
901 the issuer of the operation can be identified as an administrator. There is no requirement for the
902 Receiver to implement any of the **OPTIONAL** features of IPP unless explicitly stated elsewhere in this
903 standard. If a Receiver implementation allows other operations, for example, operations such as Print-
904 URI, Create-Job, Create-Printer-Subscriptions, etc., then it **MUST** provide a method of restricting
905 available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

906 **8.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

907 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP Printer ('ipp' URL),
908 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-
909 privileged User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized
910 operator or administrator.

911 Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP Printer
912 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which **MUST** be on the same URL as the job was
913 created (the target "printer-uri" **MUST** match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3)

914 an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some
915 other non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported as all - from an authenticated and
916 authorized operator or administrator.

917

Table 11 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator	Reference
Print-Job	MUST	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	7.2
Print-URI	MAY	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	MUST	SHOULD <u>MUST</u> T	MUST	MUST NOT	7.1.2
Create-Job	MAY	MAY	MAY <u>MUST</u>	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	MUST	MAY	MAY*	<u>MUST</u> MAY	8.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	MUST	MUST	MUST	<u>MUST</u> MAY	4, 5
Pause-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Create-Printer-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	<u>MUST</u> MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	MAY	[ipp-indp-method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Disable-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY <u>MUST</u> NOT	[ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]

918

Legend:

919

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 8.3.

920

921

922

Table 12 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver from Job Owner	IPPFAX Receiver from Other User	IPPFAX Receiver from Operator	Reference
Send-Document	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	MAY	MAY MUST NOT	MAY MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	MUST	SHOULD MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY MUST NOT	8.2
Get-Job-Attributes	MUST	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	8.3
Set-Job-Attributes	MUST	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOT	n/a	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	MAY	MUST NOTMAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	MAY	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MUST MAY	7.5
Reprocess-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ops-set2]
Resume-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Promote-Job	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ops-set2]

923

Legend:

924
925

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 8.3.

926
927

MAY** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make additional copies.

928

Owner refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

929

8.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)

930
931

It is inappropriate for a Sender to transmit a Document as an IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

932
933

The Sender ~~SHOULD~~**MUST NOT** attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

934 The Receiver MUST either (1) reject Cancel-Job operations not issued by an administrator targeted at
935 IPPFAX Jobs or (2) reject Cancel-Job operations targeted at IPPFAX Jobs altogether, depending on
936 implementation and/or policy. (The Receiver can distinguish IPPFAX Jobs from IPP Jobs by the
937 presence of the mandatory 'ippfax' scheme in the target "printer-uri" operation attribute that created the
938 job and that the Receiver MUST copy to the job's "job-printer-uri" REQUIRED IPP/1.1 Job
939 Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.3.3). The Cancel-Job operation therefore becomes a
940 privileged operation on all IPPFAX Jobs or not supported. This behavior is a change to the IPP
941 behavior. Which implementation choice MUST be reflected in the value of the "operations-supported"
942 Printer attribute (see section 5.4).

943 If the issuer of the operation can be identified as an administrator, then the operation MUST behave as
944 defined in [RFC2911].

945 **8.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911 sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6])**

946 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a
947 Receiver for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

948 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a
949 Get-Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, an
950 implementation MAY return only the following Job attributes:

951 job-id, job-uri
952 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
953 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
954 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
955 job-state, job-state-reasons
956 number-of-intervening-jobs

957
958 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
959 depends on implementation and security policy and is outside the scope of this standard (as in IPP/1.1).

960 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
961 destination or warn the Sending User).

962 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it
963 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

964 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

965 **8.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-admin-ops]**

966 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-admin-ops] allow a remote operator to change
967 the value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see

968 section 5.3) to ‘true’ or ‘false’, respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to
969 support.

970 When the client supplies the ‘ipp’ scheme in the “printer-uri” target operation attribute of these
971 operations, the Printer MUST affect only IPP Job Creation requests. Similarly, when the client supplies
972 the ‘ippfax’ scheme in the “printer-uri” target of these operations, the Printer MUST affect only
973 IPPFAX Job Creation requests. Thus if the implementation supports both IPP and IPPFAX with a
974 single Printer object (implementation choice 2 in section 2.3), this attribute and these operations MUST
975 be colored by the scheme in the “printer-uri” target operation attribute so that which implementation
976 choice will be transparent to clients for this attribute and these operations. Therefore, for either Printer
977 implementation choice, a client will have to issue two of these operations in order to affect both IPP and
978 IPPFAX jobs, one with the ‘ipp’ scheme and the other with the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme in the “printer-
979 uri” target operation attribute or will have to use the “printer-alternate-uri” (uri) operation attribute (see
980 section 1.1) in one of the operations with the other URL context.

981 **9 Security considerations**

982 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged
983 uses of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
984 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
985 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling
986 IPPFAX Jobs.

987 **9.1 Privacy**

988 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver MUST be carried using the privacy mechanism
989 specified in IPP/1.1 namely TLS [rfc2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication
990 of the Sender and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

991 The Receiver MAY have a TLS certificate.

992 The Sender MAY have a certificate. A Receiver MAY decide to reject requests that come from
993 Senders that do not have a certificate and return the ‘client-error-not-authenticated’ status code.

994 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

995 Senders and Receivers SHOULD do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public
996 keys of a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it
997 doesn’t recognize, the Sender MUST query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the
998 Receiver before sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

999 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is
1000 done over the network, it MUST be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE)
1001 [RFC2409].

1002 **9.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

1003 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated
 1004 with each URI listed in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 5.1).

1005 **Table 13 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use MUST NOT ISSUE 03: What do we mean by “public mode” in section 9.5? If we mean TLS without client authentication, then Table 13 needs to allow ‘none’, doesn’t it?
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use

1006 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1007 Table 14 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP clients, IPP Printers, IPPFAX
 1008 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1009 **Table 14 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP Client	IPP Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	MUST support MUST use	SHOULD support SHOULD use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	MUST support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

1010

1011 **9.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

1012 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security mechanisms used for each URI listed
 1013 in the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (see section 5.1).

1014 **Table 15 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>	MUST NOT <u>MAY</u>
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure	MAY support and use for compatibility with deployed infrastructure
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting	MUST support and MAY use

1015

1016 Table 16 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP clients, IPP Printers, IPPFAX Senders,
 1017 and IPPFAX Receivers.

1018 **Table 16 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP Client	IPP Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	MUST support SHOULD use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
Client Authentication*	MAY support NEED NOT use	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support NEED NOT use
Data Integrity	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support SHOULD use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
Data Privacy	MAY support NEED NOT use	SHOULD support NEED NOT use	MUST support NEED NOT** use.	MUST support NEED NOT use

1019 * The 'certificate' keyword value for the "uri-authentication-supported" attribute [RFC2911].

1020 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1021 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher
 1022 suite as mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher
 1023 suites MUST NOT be supported or used.

1024 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
1025 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher
1026 suite or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1027 9.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS

1028 The Sender MUST use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client MUST
1029 start the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of
1030 [RFC2818] further explains:

1031 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
1032 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the
1033 TLS handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first
1034 HTTP request. All HTTP data MUST be sent as TLS "application data". Normal HTTP
1035 behavior, including retained connections should be followed.

1036 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The
1037 following client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client's point of view:

1038 IPP/1.1 sequence:

- 1039 1. Start TCP connection
- 1040 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
- 1041 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
- 1042 4. TLS handshake
- 1043 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
- 1044 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

1045
1046 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1047 1. Start TCP connection
- 1048 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 1049 3. rest of TLS handshake
- 1050 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
1051 followed by Validate-Job and/or Print-Job operations).

1052 **ISSUE 04: OK that we deleted the "ippfax-sending-user-certificate-uri (uri) operation/Job Description**
1053 **attribute? The client MUST pass the certificate, whether by value or by reference in the TLS record**
1054 **layer.**

1055 9.5 Access control

1056 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a **public mode**. However a Receiver
1057 MAY protect itself using any method specified in [RFC2911] (digest authentication [RFC2069] for
1058 example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1059 ISSUE 03 (repeat): What do we mean by “public mode”. If we mean TLS without client
1060 authentication, then Table 13 needs to allow ‘none’, doesn’t it?

1061 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does
1062 not really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication they are achieving the same
1063 thing.

1064 9.6 Reduced feature set

1065 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a device so that it only works as a
1066 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
1067 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1068 A Receiver that is operating in this mode SHOULD do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and
1069 return a ‘server-error-operation-not-supported’ error status code. For job operations attempted on
1070 IPPFAX Jobs, the Receiver SHOULD return the ‘client-error-not-authorized’ error status code, unless
1071 the Sender is authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

1072 10 Gateways to other systems

1073 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document
1074 transmission systems.

1075 10.1 Off-Ramps

1076 In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to
1077 transmit a Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other
1078 destination, i.e. GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a
1079 future IPPFAX extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1080 10.2 On-Ramps

1081 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism
1082 to some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the
1083 IPPFAX protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or
1084 an Off-Ramp. IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1085 11 Attribute Syntaxes

1086 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1087 **12 Status codes**

1088 In addition to the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following additional
1089 semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1090 **12.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]**

1091 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
1092 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other
1093 attributes that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-
1094 bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the
1095 missing attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1096 **13 Conformance Requirements**

1097 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for IPPFAX Senders and IPPFAX Receivers
1098 that are defined elsewhere in this document.

- 1099 1. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation
1100 attribute with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1'
1101 value, and (3) the "ippfax-version-number" with the IPPFAX '1.0' value in all operations to get
1102 the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 3.
- 1103 2. If the Receiver supports multiple contexts (IPP and/or IPPFAX) and supports suitably-
1104 authenticated administrative operations for controlling them, then the Printer object MUST
1105 support the "printer-alternate-uri" attribute in such administrative operations as described in
1106 section 1.1.
- 1107 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 4.
- 1108 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 5.
- 1109 5. The Sender MUST validate that that target Printer's is IPPFAX capable using the Get-Printer-
1110 Attributes and Validate-Job operations as specified in section 7.1.
- 1111 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description
1112 attributes for Identify Exchange as described in section 6.
- 1113 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined
1114 in section 7.
- 1115 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity on every page as required in section 7.8.
- 1116 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 8.

1117 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the
1118 'ippget' Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections
1119 7.5, 7.6, and 7.7

1120 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 9,
1121 including TLS.

1122 **14 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

1123 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms
1124 to the requirements in [RFC2717].

1125 **14.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

1126 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the
1127 location of an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

1128 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical
1129 URL syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT
1130 allowed in an IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host
1131 address part; however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII]
1132 MUST be hex escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

1133 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1134 **14.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

1135 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
1136 known system port xxx [TBA by IANA] for the IPPFAX protocol.

1137 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1138 **14.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

1139 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp'
1140 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
1141 Receivers which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.

1142 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1143 14.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding

1144 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
1145 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
1146 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is
1147 case-insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs_path' part
1148 is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the
1149 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

1150 14.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF

1151 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section
1152 4.1.5 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see
1153 section 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

1154 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes,
1155 because some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

1156 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme
1157 name followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform
1158 Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the
1159 definitions of "port", "host", "abs_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and
1160 [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs).

1161 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
1162   ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "/" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]  
1163
```

1164 If the port is empty or not given, IANA-assigned well-known system port xxx [TBA by IANA] is
1165 assumed. The semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at
1166 the IPPFAX Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the
1167 Request-URI for the identified resource is 'abs_path'.

1168 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1169 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
1170 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
1171 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
1172 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1173 14.6 IPPFAX URL Examples

1174 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
1175 names):

1176 ippfax://abc.com
 1177 ippfax://abc.com/listener
 1178

1179 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1180 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

1181 192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
 1182 186.7.8.9 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
 1183

1184 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1185 ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
 1186 ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom
 1187

1188 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

1189 ::192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1190 ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1191 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373
 1192

1193 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1194 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener
 1195 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener
 1196 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom
 1197

1198 14.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

1199 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same
 1200 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 1201 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the well-known
 1202 registered port (> 1024) xxx [TBA by IANA] for that IPPFAX URL;

1203 15 IANA Considerations

1204 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 14 according to the procedures of
 1205 [RFC2717] and assign a registered (>1024) system port.

1206 Operation Attributes:

1207 IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 1.1

1208 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 1.1

1209 ippfax-uif-profile-requested (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 4.2

1210

1211 Printer Description Attributes:

1212 versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.2

1213 ippfax-uif-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)
 1214 IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.6
 1215 ippfax-uif-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))
 1216 IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.7
 1217 ippfax-auto-notify (boolean) IEEE-ISTO 5102.1 5.8

1218 **16 Appendix B: vCard Example**

1219 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```
1220 BEGIN:VCARD
1221 VERSION:3.0
1222 N:Moore;Paul
1223 FN:Paul Moore
1224 ORG:Peerless Systems Networking
1225 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1226 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1227 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@peerless.com
1228 REV:19991207T215341Z
1229 END:VCARD
1230
```

1231 **17 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver**

1232 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means
 1233 by which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that
 1234 Receivers (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an
 1235 administrator) as entries of type PRINTER in the directory using an implementation specific mechanism
 1236 such as entry attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse
 1237 for entries of type PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming,
 1238 organizational contexts, or filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find
 1239 all printers in the "Local Department" context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a
 1240 directory service so that an administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to
 1241 find entries to which they have certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific
 1242 directory service protocol or provider.

1243 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of "aliasing". That is, one directory entry
 1244 object can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case,
 1245 each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.

1246 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes
 1247 (Table 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
 1248 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
 1249 same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance
 1250 labeling in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to IPPFAX Printer
 1251 implementations that subscribe by adding one or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED
 1252 attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be

1253 associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In addition, all directory entry attributes
1254 SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding IPPFAX Printer object.

1255 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
1256 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

1257 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
1258 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object's "printer-uri-supported" attribute.
1259 The directory client queries the "printer-uri-supported" attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry
1260 and then the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The "uri-
1261 security-supported" attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object
1262 supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent
1263 these two services.

1264 Table 17 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
1265 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be
1266 IPPFAX. If a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory
1267 entries in order to represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete
1268 type IPPFAX, respectively.

1269 **Table 17 - Generic Schema Directory Entries**

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema, plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 5.2
ippfax-uif-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 5.6

1270

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1385 **19 Authors' addresses**

Thomas N. Hastings Xerox Corporation 701 Aviation Blvd. El Segundo, CA 90245 Phone: +1 310-333-6413 FAX: +1 310-333-5514 email: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com	Ira McDonald High North Inc 221 Ridge Ave Grand Marais, MI 49839 Phone: +1 906-494-2434 Email: imcdonald@crt.xerox.com
Paul Moore Neteon Phone: +1 425-462-5852 Email: pmoore@peerless.com	Gail Songer Neteon Phone: +1 650-237-5324 Email: gsonger@netreon.com
John Pulera Minolta System Labs Irvine, CA Phone: +1 949 737-4520 x348 Email: jpulera@minolta-mil.com	

1386
 1387 Contact Information:

1388
 1389 IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>
 1390 IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

- 1391
 1392 To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:
 1393 1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org
 1394 2) leave the subject line blank
 1395 3) put the following two lines in the message body:
 1396 subscribe ipp
 1397 end

1398
 1399 Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to
 1400 participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for
 1401 additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-

1402 subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the
 1403 mailing list.

1404

1405 Other Participants:

Ron Bergman - Hitachi Koki	Dan Calle - Digital Paper
Jeff Christensen - Novell	Lee Farrell - Canon Info Systems
Satoshi Fujitani - Ricoh	Roelop Hamberg - Oce
Rich Heckelmann - Panasonic USA	Robert Herriot - Xerox
Koichi "Hurry" Izuhara - Minolta	Charles Kong - Panasonic
Mike Kuindersma - PrinterOn	Marty Joel - Netreon
Harry Lewis - IBM	Toru Maeda - Cannon
Carl-Uno Manros - Xerox	Frank Martin - Brother
Lloyd McIntyre - Xerox	Hugo Parra - Novell
Patrick Pidduck - PrinterOn	Stuart Rowley - Kyocera
Yuji Sasaki - JCI	Norbert Schade - Oak Technology
Richard Shockey - Newstar	Howard Sidorski - Netreon
Gail Songer - Netreon	Geoff Soord - Software 2000
John Thomas - Sharp Labs	Jerry Thrasher - Lexmark
Shinichi Tsuruyama - Epson	Aisushi Uchino - Epson
Shigeru Udea - Canon	Mark VanderWiele - IBM
Bill Wagner - NetSilicon/DPI	Don Wright - Lexmark
Michael Wu - Heidelberg Digital	Peter Zehler - Xerox

1406 **20 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Netreon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Netreon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Netreon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES

		McDonald	from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14, and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
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1407