1	INTERNET-DRAFT There are 4 issues highlighted like this.
2	<draft-ietf-ipp-not-get-delivery-00.txt></draft-ietf-ipp-not-get-delivery-00.txt>
3	Carl-Uno Manros
4	Tom Hastings
5	Xerox Corp.
6	December 7, 1999
7	Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: The 'ipp-get' Notification Delivery Method
8	Copyright (C) The Internet Society (1999). All Rights Reserved.
9	Status of this Memo
10 11 12	This document is an Internet-Draft and is in full conformance with all provisions of Section 10 of [rfc2026]. Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF), its areas, and its working groups. Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts.
13 14 15	Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress".
16	The list of current Internet-Drafts can be accessed at http://www.ietf.org/ietf/1id-abstracts.txt
17	The list of Internet-Draft Shadow Directories can be accessed as http://www.ietf.org/shadow.html.
18	Abstract
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	The IPP notification specification [ipp-ntfy] is an OPTIONAL extension to IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 that requires the definition of one or more delivery methods for dispatching event notification reports to Notification Recipients. This document describes the semantics and syntax of the 'ipp-get' event notification delivery method. For this delivery method, the client uses an explicit IPP Get-Notifications Printer operation in order to request (pull) event Notifications from the IPP Printer. The Get-Notifications request indicates whether the client wants to receive all future events Notifications for (1) any Subscription for which the client is the owner or (2) a particular Subscription object. In either case, the event Notifications are returned as MIME multi-part-related responses to the Get-Notifications request. The HTTP channel is kept open, so that subsequence event Notifications are returned using additional MIME multi-part-related responses.

Manros, Hastings [page 1]

Expires: April 19, 2000

INTERNET-DRAFT IPP/1.0 & 1.1: **The 'ipp-get' Notification Delivery Method** December 7, 1999

- 29 The full set of IPP documents includes:
- 30 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 32 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics [ipp-mod]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [ipp-pro]
- 34 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [ipp-iig]
- 35 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]
- Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 & 1.1: Event Notification Specification [ipp-ntfy]

37

- 38 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
- 39 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
- 40 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
- operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
- few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.
- 43 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
- describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
- 45 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
- 46 decisions.
- 47 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics" document describes a simplified model with
- 48 abstract objects, their attributes, and their operations that are independent of encoding and transport. It
- 49 introduces a Printer and a Job object. The Job object optionally supports multiple documents per Job. It
- also addresses security, internationalization, and directory issues.
- The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
- operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
- encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
- 54 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
- document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.
- 56 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
- 57 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of the
- 58 considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
- 59 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
- 60 the specification decisions is also included.
- The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
- between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.
- The "Event Notification Specification" document defines OPTIONAL operations that allow a client to
- subscribe to printing related events. Subscriptions include "Per-Job subscriptions" and "Per-Printer
- subscriptions". Subscriptions are modeled as Subscription objects. Four other operations are defined for
- subscription objects: get attributes, get subscriptions, renew a subscription, and cancel a subscription.

Manros, Hastings [page 2]

67

68		Table of Contents			
69	1	Introduction	4		
70	2	Terminology	4		
71	3	Model and Operation	4		
72 73 74	-	Get-Notifications operation 1 GET-NOTIFICATIONS REQUEST	.6		
75	5	Encoding	7		
76	6	IANA Considerations	7		
77	7	Internationalization Considerations	7		
78	8	Security Considerations	8		
79	9	References	8		
80	10	Author's Addresses	8		
81 82	11	Full Copyright Statement	9		

Expires: April 19, 2000

83

84

1 Introduction

- 85 IPP printers that support the OPTIONAL IPP notification extension [ipp-ntfy] either a) accept, store, and
- 86 use notification subscriptions to generate notification reports and implement one or more delivery methods
- for notifying interested parties, or b) support a subset of these tasks and farm out the remaining tasks to a
- Notification Delivery Service. The 'ipp-get' event notification delivery method specified in this document
- 89 defines a Get-Notifications operation that may be used in a variety of notification scenarios. Its primary
- 90 intended use is for clients that want to be Notification Recipients to explicitly request (pull) event
- Notifications from the IPP Printer upon request. However, the Get-Notifications operation may also be
- 92 used by Notification Delivery Services to request (pull) event Notifications from an IPP Printer for
- 93 subsequent distribution to the Ultimate Notification Recipients. The HTTP channel is kept open, so that
- subsequence event Notifications are returned using additional MIME multi-part-related responses.

95 **2 Terminology**

- This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this document:
- 97 REQUIRED: if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MUST support a REQUIRED feature.
- OPTIONAL: if an implementation supports the extensions described in this document, it MAY support
- an OPTIONAL feature.
- Notification Recipient See [ipp-ntfy]
- Subscription object See [ipp-ntfy]
- 103 Ultimate Notification Recipient See [ipp-ntfy]

104 3 Model and Operation

- In the IPP Notification Model [ipp-ntfy], one or more Per-Job Subscriptions can be supplied in the Job
- 106 Creation operation or OPTIONALLY as subsequent Create-Job-Subscription operations; one Per-Printer
- Subscription can be supplied in the Create-Printer operation. The client that creates these Subscription
- objects becomes the owner of the Subscription object.
- When creating each Subscription object, the client supplies the "notify-recipient" (uri) attribute. The
- "notify-recipient" attribute specifies both a single Notification Recipient that is to receive the Notifications
- when subsequent events occur and the method for notification delivery that the IPP Printer is to use. For
- the Notification delivery method defined in this document, the notification method is 'ipp-get', and the
- Notification Recipient is omitted, since any client that is authenticated (1) as an operator or administrator or
- 114 (2) as the owner of the Subscription object can initiate a Get-Notifications operation for that Subscription
- object. Thus a single user can login at different places, say his/her office, the lab, and/or several desktops in
- the same room, and receive the same event Notifications from a single Subscription object.
- For the 'ipp-get' notification delivery method defined in the document, the client who created the
- Subscription objects is also the Notification Recipient. The client issues a Get-Notifications Printer

Manros, Hastings [page 4]

- operation in order to initiate the delivery of the next event Notifications that occur. The client can indicate
- in the Get-Notifications request whether it wants to receive all future event Notifications for (1) any
- existing or future Subscription objects for which it is the owner or (2) a particular Subscription object (for
- which it MUST be the owner). In either case, the Notifications are returned as MIME multi-part-related
- responses to the Get-Notifications request. The HTTP channel is kept open for an indefinite period, so that
- the IPP Printer continues to return additional parts of the MIME multi-part-related responses for each event
- Notification as it occurs. Either the client or the IPP Printer can disconnect the HTTP connection.
- However, if the IPP Printer grants an HTTP connection it SHOULD disconnect only under unusual
- 127 circumstances.
- 128 ISSUE 01: Is there a limit to the number of outstanding Get-Notifications requests that an IPP Printer
- supports? What is this number? How does it relate to the maximum number of Subscriptions? Can the
- client determine the number?
- 131 ISSUE 02: Should an implementation be able to queue event Notifications, so that a client can get event
- Notifications that had occurred prior to the Get-Notifications? If so, how long does the IPP Printer keep the
- event Notifications before discarding them (for this delivery method only)? The lease time of the
- Subscription object? If this is possible, should the subscriber get to say whether to queue or not, or is it just
- baked into the implementation. If the former, does the subscriber indicate via a parameter in the
- notification method URL? If the latter, how does a client discover whether event Notifications are queued
- or not? Should we have two different notification methods, one the queues and one that doesn't?

4 Get-Notifications operation

- This REQUIRED operation allows the client to request that future event Notifications be delivered as
- 140 MIME multi-part-related responses to this request. The client MUST be the owner of the Subscription
- objects that are involved and the delivery method specified when the Subscription objects were created
- MUST be 'ipp-get'. However, the client can and SHOULD issue the Get-Notifications request before
- having created any Subscription objects, in order not to miss any event Notifications.
- The IPP Printer MUST accept the request in any state (see [ipp-mod] "printer-state" and "printer-state"
- reasons" attributes) and MUST remain in the same state with the same "printer-state-reasons".

Current	New	new "printer-	IPP Printer's response status code and
"printer-state"	"printer-state"	state-reasons"	action:
'idle'	'idle'	no change	'successful-ok'
'processing'	'processing'	no change	'successful-ok'
'stopped'	'stopped'	no change	'successful-ok'

- 146 ISSUE 03: What "printer-state-reasons" might cause an error return, if any? 'paused', 'shutdown',
- 147 'quiescent'?

138

- 148 Access Rights: The authenticated user (see [ipp-mod] section 8.3) performing this operation must either be
- the Subscription object owner (as determined when the Subscription object was created by the Job Creation
- operation, Create-Job-Subscription, or Create-Printer-Subscription operations) or an operator or
- administrator of the Printer object (see [ipp-mod] Sections 1 and 8.5). Otherwise, the IPP object MUST

Manros, Hastings [page 5]

- reject the operation and return: 'client-error-forbidden', 'client-error-not-authenticated', or 'client-error-not-
- authorized as appropriate.
- 154 4.1 Get-Notifications Request
- 155 The following groups of attributes are part of the Get-Notifications Request:
- 156 Group 1: Operation Attributes
- Natural Language and Character Set:
- The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in [ipp-mod]
- 159 section 3.1.4.1.
- 161 Target:

160

164

168

186

- The "printer-uri" (uri) operation attribute which is the target for this operation as described in [ipp-mod] section 3.1.5.
- 165 Requesting User Name:
- The "requesting-user-name" (name(MAX)) attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as described in [ipp-mod] section 8.3.
- "subscription-id" (integer(1:MAX)):
- The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute. The Printer object MUST support this attribute. It 170 is an integer value that identifies the Subscription object for which event Notifications are being 171 requested. If the client supplies this attribute, but the Subscription object is not found, the IPP 172 Printer MUST return the 'client-error-not-found' status code. If the client does not supply this 173 174 attribute, then the IPP Printer returns event Notifications for all Subscription objects for which the client is the owner and the "notify-recipients" attribute is 'ipp-get'. It is not an error if there are 175 currently no Subscription objects for this client; the client can create Subscription objects later that 176 will start returning event Notifications as responses to this operation. 177
- 178 4.2 Get-Notifications Response
- 179 The Printer object returns either an immediate error response or a successful response with status code:
- 180 'successful-ok' when the first event occurs, i.e., when the Printer delivers the first event Notification.
- 181 Group 1: Operation Attributes
- Status Message:
- In addition to the REQUIRED status code returned in every response, the response OPTIONALLY includes a "status-message" (text(255)) and/or a "detailed-status-message" (text(MAX)) operation attribute as described in [ipp-mod] sections 13 and 3.1.6.
- Natural Language and Character Set:
- The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described in [ipp-mod] section 3.1.4.2.

Manros, Hastings [page 6]

190 191	Group 2: Unsupported Attributes				
191	See [ipp-mod] section 3.1.7 for details on returning Unsupported Attributes.				
193	see [pp-mod] section 5.1.7 for details on returning onsupported Attributes.				
194	Group 3: Generic Object Attributes				
195 196 197 198 199 200	The Printer object responds with one event Notification (see [ipp-ntfy]). If there are multiple even that occur at the same time, the Printer object returns them in separate MIME multi-part-related responses, each as separate IPP operation responses, as well. The HTTP channel is kept open for a indefinite period, so that the IPP Printer continues to return additional parts of the MIME multi-part-related responses for each event Notification as it occurs. ISSUE 04 - Is this correct for MIME multi-part-related responses? This need prototyping.	an			
201	5 Encoding				
202	The operation-id assigned for the Get-Notification operation is:				
203	0x00??				
204	and should be added to the next version of [ipp-mod] section 4.4.15 "operations-supported".				
205 206	This notification delivery method uses the IPP transport and encoding [ipp-pro] for the Get-Notifications operation with one extension:				
207 208 209	Instead of defining a new object attribute tag, a Generic Object attributes tag is defined that is used for all new objects, such as Subscription objects, etc. Then this one new tag can also be used for the Get-Notifications response Group 3 tag in section 4.2:				
210	generic-object-tag = $%x$?? ; tag of ?				
211	6 IANA Considerations				
212	IANA will be asked to register this 'ipp-get' notification delivery scheme.				
213	7 Internationalization Considerations				

- With the 'ipp-get' method defined in this document, the client cannot request the Human Consumable form
- by supplying the "notify-text-format" operation attribute (see [ipp-ntfy]). Therefore, the IPP Printer does
- 216 not have to perform any localization with this notification delivery method. However, the client when it
- 217 receives the Get-Notifications response is expected to localize the attributes that have the 'keyword'
- 218 attribute syntax according to the charset and natural language requested in the Get-Notifications request.

Manros, Hastings [page 7]

8 Security Considerations

- The IPP Model and Semantics document [ipp-mod] discusses high level security requirements (Client
- 221 Authentication, Server Authentication and Operation Privacy). Client Authentication is the mechanism by
- 222 which the client proves its identity to the server in a secure manner. Server Authentication is the
- mechanism by which the server proves its identity to the client in a secure manner. Operation Privacy is
- defined as a mechanism for protecting operations from eavesdropping.
- 225 Unlike other event Notification delivery methods in which the IPP Printer initiates the event Notification,
- with the method defined in this document, the Notification Recipient is the client who issues the Get-
- Notifications operation. Therefore, there is no chance of "spam" notifications with this method.
- Furthermore, such a client can close down the HTTP channel at any time, and so can avoid future unwanted
- event Notifications at any time.

230 9 References

231 [ipp-mod]

219

- 232 R. deBry, T. Hastings, R. Herriot, S. Isaacson, P. Powell, "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Model and
- Semantics", <draft-ietf-ipp-model-v11-04.txt>, June, 1999.
- 234 [ipp-ntfy]
- Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R., "Internet Printing
- 236 Protocol/1.1: IPP Event Notification Specification", <draft-ietf-ipp-not-spec-01.txt>, October 14,
- 237 1999.
- 238 [ipp-pro]
- Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and
- Transport", draft-ietf-ipp-protocol-v11-03.txt, June, 1999.
- 241 [rfc2026]
- 242 S. Bradner, "The Internet Standards Process -- Revision 3", RFC 2026, October 1996.
- 243 [RFC2616]
- 244 R. Fielding, J. Gettys, J. Mogul, H. Frystyk, L. Masinter, P. Leach, T. Berners-Lee, "Hypertext
- Transfer Protocol HTTP/1.1", RFC 2616, June 1999.

246 **10 Author's Addresses**

- 247 Carl-Uno Manros
- 248 Xerox Corporation
- 249 737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231
- 250 El Segundo, CA 90245
- 251
- 252 Phone: 310-333-8273
- 253 Fax: 310-333-5514

Manros, Hastings [page 8]

INTERNET-DRAFT IPP/1.0 & 1.1: **The 'ipp-get' Notification Delivery Method** December 7, 1999

e-mail: cmanros@cp10.es.xerox.com

comparison

compari

261 Phone: 310-333-6413 262 Fax: 310-333-5514

e-mail: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com

263264

265

11 Full Copyright Statement

- 266 Copyright (C) The Internet Society (1999). All Rights Reserved.
- This document and translations of it may be copied and furnished to others, and derivative works that
- comment on or otherwise explain it or assist in its implementation may be prepared, copied, published and
- distributed, in whole or in part, without restriction of any kind, provided that the above copyright notice and
- this paragraph are included on all such copies and derivative works. However, this document itself may not
- be modified in any way, such as by removing the copyright notice or references to the Internet Society or
- other Internet organizations, except as needed for the purpose of developing Internet standards in which
- 273 case the procedures for copyrights defined in the Internet Standards process must be followed, or as
- required to translate it into languages other than English.
- 275 The limited permissions granted above are perpetual and will not be revoked by the Internet Society or its
- 276 successors or assigns.
- This document and the information contained herein is provided on an "AS IS" basis and THE INTERNET
- 278 SOCIETY AND THE INTERNET ENGINEERING TASK FORCE DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES,
- 279 EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY WARRANTY THAT THE USE
- 280 OF THE INFORMATION HEREIN WILL NOT INFRINGE ANY RIGHTS OR ANY IMPLIED
- 281 WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

Manros, Hastings [page 9]