

11 Event notifications for the IPP print protocol [and JMP]

12 Version 0.043

13 *There are several issues indicated in the document that we should cover at the upcoming*
14 *meeting, as well as review the proposal. See color highlighting.*

15 The appendix has the full specification for the 'collection' attribute syntax, as agreed on
16 our 5/6/98 telecon.

17 [Items in square brackets relate to the PWG JMP MIB trapping and will be removed
18 when this document is made into an IPP Internet-Draft.]

20 Abstract

21 In IPP/1.0, the user can determine what is happening to submitted jobs by using the Get--
22 Attributes and Get-Jobs operations to poll for results. This document describes an
23 OPTIONAL extension to the IPP/1.0 Model document for subscribing for event
24 notifications using IPP, but which are delivered over some other protocol, either by the
25 IPP Printer object or by any notification service that the IPP Printer object
26 implementation may employ. See [req] for the notification requirements.

27 Two methods are provided for subscription for notification events: (1) as part of the job
28 submission and (2) as a separate Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications operation. Both
29 methods allow the requester to specify (1) about which event(s) to be notified, (2) which
30 notification-recipient(s) are to receive the notification, (3) what content type is to be sent
31 in the notification, and (4) which notification transport method is to be used. Both
32 methods allow the requester to subscribe for job event groups, such as 'job-completion',
33 and/or printer events, such as 'printer-errors'.

34 The event notification subscription mechanism uses a new attribute syntax called a
35 'collection'. A 'collection' value is a set of attributes. See the Appendix of this document
36 for the complete specification of the 'collection' attribute syntax.

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114 **1 Introduction**

115 In IPP/1.0, the user can determine what is happening to submitted jobs by using the Get-
116 Attributes and Get-Jobs operations to poll for results. This document describes an
117 OPTIONAL extension to the IPP/1.0 Model document for subscribing for event
118 notifications using IPP, but which are delivered over some other protocol, either by the
119 IPP Printer object or by any notification service that the IPP Printer object
120 implementation may employ. See the IPP Notification Requirements document [req] for
121 further details. See also "General Event Notification Architecture Base [cohen] for
122 terminology and framework.

123 ~~IPP is considering~~This document contains the definition and use of event notifications
124 (see terminology section) for two main purposes. First, when used to achieve printing
125 over a wide area network, or the Internet, the end-user experience is similar to today's
126 FAX paradigm, so we want to provide notification that the job has completed
127 successfully (or not). This notification may traverse the Internet as an e-mail message or
128 end up on someone's pager. Second, and more widely, when used as a standard LAN
129 print submission protocol (i.e., LPR replacement), the end-user will have the desire and
130 opportunity for a much more dynamic interaction with the printer and the print job. Here,
131 notification should consist of a local area network messaging scheme that addresses
132 unsolicited events related to the printer, the job's position in the server or printer queue,
133 start of processing, printing progress and job completion, including forms of cancellation.
134 This paper proposes MANDATORY IPP attributes to be used for both purposes, and
135 OPTIONAL attributes and values that are appropriate only for one or the other.

136 [The notification events and content are also intended to apply to the PWG Job
137 Monitoring MIB (JMP). See sections 5.1.2.2 and 6.]

138 1.1 Summary of the proposal for IPP Event Notification

139 This paper proposes the following:

- 140 1. One OPTIONAL "job-notify" Operation attribute for use with the Print-Job, Print-
 141 URI, and Create-Job operation. The "job-notify" Operation attribute has an attribute
 142 syntax of '1setOf collection' (see Appendix) so that the client can request different
 143 events for different notification recipients for the same job. Each collection value
 144 SHALL contain the "job-notify-recipients" and MAY contain any of the following
 145 remaining member attributes with the indicated syntax and support by the IPP object
 146 if it supports the "job-notify" Operation attribute at all:

147 Member attribute name	syntax	in request	support
148 -----	----	-----	-----
149 "job-notify-event-groups"	1setOf type2 keyword	MAY	mandatory
150 "job-notify-recipients"	1setOf uri	SHALL	mandatory
151 "job-notify-content-type"	mimeMediaType	MAY	mandatory
152 "job-notify-charset"	charset	MAY	mandatory
153 "job-notify-natural-language"	naturalLanguage	MAY	optional
154 "job-notify-additional-attributes"	1setOf keyword	MAY	optional

- 156 2. One "job-notify" Job Description attribute which is populated with the collection
 157 value(s) supplied by the "job-notify" Operation attribute in a create operation.

158 **ISSUE 01: Would a better name be "job-notification-subscription" and the member**
 159 **attributes be named "notification-xxx"?**

- 160 3. Six "job-xxx-supported" Printer object attributes that correspond to these six member
 161 attributes. See the IPP Model for the semantics of xxx-supported Printer attributes.

- 162 4. Two new OPTIONAL RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notifications and Un-
 163 RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notifications operations on the Printer object. These
 164 operations are intended for operator/administrators and servers for long term
 165 registrationsubscription for Printer object events that are independent of job
 166 submission. The servers may be involved with (1) job submission to IPP Printer
 167 objects and/or (2) collecting accounting data using the event notification mechanism.
 168 ~~ISSUE: Ok to add these two new notification operations as discussed on the telecon?~~

169 An IPP Printer SHALL support both of these operations, if it supports either one. If
 170 an IPP Printer supports these operations, it SHALL also support the "job-notify"
 171 attribute in the create operations.

- 172 5. One new "printer-notify" Printer Description attribute which is populated with the
 173 collection value supplied by the "printer-notify" Operation attribute in the Subscribe-
 174 For-Event-Notifications operation. Both attribute use the same collection as the "job-
 175 notify" Operation attribute. The "printer-notify" Printer Description attribute also has
 176 an additional "subscription-id" member attribute which is an integer id for the
 177 subscription for use with the Un-Subscribe-For-Event-Notification operation.

178 **ISSUE 02: Would a better name be "printer-notification-subscription"?**

179 **2 Terminology**

180 It is necessary to define a set of terms in order to be able to clearly express the
181 requirements for notification services in an IPP System. These terms are from the
182 requirements document [req]. Cohen [cohen] has similar terminology, with some
183 differences. **ISSUE 03: Which terminology should we use?**

184 **ISSUE 04: Some of these terms are not used in the specification. Should we delete**
185 **them?**

186 **2.1 Job Submitting End User**

187 A human end user who submits a print job to an IPP Printer. This person may or may not
188 be within the same security domain as the Printer. This person may or may not be
189 geographically near the printer.

190 **2.2 Job Submitting Application**

191 An application (for example a batch application), acting on behalf of an end user, which
192 submits a print job to an IPP Printer. The application may or may not be within the same
193 security domain as the Printer. This application may or may not be geographically near
194 the printer.

195 **2.3 Security Domain**

196 For the purposes of this discussion, the set of network components which can
197 communicate without going through a proxy or firewall. A security domain may be
198 geographically very large, for example - anyplace within IBM.COM.

199 **2.4 IPP Client**

200 The software component on the client system which implements the IPP protocol which
201 can be either a Job Submitting End User or a Job Submitting Application. 65

202 **2.5 Job Recipient**

203 A human who is the ultimate consumer of the print job. In many cases this will be the
204 same person as the Job Submitting End User, but this need not always be the case. For
205 example, if I use IPP to print a document on a printer in a business partner's office, I am
206 the Job Submitting End User, while the person I intend the document for in my business
207 partner's office is the Job Recipient. Since one of the goals of IPP is to be able to print
208 near the ultimate recipient of the printed output, we would normally expect the Job
209 Recipient to be in the same security domain as, and geographically near the Printer.
210 However, this may not always be the case. For example, I submit a print job across the
211 Internet to a Kinko's print shop. I am both the Submitting end User and the Job
212 Recipient, but I am neither near nor in the same security domain as the Printer.

213 **2.6 Job Recipient Proxy**

214 A person acting on behalf of the Job Recipient. In particular, the Job Recipient Proxy
215 physically picks up the printed document from the Printer, if the Job Recipient cannot

216 perform that function. The Proxy is **by definition** geographically near and in the same
217 security domain as the printer. For example, I submit a print job from home to be printed
218 on a printer at work. I'd like my secretary to pick up the print job and put it on my desk.
219 In this case, I am acting as both Job Submitting End User and Job Recipient. My
220 secretary is acting as a Job Recipient Proxy. An issue that needs to be considered in the
221 notification architecture is the impact of a third party receiving many unwanted
222 notifications.

223 **2.7 Notification Recipient Agent**

224 A program which receives events on behalf of the notification recipient. The agent may
225 take some action on behalf of the recipient, forward the notification to the recipient via
226 some alternative means (for example, page the recipient), or queue the notification for
227 later retrieval by the recipient.

228 ~~1.72.8~~ **Notification Recipient**

229 Any of: Job Submitting End User, Job Submitting Application, Job Recipient, or Job
230 Recipient Proxy or Notification Recipient Agent.

231 **2.9 Notification Events**

232 There are Job events and Printer events.

233 A Job event is some change in the Job object, such as: (1) a change in the Job object's
234 "job-state" attribute, (2) the stacking of another sheet, reflected in the incrementing of the
235 job's "job-media-sheets-completed" attribute or (3) some of the changes in the value of
236 the job's "job-state-reasons" attribute. Not all changes in a job's "job-state" attribute are
237 separate events. For example, the event 'job-received' is the transition from the
238 'unknown' state to either the 'pending' or 'pending-held' state. Not all changes in a job's
239 other attributes are events.

240 A Printer event is some change in the Printer object, such as: (1) a change in the Printer
241 object's "printer-state" attribute or (2) a change in the Printer's "printer-state-reasons"
242 attribute. A Printer event corresponds one-to-one with the addition or removal of a row
243 in the Printer MIB alert table, for those implementations that also implement the Printer
244 MIB [prtmib]. Any of the following constitute events that a Job Submitting End User can
245 specify notifications be sent for. Notifications are sent to an end user only for that end
246 user's job, or for events that affect the processing of that end user's job:

- 247 • Any standard Printer MIB alert (i.e. device events that impact the end user's
248 job)
- 249 • Job Received (transition from Unknown to Pending or Pending-held)
- 250 • Job Started (Transition from Pending to Processing)
- 251 • Page Complete (Page is stacked)
- 252 • Collated Copy Complete (last sheet of collated copy is stacked)
- 253 • Job Complete (transition from Processing or Processing-stopped to Completed)

- 254 ~~• Job aborted (transition from Pending, Pending-held, Processing, or Processing-~~
- 255 ~~stopped to Aborted)~~
- 256 ~~• Job canceled (transition from Pending, Pending-held, Processing, or Processing-~~
- 257 ~~held to Canceled)~~
- 258 ~~• The job has not ended (Completed, Aborted, Canceled, etc.) within a specified~~
- 259 ~~time limit.~~

260 **2.10 Notification Subscription**

261 ~~It should be possible for Eend users mayto “Registersubscribe” for notifications of~~
 262 ~~certain types of Job events and/or Printer events when they submit a job. These include~~
 263 ~~any of those described in the preceding section.~~

264 ~~ISSUE: Cohen's paper [cohen] uses the terms "subscribe" and "unsubscribe". Which~~
 265 ~~should we use? If we change to use the terms "subscribe" and "unsubscribe", the we~~
 266 ~~should also change the name of the new operations from Register-For-Event-~~
 267 ~~Notifications and Un-Register-For-Event-Notifications to Subscribe and Unsubscribe~~
 268 ~~which are also the two methods (operations) in Cohen's paper.~~

269 **2.11 Event Notification Content Attributes**

270 ~~When a Job or Printer event notification is delivered to the notification-recipient, it~~
 271 ~~contains attributes whose values reflect the state of that Job or Printer at the time of the~~
 272 ~~event, respectively. Examples of Job content attributes IPP Objects (for example, a print~~
 273 ~~job) from which notification are being sent may have attributes associated with them. A~~
 274 ~~user may want to have one or more of these associated attributes returned along with a~~
 275 ~~particular notification. In general, these may include any attribute associated with the~~
 276 ~~object emitting the notification. Examples include:~~

277 ~~"number-of-intervening jobs"~~
 278 ~~job-k-octets~~
 279 ~~job-k-octets processed~~
 280 ~~"job_-impressions-completed"~~
 281 ~~impressionsCompletedCurrentCopy (job-MIB)~~
 282 ~~sheetCompletedCopyNumber (job-MIB)~~
 283 ~~sheetsCompletedDocumentNumber (job-MIB)~~
 284 ~~Copies-requested~~
 285 ~~Copy-type~~
 286 ~~Output-destination~~
 287 ~~"jJob-state-reasons"~~

288 ~~Examples of Printer object content attributes include:~~

289 ~~"printer-state-reasons"~~
 290 ~~"device-name"~~
 291 ~~"alert-code"~~

292 ~~Note: when a Job event is sent, no Printer attributes, except the "printer-uri", are sent.~~
 293 ~~When a Printer event is sent, no Job attributes are sent.~~

294 **2.12 Immediate Notification**

295 Notifications sent to the notification recipient or the notification recipient's agent in such
296 a way that the notification arrives immediately, within the limits of common addressing,
297 routing, network congestion and quality of service.

298 **2.13 Queued Notification**

299 Notifications which are not necessarily sent immediately, but are queued for delivery by
300 some intermediate network application, or for later retrieval. Email with store and
301 forward is an example of queued notification.

302 **2.14 Notification with Reliable Delivery**

303 Notifications which are delivered by a reliable, sequenced delivery of packets or
304 character stream, with acknowledgment and retry, such that delivery of the notification is
305 guaranteed within some reasonable time limits. For example, if the notification recipient
306 has logged off and gone home for the day, an immediate notification cannot be
307 guaranteed to be delivered, even when sent over a reliable transport, because there is
308 nothing there to catch it. Guaranteed delivery requires both queued notification and a
309 reliable transport. If delivery of the notification requires process to process
310 communications, each session is managed in a reliable manner, assuring fully ordered,
311 end-to-end delivery.

312 **2.15 Notification with Unreliable Delivery**

313 Notifications are delivered via the fundamental transport address and routing framework,
314 but no acknowledgment or retry is required. Process to process communications, if
315 involved, are unconstrained.

316 **2.16 Quality of Service**

317 Some notification delivery methods may allow users to select quality of service
318 parameters. These will depend upon the specific delivery method chosen, and may
319 include parameters such as priority, security, number of retries, and the like.

320 **2.17 Human Consumable Notification**

321 Notifications which are intended to be consumed by human end users **only**. They contain
322 no machine readable encodings of the event. Email would be an example of a Human
323 consumable notification.

324 **2.18 Machine Consumable Notification**

325 Notifications which are intended for consumption by a program **only**, such as an IPP
326 Client. Machine Consumable notifications may not contain human readable information.

327 **2.19 Mixed Notification**

328 A mixed notification may contain both human ~~readable-consumable~~ and ~~human-machine~~
329 ~~consumable readable~~ information. Sending 'multi-part/alternative' MIME media type is
330 mixed notification, since both 'text/plain' and a machine consumable content are sent.

331

332 3 Model for Job and Printer Event Notification

333 The following pictures from the IPP/1.0 Model and Semantics [ipp-model] are enhanced
334 to show registrationsubscription for event notification (1) as part of IPP job submission
335 and (2) using the new IPP RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notifications operations event
336 notifications to (multiple) end-user notification-recipients and a system operator.

337 Legend:

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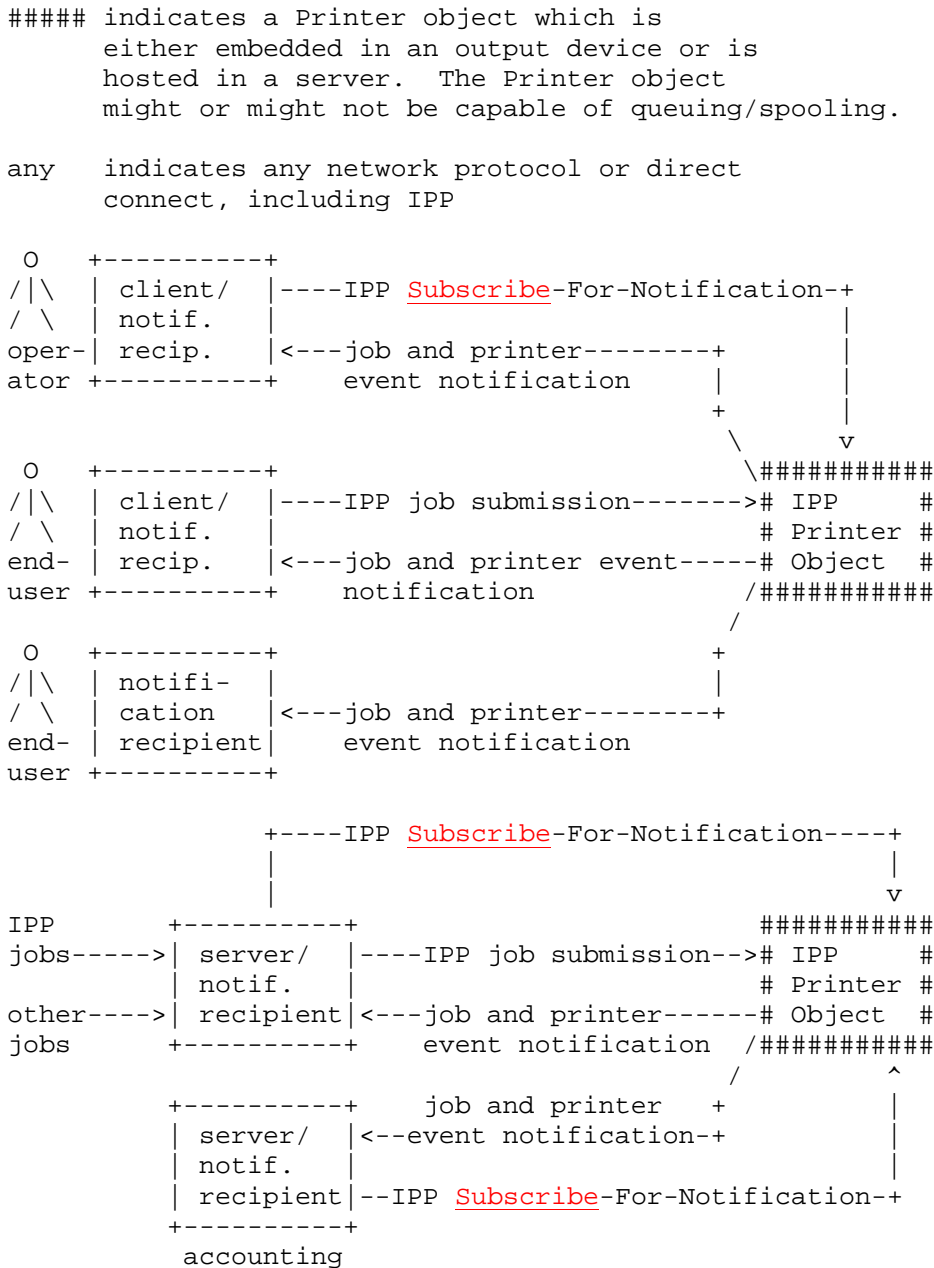
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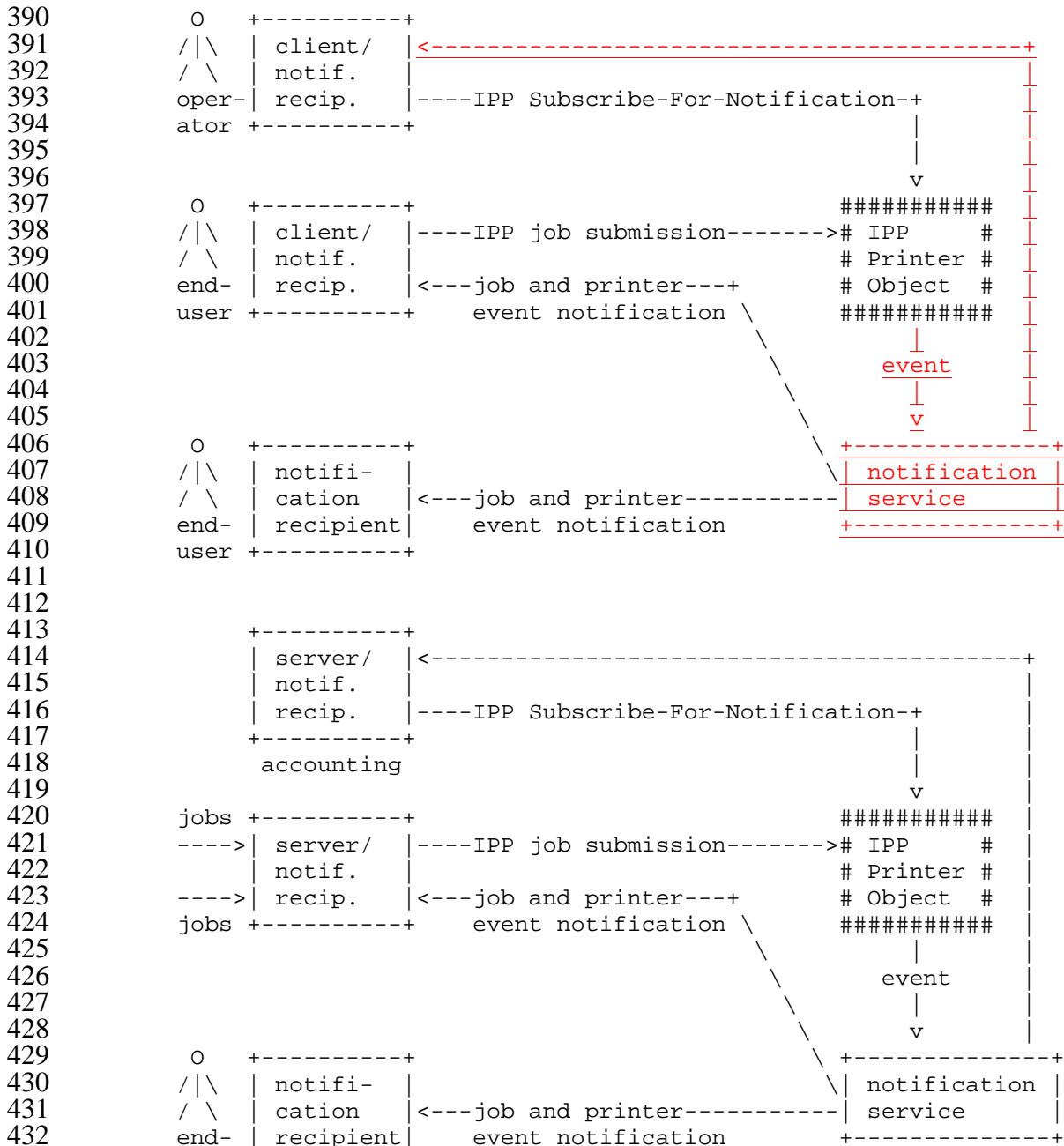
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381 **Figure 1 - Model for Job and Printer Notification**

382 ~~NOTE: The event notifications are shown coming from the IPP Printer object.~~ An
 383 implementation option is for the IPP Printer object to forward the registration
 384 subscription requests received in the job submission and with Subscribe-For-Event-
 385 Notification operations to a notification service transparently to the requester. The IPP
 386 object then passes event notification to this notification service to distribute the event
 387 notifications to the notification recipients. ~~To keep the drawings simple, this~~
 388 ~~implementation option is not shown.~~

389



433 user +-----+
434

435 **Figure 2 - Model with Notification Service**

436 **4 SubscriptionRegistration for notification**

437 **4.1 Subscription as part of job submission**

438 RegistrationSubscription for notifications is accomplished via IPP for end-user and
439 server-to-device notifications related to the jobs being submitted. This proposal includes
440 specifics for these types of registrationsubscriptions. Here the registrationsubscription
441 information is submitted with the job and an implementation SHALL store the
442 information with the Job object so that it may be queried with the Get-Job-Attributes
443 operation.

444 As an implementation option, In-addition, an implementation MAY employ an event
445 notification service to keep the event notification registrationsubscription information and
446 to actually deliver the event notifications. In this case, the IPP object passes each event
447 as it occurs to the event notification service for event notification delivery to the
448 notification recipients for which the Printer object had previously forwarded event
449 notification registrationsubscriptions.

450 When the IPP Printer removes the job from the system, the registrationsubscription is
451 automatically removed with such an implementation. If the IPP Printer object
452 implementation uses a notification server, then the IPP object will have to un-
453 registersubscribe with that notification server when the job completes.

454 **4.2 SubscriptionRegistration independent of job submission by servers** 455 **and third parties for device and/or job monitoring**

456 RegistrationSubscription by servers that control IPP Printers and by 3rd party accounting
457 or job monitoring applications, which are independent of job submissions, is
458 accomplished by using the RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notification operation. In these
459 cases, the subscription is in force, until the server or application performs an Un-Subscribe-
460 For-Event-Notifications operation.

461 **4.3 Semantics of Subscriptions**

462 This sub-section summarizes the semantics of subscriptions.

463 **ISSUE 06: Ok if the semantics is duplicated here in the spec?**

- 464 1. Job Events are changes in a Job object. Printer Events are changes in the Printer
465 object.
- 466 2. Any subscription can contain either Job Events or Printer Events or both.
- 467 3. Subscriptions can be sent to the IPP Printer object either by being included in a create
468 operation when the job is submitted (called "Job Submission Subscriptions") or by
469 being sent in a separate subscription using the Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications
470 operation (called "Printer Subscriptions).

- 471 4. For "Job Submission Subscriptions", the subscription is only valid while the job is
472 "on the scene". The job is on the scene from the time the IPP Job object is created
473 and enters either the 'pending' or 'held' states until the time it is "done" and enters any
474 of the 'completed', 'canceled', or 'aborted' states.
- 475 5. For "Printer Subscriptions", the subscription is valid until it is explicitly un-
476 subscribed with an Un-Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications operation.
- 477 6. Job Events in a "Job Submission Subscription" ONLY apply to "this job" (the Job
478 object created because of the job create operation).
- 479 7. Job Events in a "Printer Subscription" apply to ALL jobs contained in the IPP Printer
480 object.
- 481 8. Subscriptions indicate the delivery method and destination for each set of events
482 being subscribed to. For example, an application may submit a job with a "Job
483 Submission Subscription" indicating that some events should be sent back to it (using
484 some new HTTP based event delivery mechanism using its own address), some events
485 should be sent to a 3rd party accounting/monitoring application (using the same
486 HTTP based event delivery mechanism but with the address of the 3rd party app, not
487 its own address), and finally that some events should be sent to a 3rd party human
488 being (using email and the email address of that human being).
- 489 Implemented another way, the 3rd party accounting/management app could subscribe
490 to all job events using a persistent (until un-subscribed) "Printer Subscription"
491 indicating its own address as the address for delivery of events.
- 492 9. Any subscription (neither a "Job Submission Subscription" nor a "Printer
493 Subscription" allow for subscribing Job Events to a specific (named or otherwise
494 identified) Job.

495 5 New Operation attribute for the create operations

496 ~~This section specifies the single "job-notify" Operation attribute that supplies one or more~~
 497 ~~Job Notification Subscriptions as part of a job create operation. While e-mail notifications~~
 498 ~~may be freeform and flexible, for applications to make use of the server-to-device~~
 499 ~~protocol notifications there needs to be a defined (extendable) set of notification methods.~~
 500 ~~The following IPP Job and Printer attributes are proposed to meet the requirements for~~
 501 ~~notification and querying of supported capabilities, including human readable and~~
 502 ~~program processable forms. The events are taken from Ron's and Harry's previously~~
 503 ~~published lists, as well as the original set in the IPP Model from last October. The create~~
 504 ~~operation attributes are intended to meet the requirements in the requirements document~~
 505 ~~[req].~~

506 5.1 job-notify (1setOf collection)

507 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this Operation attribute as a *collection* attribute as
 508 part of the Validate-Job, Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations. The Printer
 509 object OPTIONALLY supports this Operation attribute as part of the Validate-Job, Print-
 510 Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations. If the Printer object supports this attribute for
 511 any of these create operations, it MUST support it for all of these create operations that it
 512 supports.

513 ~~The "job-notify" Operation attribute specifies the Job Notification Subscription that starts~~
 514 ~~when the job is created and ends when the job completes (enters the 'completed',~~
 515 ~~'aborted', or 'canceled' job states). The subscription may request Job Events and/or~~
 516 ~~Printer Events. The Job Events SHALL apply only to changes in this job (the one being~~
 517 ~~created), while the Printer Events apply to all job. (Note: The Job Events requested with~~
 518 ~~the Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications operation SHALL apply to all jobs, just as for~~
 519 ~~Printer Events).~~

520 ~~ISSUE: Include the definition for the collection attribute syntax in this specification or~~
 521 ~~keep separate. The current white paper has the encoding updates and example that~~
 522 ~~corresponds to the IPP Protocol document, but could be put in this document as an~~
 523 ~~appendix.~~

524 5.1.1 Notification collection value

525 The value of this attribute is one or more collection values. Each collection value
 526 SHALL contain a "job-notify-recipients" member attribute and MAY contain any of the
 527 remaining following *member* attributes with the indicated syntax:

528 Member attribute name	syntax	in request	support
529 -----	----	-----	-----
530 "job-notify-event-groups"	1setOf type2 keyword	MAY	mandatory
531 "job-notify-recipients"	1setOf uri	SHALL	mandatory
532 "job-notify-content-type"	mimeMediaType	MAY	mandatory
533 "job-notify-charset"	charset	MAY	mandatory
534 "job-notify-natural-language"	naturalLanguage	MAY	optional
535 "job-notify-additional-attributes"	1setOf keyword	MAY	optional

536 The "support" column indicates the support required by the IPP object if it supports the
537 "job-notify" Operation attribute at all.

538 If the client supplies this Operation attribute, but does not supply the "~~job-notify-~~
539 ~~recipients~~" ~~Operation-member~~ attribute as one of the attributes in (each) collection value,
540 the Printer object SHALL reject the request and return the 'client-error-bad-request' status
541 code, since the syntax is not correct.

542 If the client supplies ~~For~~ this Operation attribute (like the "job-k-octets", "job-
543 impressions", and "job-media-sheets" Operation attributes, see [ipp-model]), if the client
544 supplies the attribute, but the Printer object does not support the "job-notify" Operation
545 attribute ~~or some of its member attributes~~, the Printer object SHALL ignore ~~the client-~~
546 ~~supplied~~ "job-notify" attribute and copy it to the Unsupported Attribute group with the
547 out-of-band value of 'not-supported' value or the member attributes, respectively.

548 If the client supplies the "job-notify" Operation attribute and the Printer object supports
549 the "job-notify" Operation attribute, the collection value(s) of the attribute are used to
550 populate the job object's "job-notify" Job Description attribute (see section 0) according
551 to the following conditions:

552 If the values of the member attributes are within the range of the corresponding
553 Printer object's "xxx-supported" attributes (see section 1.1), the Printer object
554 SHALL use the collection value(s) to populate the job object's "job-notify" Job
555 Description attribute.

556 If some of the member attributes are not supported, the Printer object SHALL
557 copy such member attributes to the Unsupported Attributes response group with
558 the out-of-band value of 'not-supported', copy the remaining (supported) member
559 attributes to the job object's "job-notify" Job Description attribute, accept the
560 request, and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status
561 code.

562 If some of the member attribute values are outside the range of the corresponding
563 Printer object's "xxx-supported" attributes (see section 1.1), the Printer object
564 SHALL copy such member attributes and their values to the Unsupported
565 Attributes response group, substitute or ignore the supplied values, copy the
566 remaining (supported) member attribute values to the job object's "job-notify" Job
567 Description attribute, accept the request, and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-
568 substituted-attributes' status code.

569 ~~"~~The following attributes are defined for use in one or more collection values of the "job-
570 notify" Operation attribute in the create operation:

571 **5.1.2 ~~job~~-notify-event-groups (1setOf type2 keyword)**

572 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute as a member of the "job-notify"
573 Operation attribute. The Printer object SHALL support this attribute if it supports the
574 "job-notify" Operation attribute. This attribute specifies one or more Job event groups
575 and/or Printer event groups for which the ~~end-user~~IPP client desires some sort of
576 notification to be sent to one or more notification recipients that the client supplies in the
577 same "job-notify" collection value in the create request for this job.

578 Each event is assigned a keyword value (see section 5.1.2.2). Each of the events is
579 assigned to one or more of the standard event groups. Each standard group is also
580 assigned a keyword (see section 5.1.2.1), in order to simplify (1) client
581 ~~registrationsubscription~~ for the events supplied by the client and (2) event filtering by the
582 notification mechanism.

583 **ISSUE 07: Should a requester be able to supply either event group names and/or specific**
584 **event keywords, or is it ok to require only event group names?**

585 5.1.2.1 **Job-Notification Groups**

586 This section defines the event groups that a client may ~~registersubscribe~~ for in the create
587 operation. These event group keywords (not the actual event keywords themselves) are
588 passed as attribute values in the "job-notify-event-groups" Operation attribute in the
589 create request. There are Job event groups and Printer event groups. An IPP object
590 SHALL support all event groups. Support of all of the events in a group is not required.

591 **ISSUE 08: Ok if all groups are required for conformance?**

592 Standard event group values are:

593 ~~'none': the Printer SHALL not notificationsy ofn any notification events for this job.~~
594 This value is useful to prevent notifications when the client has default
595 notification attributes configured.

596 ~~'all-job-events': the Printer SHALL notify when any of the supported Job Event~~
597 ~~notification events occur for this job.~~

598 **ISSUE 09: Ok if I split 'all' into two, now that we have both kinds?**

599 ~~'job-delivery': the Printer SHALL notify on any of the following events which, in~~
600 ~~general, pertain to the progress of delivering the job to the Printer:~~

601 ~~'job-received', 'job-started-processing'~~

602 ~~'job-progress': the Printer SHALL notify on any of the following events which, in~~
603 ~~general, pertain to the progress of pending or actually interpreting, marking,~~
604 ~~finishing or otherwise processing the job by the Printer object:~~

605 ~~'job-held', 'job-released', 'sheet-completed', 'collated-copy-completed'~~

606 ~~'problems': the Printer SHALL notify on any of the following events which, in~~
607 ~~general, pertain to problems with the job or the Printer. The notification recipient~~
608 ~~is able to check the "job-state" attribute in the notification content to determine~~
609 ~~whether this job caused the problem:~~

610 ~~——'problems'~~

611 ~~'job-completion': the Printer SHALL notify on any of the following events which, in~~
612 ~~general, pertain to ways that a job can end:~~

613 ~~'job-completed', 'job-aborted', 'job-canceled'~~

614 ~~'management': the Printer SHALL notify on any of the following events which, in~~
615 ~~general, pertain to the logistics of print job management and accounting:~~

616 ~~——'job-entry-expired'~~

617 'all-printer-events': any of the supported Printer Events occurs.

618 'printer-reports': any Printer object or device event that are informational, as opposed
619 to warnings or errors. Printer MIB events that fall in this group included the
620 alertRemovalOfBinaryChangeEntry(1801) alert that indicates that a binary
621 change event entry row has been removed from the Alert Table and any event
622 with the prtAlertSeverityLevel value set to noInterventionRequired(7) [draft-
623 prtmib].

624 'printer-warnings': any Printer object or device event that are warnings, i.e., non-
625 critical alert where the Printer object's "printer-state" attribute remains in the
626 'processing' state and the device(s) continue to operate. However, if there is not
627 human intervention soon, the device will stop.
628 Examples include: paper-low and toner-low. Warning events may be either
629 binary or unary [see draft-prt-mib]. A binary event is one in which a second event
630 terminates the warning. Examples include: paper low and toner low. A unary
631 event is one in which there is not a second event that terminates the warning.

632 **ISSUE 10:** What if a Printer object controls several devices and one of them stops. The
633 "printer-state" remains in 'processing', but it should be a Printer error, since some
634 device stopped.

635 'printer-errors': any Printer object or device event that is an errors, i.e., critical alert
636 where the Printer object's "printer-state" attribute changes to 'stopped' or (at least
637 one of) the devices stop (even though other devices that the Printer object
638 controls, continue to operate).

639 Examples include: jammed(8) and markerTonerEmpty(1101).

640 **ISSUE:** What event groups are MANDATORY for a Printer to support?

641 Implementers MAY add additional events to a group. Therefore, notification recipients
642 SHOULD check the event that is sent in the notification content (see section 6) to make
643 sure that it is an event that is wanted. Implementors SHOULD NOT add new groups, lest
644 interoperability will be lessened.

645 In a create request, if the client supplies 'none' along with any other combination of
646 values, it is the same as if only that other set of values had been supplied (i.e., the 'none'
647 value has no affect). If the client supplies 'all' along with any other combination of
648 values, it is the same as if only 'all' had been supplied (i.e., the 'all' value subsumes all
649 other values).

650 Note: the group 'job-progress' is intended for those who wish to receive more frequent,
651 "real-time" progress notifications on a page and copy boundary basis. This is why 'job-
652 started-printing' is in the 'delivery' group, rather than the 'progress' group, for example.
653 An application which was interested in less granular milestones of print job progress
654 would likely registersubscribe for 'job-completion' and 'printer-errorsproblems' event
655 groups (only).

656 **5.1.2.2 Job-Notification Events**

657 This section defines the notification events. Each event is a member of one or morean
658 event groups. When an event occurs, the event keyword, not the event group, is included
659 in the notification content (see section 6).

660 The standard event values are:

661 ~~job-received: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~the Printer object#~~ accepts ~~theis~~ job
662 (i.e., when the job is created entering the 'pending' or 'pending-held' [~~JMP~~
663 'pendingHeld' states]) [~~(JMP: issued by the agent when the agent creates a row in~~
664 ~~the MIB for that job).]~~

665 ~~job-started-processing: the Printer SHALL notify when~~ the Printer starts processing
666 ~~theis~~ Job (i.e., when the job leaves the 'pending' state and enters the 'processing'
667 state).

668 ~~sheet-completed: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when each sheet in ~~theis~~ job is
669 completed (i.e., stacked in the output bin).

670 ~~collated-copy-completed: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when each document copy in
671 ~~theis~~ job is completed (i.e., last sheet of a collated copy is stacked in an output
672 bin)

673 ~~job-held: The Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job enters the 'pending-held' (JMP
674 pendingHeld) state (using some protocol operation not defined in IPP/1.0, but
675 perhaps in another protocol or added as an extension), or the system or device
676 holds the job because of some requirement that cannot be met and other jobs
677 could be processed, if there are any.

678 ~~job-released: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job leaves the 'pending-held'
679 (JMP pendingHeld) state entering the 'pending' or 'processing' states due to the
680 user, operator, or system releasing the held job (using some protocol operation not
681 defined in IPP/1.0, but perhaps in another protocol or added as an extension).

682 job-warning: when the job encounters a warning. See the definition of the 'job-
683 warnings' event group.

684 ~~job-errorproblems: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job encounters a problem
685 (i.e., when the job leaves the 'processing' state and enters the 'processing-stopped'
686 state) ~~The job attributes sent in the notification content (see section 8) SHALL be~~
687 ~~for the job that was processing when the problem occurred, not the job for which~~
688 ~~the registration was submitted. Thus a number of jobs may have registered for~~
689 ~~this event, and their specified notification recipients will all get the same~~
690 ~~notification content.~~

691 ***~~ISSUE 1: Ok to have combined these two events into one~~***
692 ***~~event (and one event group) for simplicity and specified that~~***
693 ***~~the notification content is the same for all notification~~***
694 ***~~recipients receiving this event?~~***

695 ~~job-completed: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job completes processing
696 (with or without errors or warnings) and enters the 'completed' state.

697 ~~job-aborted: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job was aborted by the system
698 while in the 'processing' or 'processing-stopped' state, due to some encountered
699 problem that cannot be remedied by human intervention.

700 ~~job-canceled: the Printer SHALL notify~~ when ~~theis~~ job was canceled by the user or
701 operator using the Cancel-Job operation while the job was in any state .

702 ~~job-entry-expired: the Printer SHALL notify when the Printer (or SNMP agent)~~
703 ~~removes the job from the system so that the job is no longer available via the Get-~~
704 ~~Jobs or Get-Job-Attributes operations after being in the 'completed', 'aborted', or~~

705 ~~'anceled' states for a time period that depends on implementation and site policy~~
 706 ~~(JMP: when agent removes the MIB row).~~
 707 ~~'printer-report': when the Printer issues a non-warning and non-error.~~
 708 ~~'printer-warning': when the Printer issues a non-critical event and continues in the~~
 709 ~~'processing' state.~~
 710 ~~'printer-error': -OR when this job is affected by a Printer problem caused by another~~
 711 ~~job (i.e., when the Printer issues a critical event and enters the 'stopped' state~~
 712 ~~while this job is in any of the 'pending' or 'pending-held' states, even though the~~
 713 ~~job remains in the 'pending' or 'pending-held' job state).~~
 714

715 **1.1.25.1.3 job-notify-recipients (1setOf uri)**

716 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute as a member of the "job-notify"
 717 Operation attribute. The Printer object SHALL support this attribute if it supports the
 718 "job-notify" Operation attribute and SHALL support the 'mailto' scheme at least .

719 **ISSUE 11: Is it too hard to require an embedded device to include sending e-mail?**

720 This attribute describes both where (the address) and how (the mechanism for delivery)
 721 events are to be delivered. The Printer object SHALL use this attribute as the set of
 722 addresses and methods for sending notifications when one of the events occurs that the
 723 client supplied in the "job-notify-event-groups" member attribute in the same "job-notify"
 724 collection value "in the create request for this job. The Printer object MAY achieve the
 725 registrationsubscription and event notification delivery either (1) itself or (2) by using
 726 some (unspecified) notification service that supports the requested mechanism of
 727 notifying the notification recipients. Either implementation choice SHALL be
 728 transparent to clients and notification-recipients.

729 Standard uriScheme values are:

730 'mailto': a text message via email to the specified email address
 731 'http': an HTML formatted message via an HTTP POST method to the specified URI
 732 'ftp': a text message via an FTP 'append' command to the specified remote file.
 733

734 The following values are not yet standardized or registered. Some of them represent
 735 work in progress. They will be registered following the procedures [url-reg]. See
 736 also [cohen] for HTTP URL schemes for notification.

737 **ISSUE 12: Which schemes do we want to progress?**

738
 739 'page': a pager phone number to call as specified by the /phone-number parameter in
 740 the URL.

741 'ipp-tcp-ip-sockets': an IPP notification via a TCP/IP socket that is opened by the
 742 Printer object on the IP address specified in the URI (using IP address dot
 743 notation) using the port on that host specified using the /port=nnn keyword. For
 744 example:

745 ipp-tcp-ip-socket:13.240.120.138/port=6000
 746 would cause the Printer object to open the TCP/IP port 6000 at IP address
 747 13.240.120.138.

748 Note: by specifying different port numbers for each registration on different

749 ~~Printers, a notification recipient can differentiate between events from different~~
750 ~~Printers, even when the "job-notify-additional-attributes" attribute is not~~
751 ~~supported.~~

752 **ISSUE 13: Ok that I removed this note, since the printer-uri is being returned in**
753 **all event notifications?**

754 'snmpv1': a notification as an SNMPv1 trap to the host specified as the address in the
755 URI.

756 'snmpv2': a notification as an SNMPv2 inform to the host specified as the address in
757 the URI.

758 'snmpv3': a notification as an SNMPv3 inform to the host specified as the address in
759 the URI.

760 'sense': a notification as a SENSE UDP data gram that is opened by the Printer object
761 on the IP address specified in the URI (using IP address dot notation) using the
762 port on that host specified using the /port=nnn keyword. See the 'ipp-tcp-ip-
763 socket' example.

764

765 The Printer object SHALL validate that the schemes supplied in the "job-notify-
766 recipients" is supported by comparing with the Printer object's "job-notify-schemes-
767 supported".

768 **1.1.35.1.4 job-notify-content-type (mimeMediaType)**

769 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute as a member of the "job-notify"
770 Operation attribute. The Printer object SHALL support this attribute if it supports the
771 "job-notify" Operation attribute and SHALL support the 'multi-part/alternative',
772 'application/ipp', and the 'text/plain' values for all event groups.

773 **ISSUE 14: Ok to require supporting all three values? Ok for all event groups?**

774 This attribute specifies the type of content that is sent in the notification. Thus the client
775 can control whether the event notification content is human readable, machine readable,
776 or both.

777 If the MIME media type registration permits a charset parameter, than such a
778 specification SHALL be used (instead of the "notify-charset" member attribute) in order
779 to indicate the charset to be used in the notification content.

780 Standard values are:

781 'multi-part/alternative' - contains both human consumable notification content
782 using the 'text/plain' MIME media type and machine consumable
783 notification content using the 'application/ipp' MIME media type with the
784 Get-Job-Attributes response encoding of the attributes listed in Table 2 or
785 the Get-Printer-Attributes response encoding of the attributed listed in
786 Table 3. This value SHALL be supported and is the default, if the client
787 does not supply the "job-notify-content-type" member attribute.

788 **ISSUE 15: Should we make this attribute 1setOf so that the additional values**
789 **could specify which alternatives are to be used with 'multi-part/alternative'?**
790

791 'application/ipp' - the machine consumable notification content using the
792 'application/ipp' MIME media type [ipp-model] with the Get-Job-
793 Attributes response encoding of the attributes listed in Table 2 or the Get-
794 Printer-Attributes response encoding of the attributed listed in Table 3.
795
796 'text/plain' - the human consumable notification content. If the charset is other
797 than US-ASCII, the /charset parameter SHALL be included in the value of
798 this attribute and in the event notification content. RFC 2046 indicates
799 that the absence of the charset parameter SHALL mean US-ASCII rather
800 than simply unspecified [RFC2046]. Examples:
801 'text/plain': A plain text document in US-ASCII [US-ASCII]
802 'text/plain; charset=US-ASCII': A plain text document in US-ASCII.
803 'text/plain; charset=ISO-8859-1': A plain text document in ISO 8859-
804 1 (Latin 1) [ISO8859-1].
805 'text/plain; charset=utf-8': A plain text document in ISO 10646
806 represented as UTF-8 [RFC-2044]
807 'text/plain, charset=iso-10646-ucs-2': A plain text document in ISO
808 10646 represented in two octets (UCS-2) [ISO10646-1]
809

810 **1.1.45.1.5 job-notify-charset (charset)**

811 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute as a member of the "job-notify"
812 Operation attribute. The Printer object SHALL support this attribute if it supports the
813 "job-notify" Operation attribute.

814 This attribute specifies the charset for the IPP object to be used in the human readable
815 part of the notification content that is sent to the notification recipients that the client
816 supplied in this same collection value. This attribute SHALL NOT be used when the
817 "notify-content-type" attribute value specifies the charset parameter in its MIME media
818 type value.

819 If the "notify-charset" attribute is not supplied, the charset supplied in the "attributes-
820 charset" Operation attribute SHALL be used, if the charset value is supported by the
821 Printer, else the Printer object shall use the Printer's "charset-configured" value.

822 **1.1.55.1.6 job-notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)**

823 The client OPTIONALLY supplies this attribute as a member of the "job-notify"
824 Operation attribute. The Printer object OPTIONALLY supports this attribute if it
825 supports the "job-notify" Operation attribute.

826 This attribute specifies the natural language for the IPP object to use in the human
827 readable part of the notification content is sent to the notification recipients that the client
828 supplied in this same collection value. If this attribute is not supported or the supplied
829 value is not supported, the IPP Printer SHALL return the attribute in the Unsupported
830 Attributes Group but still accept the operation, as with all create operations. If this
831 attribute is not supplied or the attribute or value is not supported by the Printer object, the
832 natural language supplied in the "attributes-natural-language" create operation attribute
833 SHALL be used, if that natural language value is supported by the Printer, else the Printer


```
878 | (1setOf charset) | supported |  
879 | | (1setOf charset) |  
880 |-----|-----|  
881 | job notify | job notify natural |  
882 | natural language | language supported |  
883 | (naturalLanguage) | (1setOf |  
884 | | naturalLanguage) |  
885 |-----|-----|  
886 | job notify | job notify |  
887 | additional | additional |  
888 | attributes | attributes supported |  
889 | (1setOf keyword) | (1setOf keywords) |  
890 |-----|-----|
```

891

892 ***1.1 Notification Supported Printer attributes***

893 The value of the Printer object's "job-notify-recipients-supported" attribute is a
894 'uriScheme'. The Printer object SHALL use the values of this attribute to validate the
895 scheme supplied by the client in the "job-notify-recipients" member attribute. These
896 Printer object attributes specify the supported values for the corresponding member
897 attributes of the "job-notify" Operation collection attribute.

898 For example, if a Printer object supports:

899 1)'mailto:' method for the 'job-completed', 'job-canceled', and 'job-aborted' events
900 using English, French, U.S. English, and German and supporting additional
901 attributes: "job-uri", "job-name", "job-originating-user-name", "number-of-
902 documents", "job-state", "sides", "finishing"

903 2)'sense' and 'tcp/ip-socket' methods for the 'job-received', 'job-started', 'job-
904 completed', 'job-aborted', 'job-canceled' events in English only

905 a system administrator could configure the following Printer attributes":

906 "job-notify-schemes-supported" = 'mailto', 'sense', 'tcp-ip-sockets'

907 "job-notify-event-groups-supported" = 'delivery', 'completed'

908 "job-notify-natural-language-supported" = 'en', 'fr', 'en-us', 'de'

909 "job-notify-additional-attributes-supported" = 'job-uri', 'job-name',

910 'job-originating-user-name', 'number-of-documents',

911 'job-state', 'sides', 'finishing'

912 Note: the fact that not all events are supported for the mailto scheme, or that not all
913 languages are supported for the 'sense' and 'tcp-ip-sockets' methods is not represented,
914 since the collection mechanism is not used to represent the supported attributes. If the
915 client supplies a combination that is not supported, the Printer object SHALL accept the
916 create request (independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" attribute supplied
917 by the client), make suitable substitutions, and return the attributes that are ignored or
918 substituted in the create operation response.

919 **86** Operations to RegisterSubscribe and Un-registersubscribe 920 **for notifications**

921 There are two new OPTIONAL operations to allow a client or server to ~~register~~subscribe
922 for Printer object events without submitting a job. An IPP Printer SHALL support both
923 of these operations, if it supports either one. If an IPP Printer supports these operations,
924 it SHALL also support the "job-notify" attribute in the create operations as described in
925 section 5.

926 These new operations are intended for use by servers that control printers, by clients used
927 by operators/administrators that manage printers, and by applications that collect
928 accounting data.

929 **6.1 Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Operation**

930 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to ~~register~~subscribe with the Printer object to
931 be notified when identified events happen to the device(s) that the Printer object is
932 representing without requiring that the client submit jobs. In the request, the client
933 supplies the set of Job event group names and/or Printer event group names in which the
934 notification-recipient(s) ~~are~~is interested. In the response, the Printer object returns a list
935 of the current ~~registrations~~subscriptions, including the new one requested by this
936 operation.

937 This operation is intended for use by system operators and administrators that have a long
938 term interest in the events without submitting jobs. It is also intended to be used by
939 servers that control IPP Printers. Finally, it is also intended to be used by accounting
940 applications that need to be notified when jobs complete.

941 ~~For Printer objects,~~The possible names of Job and Printer event groups are the same as
942 for use in the "job-notify" Operation attribute in create requests. See section 5.1.2. An
943 IPP object SHALL support all event groups. Support of all of the events in a group is not
944 required.

945 **ISSUE 16: Ok if all groups are required for conformance?**

946 ~~It is NOT REQUIRED that a Printer object support all event groups or all events within~~
947 ~~the supported event groups.~~

948 **6.1.1 Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Request**

949 The following sets of attributes are part of the ~~Register~~Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications
950 Request:

951 Group 1: Operation Attributes

952 Target:

953 The "printer-uri" operation attribute which is the target for this operation as
954 described in section 3.1.3.

955

956 Natural Language and Character Set:
957 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described
958 in section 4.3.23 and 4.3.24.
959

960 Requesting User Name:
961 The "requesting-user-name" attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
962 described in section 8.3.
963

964 "printer-notify" (~~1setOf~~collection) :
965 The client SHALL supply a "printer-notify" Operation attribute that MUST
966 specify the notification-recipient(s), and MAY specify additional information
967 about the ~~registrationsubscription~~. The Printer object SHALL support this
968 Operation attribute (if it supports this OPTIONAL operation). The value of this
969 attribute is one ~~or more~~ collection values. ~~Each~~The collection value SHALL
970 contain a "job-notify-recipients" member attribute and MAY contain any of the
971 other *member* attributes defined for use with the "job-notify" Operation attribute
972 in create operations (see section 5.1). ~~The Printer object MUST support this~~
973 ~~Operation attribute (if it supports this OPTIONAL operation)~~. If the client omits
974 this attribute, the Printer SHALL reject the operation and return the 'client-error-
975 bad-request' status code.
976

977 Note: only one collection value is permitted, so that each collection value will
978 have its own "subscription-id".
979

980 ~~ISSUE: If we agree to these operations, we should remove the "job-" prefix on all~~
981 ~~the member attributes in the "job-notify" collection attribute, so that the same~~
982 ~~collection can be used with the "printer-notify" Printer attribute as well.~~
983

984 The Printer object SHALL validate that this client is permitted to ~~registersubscribe~~ for
985 Printer notifications. The means for configuring the permissions is outside the scope of
986 this specification. If a requester is not permitted to ~~registersubscribe~~ for Printer
987 notifications, the IPP Printer SHALL reject the request and return the 'client-error-
988 authenticated' or 'client-error-not-authorized' status code.

989 If the same subscription (same client and same collection values) has already been made
990 as indicated in one of the collection values of the Printer object's "printer-notify"
991 Description attribute, the IPP Printer SHALL reject the request and return the 'client-
992 error-not-possible' status code.

993 ISSUE 17: Or should we add a new status code that is more specific, such as 'client-
994 error-already-subscribed'?

995 If the IPP Printer object accepts the request, it SHALL add the ~~registrationsubscription~~
996 collection value to the Printer object's "printer-notify" attribute. The Printer object
997 SHALL add a "notify-~~registrationsubscription~~-id" member attribute with a unique integer
998 id ~~for each collection value added~~. This id is used to un-~~registersubscribe~~ using the Un-
999 RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notifications operations. ~~If this client had already~~
1000 ~~registered, this registration will be added to the value of the "printer-notify" attribute~~

1001 ~~anyway. Clients SHOULD remove registrations that are no longer wanted using the Un-~~
1002 ~~Register-For-Event-Notifications operation.~~

1003 **6.1.2 Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Response**

1004 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of ~~Register~~Subscribe-
1005 For-Event-Notifications Response:

1006 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1007 Status Code and Message:

1008 The response includes the MANDATORY status code and an OPTIONAL
1009 "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in section 3.1.5.

1010

1011 Natural Language and Character Set:

1012 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described
1013 in section 3.1.4.2.

1014

1015 "subscription-id" (integer(1:MAX)):

1016 The unique integer id for the accepted subscription to be used to un-scribe using
1017 the Un-Scribe-For-Event-Notifications operation. This value SHOULD NOT be
1018 re-used too soon after subscription in order to avoid confusion in subsequent Un-
1019 Scribe-For-Event-Notification operations.

1020

1021 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1022 This is a set of Operation (member) attributes supplied by the client (in the
1023 request) that are not supported by the Printer object or that conflict with one
1024 another (see sections 15.3 and 15.4).

1025

1026 Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1027 The updated "printer-notify" attribute that contains the requested
1028 ~~registrations~~subscription(s) supplied in this operation request, along with any that
1029 have been previously ~~registersubscribed~~registered by any client.

1030

1031 **6.2 Un-Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Operation**

1032 This OPTIONAL operation allows a client to un-~~registersubscribe~~ with the Printer object
1033 for event notifications that had been ~~registersubscribed~~ to previously using the
1034 ~~RegisterSubscribe~~RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notification operation. In the request, the client supplies
1035 the notify-~~registrations~~subscription-id attribute that the Printer object created and returned
1036 in the ~~RegisterSubscribe~~RegisterSubscribe-For-Event-Notifications operation. In the response, the Printer
1037 object returns a list of the current ~~registrations~~subscriptions which SHALL NOT include
1038 the ones removed by this operation.

1039 This operation is intended for use by system operators and administrators that have a long
1040 term interest in the events without submitting jobs. It is also intended to be used by

1041 servers that control IPP Printers. Finally, it is also intended to be used by accounting
1042 applications that need to be notified when jobs complete.

1043 **6.2.1 Un-Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Request**

1044 The following sets of attributes are part of the Un-~~Register~~Subscribe-For-Event-
1045 Notifications Request:

1046 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1047 Target:

1048 The "printer-uri" operation attribute which is the target for this operation as
1049 described in section 3.1.3.

1050

1051 Natural Language and Character Set:

1052 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described
1053 in section 3.1.4.1.

1054

1055 Requesting User Name:

1056 The "requesting-user-name" attribute SHOULD be supplied by the client as
1057 described in section 8.3.

1058

1059 "notify-~~registrations~~subscription-id" (integer(1:MAX)) :

1060 The client SHALL supply a "notify-~~registrations~~subscription-id" Operation
1061 attribute that specifies a ~~registrations~~subscription id assigned by the Printer object
1062 in a previous ~~Register~~Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications. The Printer object
1063 MUST support this Operation attribute (if it supports this OPTIONAL operation).
1064 If the client omits this attribute, the Printer SHALL reject the operation and return
1065 the 'client-error-bad-request' status code.

1066

1067 The Printer object SHALL validate that this client is permitted to un-~~registers~~subscribe
1068 notifications in general and this notification ~~registrations~~subscription in particular. The
1069 means for configuring the permissions is outside the scope of this specification.

1070 If a requester is not permitted to un-~~registers~~subscribe for notifications in general or for
1071 the requested ~~registrations~~subscription, the IPP Printer SHALL reject the request and
1072 return the 'client-error-authenticated' or 'client-error-not-authorized' status code. The
1073 means for keeping track of which clients requested each subscription is not specified by
1074 this document and is implementation dependent. For example, an implementation might
1075 add an additional "client-id" member attribute to each subscription value of the Printer
1076 object's "printer-notify" Description attribute, that is not returned to non-privileged users.

1077 If the value of the "notify-~~registrations~~subscription-id" is not found, the IPP Printer
1078 SHALL reject the request and return the 'client-error-not-found' status code.

1079 If the IPP Printer object accepts the request, it SHALL remove the requested event
1080 notification ~~registrations~~subscription from the Printer object's "printer-notify" attribute.
1081 Clients SHOULD remove ~~registrations~~subscriptions that are no longer wanted using this
1082 operation.

1083 **6.2.2 Un-Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Response**

1084 The Printer object returns the following sets of attributes as part of Registerthe Un-
1085 Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications Response:

1086 Group 1: Operation Attributes

1087 Status Code and Message:

1088 The response includes the MANDATORY status code and an OPTIONAL
1089 "status-message" (text) operation attribute as described in section .

1090

1091 Natural Language and Character Set:

1092 The "attributes-charset" and "attributes-natural-language" attributes as described
1093 in section 3.1.4.2.

1094

1095 Group 2: Unsupported Attributes

1096 This is a set of Operation (member) attributes supplied by the client (in the
1097 request) that are not supported by the Printer object or that conflict with one
1098 another (see sections 15.3 and 15.4).

1099

1100 Group 3: Printer Object Attributes

1101 The updated "printer-notify" attribute that no longer contains the event
1102 notification registrationsubscription that was requested to be removed.

1103 **7 Job Object Description attributes for Job Notification**

1104 This section specifies the Job Description attributes for notification.

1105 **6-17.1 "job-notify" (1setOf collection)**

1106 This attribute specifies one or more collections of events, notification-recipients, and
1107 other member attributes that the client supplied in the "job-notify" Operation attribute of
1108 the create request. The Printer object SHALL support this Job attribute if it supports the
1109 "job-notify" Operation attribute.

1110 The IPP Printer object SHALL populate the value(s) of this attribute with the collection
1111 value(s) supplied by the "job-notify" Operation attribute in the create operation that
1112 created this job. See the description of the "job-notify" Operation attribute for the
1113 complete specification of the semantics of this Job Description attribute.

1114 **8 Printer Object Description attributes for ~~Job~~ Notification**

1115 This section specifies the Printer object Description attributes for Job and Printer
 1116 Notifications. If the Printer object supports the "job-notify" Operation attribute for the
 1117 Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations, then the Printer object SHALL support
 1118 the following supported Printer object Description attributes in the second column in
 1119 Table 1 that correspond to the "job-notify" member attributes supported.

1120 If the Printer object supports the Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications operations, then the
 1121 Printer object SHALL support the following Printer object Description attributes in the
 1122 third column in Table 1 that correspond to the "printer-notify" member attributes
 1123 supported.

1124 Note: These Printer attributes are specified as separate Printer object attributes, rather
 1125 than as member attributes of a Printer object's collection attribute, since any combination
 1126 of values may be used for any of the attributes.

1127 **Table 1 - Printer Description Attributes for Job and Printer Notifications**

1128	+-----+-----+-----+
1129	Collection member Job Notification Printer Notification
1130	attribute support Attributes support Attributes
1131	+-----+-----+-----+
1132	job -notify-event- job-notify-event- printer-notify-
1133	event-
1134	groups groups-supported groups-supported
1135	(1setOf type2 (1setOf type2 keyword (1setOf type2 keyword
1136	keyword)
1137	+-----+-----+-----+
1138	job -notify- job-notify-schemes printer-notify-
1139	schemes
1140	recipients -supported -supported
1141	(1setOf uri) (1setOf uriScheme) (1setOf uriScheme)
1142	+-----+-----+-----+
1143	job -notify- job-notify-content- printer-notify-
1144	content-
1145	content-type type-supported type-supported
1146	(mimeMediaType) (1setOf mimeMediaType) (1setOf mimeMediaType)
1147	+-----+-----+-----+
1148	job -notify-charset job-notify-charset- printer-notify-
1149	charset-
1150	(1setOf charset) supported supported
1151	(1setOf charset) (1setOf charset)
1152	+-----+-----+-----+
1153	job -notify- job-notify-natural- printer-notify-
1154	natural-
1155	natural-language language-supported language-supported
1156	(naturalLanguage) (1setOf (1setOf
1157	naturalLanguage) naturalLanguage)
1158	+-----+-----+-----+
1159	job -notify- job-notify- printer-notify-
1160	
1161	additional- additional- additional-
1162	attributes attributes-supported attributes-supported
1163	(1setOf keyword) (1setOf keywords) attributes-supported

1164

+-----+-----+-----+

1165

1166 8.1 Job Notification Supported Printer Description attributes

1167 The Job Notification Support Printer object Description attributes (column 2 in Table 1)
1168 se Printer object attributes specify the supported values for the corresponding member
1169 attributes of the "job-notify" Operation collection attribute used in the job create
1170 operations. The value of the Printer object's "job-notify-recipients-supported" attribute is
1171 a 'uriScheme'. The Printer object SHALL use the values of this attribute to validate the
1172 scheme supplied by the client in the "notify-recipients" member attribute.

1173 For example, if a Printer object supports:

- 1174 1) 'mailto:' method for the 'job-completioned', 'job-canceled', and 'job-aborted' event
1175 groups using English, French, U.S. English, and German and supporting
1176 additional attributes: "job-uri", "job-name", "job-originating-user-name",
1177 "number-of-documents", "job-state", "sides", "finishing"
- 1178 2) 'sense' and 'ipp-tcp-ip-socket' methods for the 'job-received'delivery', 'job-
1179 sprogresstarted', and 'job-completioned', 'job-aborted', 'job-canceled' event groups
1180 in English only

1181 a system administrator could configure the following Printer attributes":

1182 "job-notify-schemes-supported" = 'mailto', 'sense', 'ipp-tcp-ip-sockets'

1183 "job-notify-event-groups-supported" = 'job-delivery', 'job-progress', 'job-
1184 completioned'

1185 "job-notify-natural-language-supported" = 'en', 'fr', 'en-us', 'de'

1186 "job-notify-additional-attributes-supported" = 'job-uri', 'job-name',
1187 'job-originating-user-name', 'number-of-documents',
1188 'job-state', 'sides', 'finishing'

1189 **ISSUE 18: Should an administrator be able to configure so that the groups supported is**
1190 **less than all of them. All of them are required for conformance?**

1191

1192 Note: the fact that not all events are supported for the mailto scheme, or that not all
1193 languages are supported for the 'sense' and 'ipp-tcp-ip-sockets' methods is not
1194 represented, since the collection mechanism is not used to represent the supported
1195 attributes. If the client supplies a combination that is not supported, the Printer object
1196 SHALL accept the create request (independent of the value of the "ipp-attribute-fidelity"
1197 attribute supplied by the client), make suitable substitutions, and return the attributes that
1198 are ignored or substituted in the create operation response.

1199 **ISSUE 19: Are we still ok with not making these "xxx-supported" attributes member**
1200 **attributes of one collection "notifications-supported" Printer Description attribute?**

1201 **Or maybe two collections: "job-notifications-supported" and "printer-notifications-**
1202 **supported" Printer Description attributes?**

1203 8.2 Printer Notification Support Printer Description attributes

1204 The Printer Notification Support Printer object Description attributes (column 3 in Table
1205 1) specify the supported values for the corresponding member attributes of the "printer-
1206 notify" Operation collection attribute used in the Subscribe-For-Event-Notifications

1207 operation. The value of the Printer object's "printer-notify-recipients-supported" attribute
1208 is a 'uriScheme'. The Printer object SHALL use the values of this attribute to validate the
1209 scheme supplied by the client in the "notify-recipients" member attribute. See section 8.1
1210 for an example, except change all "job-xxx" attributes to "printer-xxx" attributes.

1211 9 Notification Content definitions

1212 Just as applications need a defined (extendable) set of notifications, they also need a fixed
1213 structure and reliable notification content. The notification content depends on the event.
1214 Job events in a Job Submission Subscription via a create operation ONLY apply to the
1215 job created. Job events in a Printer Subscription apply to ALL jobs. For all events, except
1216 the 'problems' event, the job to which the event occurred is the same as the job for which
1217 the registration was specified in the create job operation. For the 'problems' event, the
1218 attributes that are included in the notification content are for the job that caused the event,
1219 not the jobs that registered for the event. Thus when a queue of jobs all register for the
1220 'problem' event, their specified notification recipients all receive the same notification
1221 content (for the job that caused the problem event on the Printer).

1222 An IPP Printer object MAY also implement the "job-notify-additional-attributes"
1223 Operation member attribute in order to allow a client to request additional attributes over
1224 and above the fixed set shown in Table 2. ~~Note: a client may wish to request the~~
1225 ~~"printer-uri" attributes in order for the recipient to receive the URI of the printer, in case~~
1226 ~~the recipient needs to obtain additional job and printer attributes using the Get Job-~~
1227 ~~Attributes and Get Printer Attributes operation.~~

1228 [Some delivery methods, such as SNMP, do not support the requester requesting
1229 additional attributes; the notification recipient will have to explicitly use a Get-Job-
1230 Attributes or Get-Printer-Attributes operation to get additional attributes about the job or
1231 device.]

1232 ~~All IPP delivery methods SHALL support (via the "job-notify-content-type" member~~
1233 ~~attribute) the ability to encode the notification content as a 'multi-part/alternative' MIME~~
1234 ~~media type in order to represent both (1) the human-processable 'text/plain' MIME media~~
1235 ~~type alternative and (2) a machine-processable alternative using the 'application/ipp'~~
1236 ~~MIME media type [ipp-model] with the Get Job Attributes response encoding of the~~
1237 ~~attributes listed in Table 1. The client MAY select the content type by supplying the~~
1238 ~~"job-notify-content-type" member attribute in the "job-notify" collection attribute.~~

1239 [IPP does not have some of the job progress attributes that the PWG Job Monitoring MIB
1240 has. These are indicated with "-" in the IPP attribute column.]

1241 **ISSUE 20: Should we add the job progress attributes to IPP that the PWG Job**
1242 **Monitoring MIB returns in an SNMP trap so that accounting programs can get the same**
1243 **attributes with IPP?**

1244 The following sub-sections specify those content attributes that are not Job or Printer
1245 attributes:

1246 9.1 "time-at-event" (integer (0:MAX))

1247 This notification content attribute indicates the point in time at which the event occurred.
1248 In order to populate this attribute, the Printer object uses the value in its "printer-up-time"
1249 attribute at the time the job or printer event occurred. This notification content attribute
1250 SHALL be part of all notification contents for all events.

1251 NOTE: The "time-at-event" and "printer-up-time" are in units of seconds, not one
1252 hundreds of a second (like prtAlertTime and sysUpTime). Thus the attribute name is
1253 "time-at-event", rather than "prt-att-18-9-r" (where "r" is the row in the alert table of this
1254 alert), since the value has different semantics.

1255 9.2 "event" (keyword)

1256 This notification content attribute indicates the event (not the event group) that occurred.
1257 This notification content attribute SHALL be part of all notification contents for all
1258 events, so that a notification recipient can determine which event occurred, even though
1259 implementors add their own events and/or other MIBs may use their MIB-specific alert
1260 codes in the "alert-code" notification content attribute. For example, for any Printer
1261 errors, the value of the "event" notification content attribute SHALL be the 'printer-error'
1262 keyword.

1263 ISSUE 21: Ok, that the "event" attribute always occurs in the notification content, even
1264 when there is also the prtAlertCode from the Printer MIB, so that we can add other MIB
1265 alerts in the future, too?

1266 **9.2.1 Job event notification content**

1267 Table 2 shows the notification content attributes that SHALL be included in any
 1268 notification content for a Job event.

1269 **Table 2 - Mandatory attributes for notification content depending on the Job event**

IPP attribute (content)	JMP <u>VarBind</u> object/attribute (content)	<u>Job</u> Event (not Event Group)			
		job-received	job-started-processing, job-held, job-released	job-warning, job-errorproblems	sheet-completed, collated-copy-completed, job-completed, job-aborted, job-canceled, job-entry-expired
<u>Common to Job and Printer events:</u>					
<u>printer-uri</u>	<u>hrDeviceIndex</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>time-at-event</u>	<u>jmAlertTime (new)</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>event</u>	<u>event</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>Specific to Job events:</u>					
<u>job-uri</u>	<u>jmJobSubmissionID</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	-
job-id	jmJobIndex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
number-of-intervening-jobs	jmNumberOfInterveningJobs	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
job-k-octets	jmJobKOctetsPerCopyRequested	-	Yes	Yes	Yes
job-k-octets-processed	jmJobKOctetsProcessed	-	-	Yes	Yes
job-impressions	jmJobImpressionsPerCopyRequested	-	Yes*	Yes*	Yes*
-	impressionsInterpreted	-	-	Yes	Yes
job-impressions-completed	jmJobImpressionsCompleted	-	-	Yes	Yes
copies	jobCopiesRequested	-	-	Yes	Yes
-	impressionsCompletedCurrentCopy	-	-	Yes	Yes
-	sheetCompletedCopyNumber	-	-	Yes	Yes

IPP attribute (content)	JMP <u>VarBind</u> object/attribute (content)	<u>Job Event (not Event Group)</u>			
		job-received	job-started-processing, job-held, job-released	job-warning, job-errorproblems	sheet-completed, collated-copy-completed, job-completed, job-aborted, job-canceled, job-entry-expired
-	sheetCompletedDocumentNumber	-	-	Yes	Yes
-	jobCollationType	-	-	Yes	Yes
-	outputBin	-	-	-	Yes**
job-state	jmJobState	-	-	Yes	-
job-state-reasons	jmJobStateReasons1	Yes	Yes		Yes

1270

1271

'-' indicates that the attribute SHALL NOT be included in the notification content.

1272

1273

* The IPP Printer object will treat jmJobImpressionsPerCopyRequested in the following manner. If explicitly *passed in on submission*, this will be the value used. If there is no value passed in on submission, then the *implicit value, derived from the final number of impressionsInterpreted for the first copy will be used.*

1274

1275

1276

1277

1278

** **outputBin** may be multi-valued

1279

1280

~~*** Depending on the security policy in force, the "job-uri" and "job-id" attributes MAY NOT be sent to some notification recipients. ISSUE: The above table does not contain a number of attributes that the Printer MIB generates on an alert: prtAlertSeverityLevel, prtAlertTrainingLevel, prtAlertLocation, prtAlertDescription, prtAlertTime. Should we add them? To which event?~~

1281

1282

1283

1284

Note: the 'job-delivery' group has different patterns of attributes sent in the notification content, so that the IPP Printer object would have to **registersubscribe** with the SNMP agent using several different SNMP trap OIDs because the VarBind lists must be different.

1285

1286

1287

1288

NOTE: The following objects and attributes have not been included in the fixed set of attributes that SHALL be returned for the indicated reasons (they MAY be requested in implementations that support the "ipp-notify-additional-attributes" attribute):

1289

1290

1291

- 1) "job-state" (JMP jmJobState) - the event indicates the job's new state.

1292

ISSUE 22: But "job-state" does appear in the table for certain events?

1293

ISSUE 23: What about "job-state-reasons"?

- 1294 2) "job-owner" (JMP jobOwner) - the notification recipient should know who the
1295 owner is. Also the owner is a string, so it can be long. The total size of the
1296 content must fit in the maximum size of a PDU for any transport, which is
1297 about 500 octets or so (for IPX).
- 1298 3) For an IPP device, the jmJobSubmissionID is "job-uri", at least the last 47
1299 octets of it.

1300 **9.2.2 Printer event notification content**

1301 Table 3 shows the notification content attributes that SHALL be included in any
 1302 notification content for a Job event. The following sub-sections specify those attributes
 1303 that are neither Printer attributes not Printer MIB alert objects:

1304 **9.2.2.1 "device-name" (name)**

1305 This Printer attribute specifies the device name of the device generating the event. This
 1306 attribute is needed for those IPP Printer objects that support more than one device (so-
 1307 called fan-out). See [ipp-model]. This attribute is being added as a Printer attribute as
 1308 well (see [mib-access]).

1309 The other Printer attributes that are contained in a notification-content are the attributes
 1310 that would be returned in a Get-Printer-Attributes Response, when the "which-device"
 1311 Operation attributes were supplied with the value equal to that of the "device-name"
 1312 attribute. For example, the "printer-state" attribute is returned as if the device identified
 1313 by "device-name" were the only device that the IPP Printer controlled. In other words,
 1314 the Printer attributes returned in a notification are specialized to the device that generated
 1315 the event (see [mib-access] for more explanation of this specialization).

1316 **9.2.2.2 "which-alert-row" (keyword)**

1317 This notification content attribute identifies the row in the Printer MIB alert table. The
 1318 value is a keyword of the form: "prt-row-18-r" where "r" is the decimal digits
 1319 representing the alert row number in the prtAlertTable that was added to generate this
 1320 alert. The value is a keyword that the client MAY supply directly in a Get-Printer-
 1321 Attributes operation to get the entire alert group row that causes this alert.

1322 **Table 3 - Mandatory attributes for notification content depending on the Printer**
 1323 **event**

<u>IPP attribute (content)</u>	<u>Printer MIB VarBind object (content)</u>	<u>Printer Event (not Event Group)</u>		
		<u>printer- report</u>	<u>printer- warning</u>	<u>printer- error</u>
<u>Common to Job and Printer events:</u>				
<u>printer-uri (uri)</u>	<u>hrDeviceIndex</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>time-at-event (integer(0:MAX))</u>	<u>prtAlertTime</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>event (enum)</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>Specific to Printer events:</u>				
<u>device-name</u>	<u>=</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>which-alert-row (keyword)</u>	<u>prtAlertIndex</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-2-r (enum)</u>	<u>prtAlertSeverityLevel</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>

<u>IPP attribute (content)</u>	<u>Printer MIB VarBind object (content)</u>	<u>Printer Event (not Event Group)</u>		
		<u>printer-report</u>	<u>printer-warning</u>	<u>printer-error</u>
<u>prt-att-18-3-r (enum)</u>	<u>prtAlertTrainingLevel</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-4-r (enum)</u>	<u>prtAlertGroup</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-5-r (integer(1:MAX))</u>	<u>prtAlertGroupIndex</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-6-r (integer(-MAX:MAX))</u>	<u>prtAlertLocation</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-7-r (enum)</u>	<u>prtAlertCode</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>prt-att-18-8-r (text(255))</u>	<u>prtAlertDescription</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>printer-state (type1 enum)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yes</u>

1324

1325

'-' indicates that the attribute SHALL NOT be included in the notification content.

1326

1327

ISSUE 24: Ok that I changed the data types that go with prtAlertGroup and prtAlertGroupIndex from keyword back to the ones in the Printer MIB (except time), so that we could use the values returned from the Printer MIB directly.

1328

1329

1330

10 Encoding

1331

The new 'collection' attribute syntax will use the 0x34 tag value that has been reserved in the IPP/1.0: Protocol Specification for this purpose.

1332

1333

1334

11 References

1335

[cohen]

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1347

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1365 & N. Borenstein. November 1996. (Obsoletes RFC1521, RFC1522, RFC1590),
1366 RFC 2046.
- 1367 [url-reg]
1368 R. Petke, Registration Procedures for URL Scheme Names, April 30, 1998, work-
1369 in-progress, <draft-ietf-urlreg-procedures-01.txt>
- 1370 [US-ASCII]
1371 Coded Character Set - 7-bit American Standard Code for Information Interchange
1372 (ASCII), ANSI X3.4-1986. This standard is the specification of the US-ASCII
1373 charset.
- 1374 **12 Copyright Notice**
- 1375 None.
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1403 **14 Appendix - Specification for the IPP collection attribute syntax**

1404 This appendix is the complete specification for the new 'collection' attribute syntax that
1405 the notification specification uses. Other future extensions, both registered and private,
1406 will make use of this new attribute syntax.

1407 This mechanism had originally been named 'dictionary', but we agreed to change it since
1408 the member attributes are not ordered, typically.

1409 **There are two issues highlighted in yellow.**

1410 **14.1 Problem Statement**

1411 There is no good way to add attributes that contain several fields, whether the fields are
1412 mandatory or optional. Instead of each new attribute that needs more than one field
1413 (struct), requiring an ad hoc attribute syntax, such as we have done for the 'resolution'
1414 attribute syntax for use in the "printer-resolution" attribute, it would be desirable to have
1415 a simple, general mechanism for representing multi-field values. It would also be
1416 desirable to allow fields to be omitted, when the attribute specification allows that. This
1417 mechanism would be useful for both new attributes that we might register as extensions
1418 to be used with the IPP standard, or that implementers might implement as private
1419 extensions.

1420 **14.2 Summary of the attribute syntax alternative**

1421 A number of alternatives were considered. See the last section for a list and the reasons
1422 for their rejection.

1423 The proposal is to add a new attribute syntax, called 'collection'. Any attribute of type
1424 'collection' shall have a value that is a set of unordered attributes, where each attribute
1425 MAY be single-valued or multi-valued as specified for the collection attribute. Since the
1426 attribute value has a length, like any other attribute value, IPP objects not supporting the
1427 attribute can easily skip over the entire attribute value, i.e., skip over the entire set of
1428 attributes that make up the collection value.

1429 **14.3 Requirements for and properties of the suggested collection 1430 mechanism**

1431 The collection mechanism for use with IPP needs to have the following semantic
1432 properties:

- 1433 1. The collection mechanism provides a way to supply and query a set of attributes as a
1434 logical unit. Then each 'field' that is present in the collection would be self-
1435 identifying by its attribute name.
- 1436 2. The attributes in a collection are unordered. Therefore, an IPP object MUST be able
1437 to accept attributes in a collection in any order.
- 1438 3. The semantics of a collection attribute specifies which attributes in a collection
1439 instance are MANDATORY for the IPP object to support and which are OPTIONAL
1440 for the IPP object to support when the IPP object supports that collection attribute.

- 1441 4. The semantics of a collection attribute specifies which attributes in a collection
1442 instance are required for the requester to supply and which the requester may omit.
- 1443 5. A collection attribute could be single valued, i.e., with one collection value consisting
1444 of a set of attributes, or could be multi-valued, i.e., with multiple collection values,
1445 each consisting of a set of attributes.
- 1446 6. An attribute in a collection value can be single valued or multi-valued as well
1447 according to the specification of the collection attribute.
- 1448 7. As with all attribute values, if an IPP object does not support a collection attribute, it
1449 must be easy for the IPP object to ignore each collection attribute value.
- 1450 8. The syntax of each collection value is the same as a group of attributes in a request or
1451 response, so each attribute in a collection value instance has its keyword name, its
1452 attribute syntax code, and its value.
- 1453 9. An implementer MAY support additional registered or private attributes in a
1454 collection. In other words, a collection is extensible, just like an attribute group in an
1455 operation or response.
- 1456 10. Since support of all possible combinations of values for all attributes in a collection
1457 value may not be supported by some implementations, there should be a way for the
1458 IPP object to indicate which combinations of values are supported. For example,
1459 300x300, 600x300, and 600x600, but not 300x600 dpi.
- 1460 11. Finally, an attribute in a collection value can be itself a collection, so that nesting
1461 could be allowed, if the specification of a collection attribute allowed a collection
1462 attribute to be contained in its collection.

1463 **14.4 Examples of collection usage**

1464 This section describes four collection Job Template examples: "printer-resolution", "job-
1465 notify", "job-start-page-contents", and "postal-mail-disposition" attributes. The "printer-
1466 resolution" attribute only contains single-valued attributes, while the "printer-resolution-
1467 supported" and "job-notify" attribute contains multi-valued collection attributes, i.e.,
1468 contain more than one collection as a value of an attribute.

1469 **14.4.1 Example a: "printer-resolution" Job Template attribute**

1470 For example, the new "printer-resolution" attribute was defined using a very ad hoc
1471 'resolution' attribute syntax. Had we had the collection attribute syntax, we might have
1472 chosen to use it here, though we wouldn't have had to either. If we did use the 'collection'
1473 attribute syntax for the "resolution", the attribute value would contain the following
1474 attributes: "resolution", "cross-feed-resolution", and "resolution-units". We could have
1475 also specified that the "cross-feed-resolution" attribute is OPTIONAL and when omitted,
1476 the cross-feed resolution is the same as the "resolution" attribute, since most resolutions
1477 are the same in both directions. We could have also specified that the "resolution-units"
1478 attribute is OPTIONAL and when omitted, the resolution units are dots per inch.

1479 **ISSUE 25: Should we also allow the member attributes of a collection to be supplied by**
 1480 **themselves when the client does not want to group them or is that just an unnecessary**
 1481 **alternative form?**

1482 The specification for the "printer-resolution" collection attribute is that its collection
 1483 value is made up of the following attributes:

1484	Attribute name	syntax	in request
1485	-----	-----	-----
1486	"resolution"	integer	required
1487	"cross-feed-resolution"	integer	optional
1488	"resolution-units"	enum	optional

1489 For a simplified collection attribute notation, lets use:

1490 `"collection attribute" = { set of attributes and values }`

1491 where a set of { } is used to group a single collection value.

1492 For example, a client supplying a resolution of 600 x 300 would be indicated in examples
 1493 using the following notation:

1494 `"printer-resolution" = { "resolution" = '600', "cross-feed-resolution" = '300' }`

1495 **14.4.1.1 "printer-resolution-default" example**

1496 The Printer object could represent the "printer-resolution-default" default values as a
 1497 single collection value. For example, a system administrator (or the printer vendor) could
 1498 specify the default as:

1499 `"printer-resolution-default" = { "resolution" = '300' }`

1500 **14.4.1.2 "printer-resolution-supported" example and validation of** 1501 **collections**

1502 The Printer object could indicate the combinations of resolutions that are supported by
 1503 three sets of collection values which represent 300x300, 600x300, and 600x600 dpi,
 1504 respectively (300x600, say, is not supported). Such a configured situation could be
 1505 represented in examples as:

1506 `"printer-resolution-supported" = {`
 1507 `{ "resolution" = '300' },`
 1508 `{ "resolution" = '600', "cross-feed-resolution" = '300' },`
 1509 `{ "resolution" = '600' } }`

1510 **14.4.2 Example b: "job-notify" Operation attribute**

1511 In order to meet the IPP notification requirements, the requester must be able to supply
 1512 one or more notification profile values, where each profile value consists of a set of "job-
 1513 notify-events", one "job-notify-method", multiple "job-notify-recipients", one "job-
 1514 notify-natural-language", one "job-notify-charset", and possibly multiple "job-notify-
 1515 additional-requested-attributes". There might be a similar multi-valued "printer-notify"
 1516 Printer object collection attribute that is set by means outside of the IPP/1.0 protocol, but

1517 is independent of jobs, so that they would specify notification to operators. Both the
 1518 "job-notify" and the "printer-notify" collection attributes are MULTI-VALUED and
 1519 contain attributes that themselves are MULTI-VALUED.

1520 The "job-notify" Operation collection attribute would have collection values with the
 1521 following syntax:

1522	Attribute name	syntax	in request
1523	-----	-----	-----
1524	" job -notify-event-groups"	1setOf enum	optional
1525	" job -notify-recipients"	1setOf uri	required

1526
 1527 A Print-Job request could supply the collection attribute values in order to send
 1528 immediate 'job-aborted' and 'job-canceled' events to Smith (himself) and e-mail 'job-
 1529 completion~~ed~~' to Jones and White. A notation for this example could be to use a set of { }
 1530 to indicate each

```

1531     "job-notify" = { { "job-notify-event-groups" = 'job-abortederrors','job-
1532 canceled'
1533                 "job-notify-recipients" = 'Smith' },
1534             { "job-notify-event-groups" = 'job-completioned'
1535             "job-notify-recipients" = 'Jones', 'White' } }
  
```

1537 14.4.3 Example c: Start page fields supplied by the end-user

1538 As a third example of a collection, an attribute could represent the fields that the
 1539 submitter wishes to be printed on the job-start page. The name of the attribute might be:
 1540 "job-start-page-contents". The collection value might include: "job-name", "user-name",
 1541 "job-comment", "account-name", "job-disposition", "job-delivery", etc. where the values
 1542 of the attributes in the collection are printed after each attribute name on the job-start-
 1543 page.

1544	Attribute name	syntax	in request
1545	-----	-----	-----
1546	"job-name"	name	required
1547	"user-name"	name	required
1548	"job-comment"	text	optional
1549	"account-name"	name	optional
1550	"job-disposition"	keyword	optional
1551	"job-delivery"	1setOf keyword	optional

1552 14.4.4 Example d: Postal mailing address

1553 As a final example of a collection, an attribute could represent a postal mailing address
 1554 for the output. The name of the attribute might be "postal-mail-disposition" and it would
 1555 be multi-valued, i.e., 1setOf collection. The collection attribute might have the following
 1556 specification and support requirements if the "postal-mail-disposition" collection attribute
 1557 is supported at all:

1558	Attribute name	syntax	in request	IPP object support
1559	"addressee-name"	text	required	MANDATORY
1560	"company-name"	text	optional	OPTIONAL

1561	"internal-mail-stop"	text	optional	OPTIONAL
1562	"apartment-number"	text	optional	MANDATORY
1563	"street-address"	text	required	MANDATORY
1564	"city-or-town"	text	required	MANDATORY
1565	"state"	text	required	MANDATORY
1566	"postal-zone"	text	required	MANDATORY
1567	"country"	text	optional	OPTIONAL
1568	"phone-numbers"	1setOf text	optional	OPTIONAL
1569				

1570 **14.5 Detailed description 'collection' attribute syntax**

1571 Register the following attribute syntax, written in the style of section 4.1 Attribute
1572 Syntaxes of the IPP Model specification:

1573 4.1.n 'collection'

1574 A set of unordered attributes, where each attribute MAY be single-valued or multi-valued
1575 as specified for the collection attribute. As in the attribute sets that are passed in
1576 operations, an IPP object SHALL accept the attributes in a collection value in any order
1577 and no attribute SHALL occur more than once in a collection. However, if the same
1578 attribute does occur more than once in a collection by error, the IPP object SHALL reject
1579 the operation and SHALL return the 'client-error - bad syntax' error code.

1580 The specification of the attribute that uses the 'collection' attribute syntax SHALL
1581 specify:

- 1582 1. as with any attribute, whether the attribute is single-valued (attribute syntax =
1583 'collection') or multi-valued (attribute-syntax = '1setOf collection').
- 1584 2. For each attribute in the collection value, whether the IPP object MUST implement
1585 the attribute (MANDATORY) or MAY implement the attribute (OPTIONAL).
- 1586 3. for each attribute in the collection value, whether the attribute's presence is required
1587 or optional.
- 1588 4. for each attribute permitted in the collection value, the completed specification of that
1589 attribute shall be included or inferred by reference to the specification of that attribute
1590 elsewhere, including its keyword name, its attribute syntax, including '1setOf', if it is
1591 multi-valued, and the semantics of the values.
- 1592 5. for each attribute defined in the collection, whether that attribute may also be used
1593 separately by itself. For example, in the "job-notify" example, could the "job-notify-
1594 events" and "job-notify-recipients" attributes occur by themselves in a create
1595 operation, say, when the client is only specifying a single collection or must they
1596 always occur within a collection value.

1597 A collection may contain another collection, i.e., may include an attribute whose attribute
1598 syntax is, itself, a 'collection', if the specification of the (outer) collection attribute allows.

1599 Additional attributes may be registered for use in a collection attribute.

1600 Implementers may support additional private attributes in a collection value.

1601 **ISSUE 26:** What should the maximum size of a collection value be? If it is much bigger
 1602 than the current maximum of 1023 octets, it may not be safely ignored by existing
 1603 parsers. Is 2047 octets sufficiently big, without being a problem to existing parsers?

1604 **14.6 Encoding**

1605 This section shows the encoding for the alternative of representing a collection as a new
 1606 attribute syntax. The following example is written in the style of the IPP/1.0 "Encoding
 1607 and Transport" (nee "Protocol") document.

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x34	collection type	value-tag	"job-notify" attribute
0x000a		name-length	
job-notify	job-notify	name	
0x0062		value-length	98 octets in 1st dict value
0x45	uri type	value-tag	"job-notify-recipients" attribute
0x00115		name-length	
job -notify-recipients	job -notify-recipients	name	
0x002046		value-length	
ipp -tcp-ip-sockets:port=700	ipp -tcp-ip-sockets:port=700	value	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	"job-notify-events" attribute
0x001344		name-length	
job -notify-event-groups	job -notify-event-groups	name	
0x0b		value-length	
job-errors aborted	job-errors aborted	value	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	start of 2nd job-notify-events value
0x0000		name-length	0 length means next multiple value
0x000ee		value-length	
job- anceledco mpletion	job- anceledco mpletion	value	
0x34	collection-type	value-tag	start of 2nd collection value
0x0000		name-length	0 length mean next multiple value

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0xnnnn	0xnnnn	value-length	nnnn octets in 2nd dict value
0x45	uri type	value-tag	"job-notify-recipients" attribute
0x0015 job-notify- recipients	job-notify-recipients	name-length name	
0x000c mailto:smit h	mailto:smith	value-length value	
...			nnnn octets of the next dict value

1608

1609 **14.7 Rejected alternatives for a collection mechanism**

1610 This section lists the alternatives we considered for adding a new attribute syntax to
1611 represent a collection value.

- 1612 1. No maximum length for the new attribute syntax: 'collection'. If an IPP object
1613 supports collection it has to read a piece at a time. If it doesn't it has to be able to
1614 ignore an arbitrarily long data value. See the encoding example in the next section.

1615 Reason for rejection: Not completely compatible with current parsers that have a fixed
1616 buffer size for entities of around 1023 octets, the current IPP data type maximum.

- 1617 2. Have a 2047 octet max length, continueCollection as a second attribute syntax and
1618 endCollection so that dictionaries can nest.

1619 Reason for rejection: More complexity.

- 1620 3. Have a 2047 octet max length but allow repeated instances of an attribute to append
1621 additional collection values.

1622 Reason for rejection: Not the current procedure for duplicate attributes; the IPP Object is
1623 to return an error.

- 1624 4. Add a new group tag to represent a collection value somehow. Groups do NOT have
1625 lengths and existing parsers are supposed to ignore group tags they don't understand.

1626 Reason for rejection: Not completely compatible with existing parsers.

- 1627 5. Add an out-of-band value that indicates that this attribute was the beginning of a
1628 collection and add an attribute that marked the end of the collection value.

1629 Reason for rejection: Not completely compatible with existing parsers. Existing parser
1630 would try to interpret the contents of the collection as regular attributes.

- 1631 6. Extend the attribute naming mechanism to include a collection name and a collection
1632 index for use with multi-valued dictionaries. Use the colon (":") to separate
1633 component names. Thus if foo is a set of dictionaries, then "foo:1:x" is the name that
1634 accesses field x of the 2nd collection of attribute foo (indexing is 0 based). Leaving

1635 off the syntax after either colon, is interpreted as a wild card meaning all values with
1636 the prefix up to the colon.

1637 Reason for rejection: Changing the naming more of a change than is necessary with the
1638 current 1setOf 1setOf proposal, which does not change the naming and does not add an
1639 attribute syntax.

1640 7. Add a numeric instance number to the end of parallel attributes, i.e., "job-notify-
1641 method-supported-1".

1642 Reason for rejection: Not needed to be able to address a particular instance of a parallel
1643 attribute value.

1644 8. Use the semantics of parallel multi-valued attributes that we have in IPP/1.0, such as
1645 we already have for the "printer-uri-supported" and "uri-security-supported" Printer
1646 attributes, in order to achieve the effect of multi-valued dictionaries containing single
1647 values attributes. In order to represent the effect of a collection which contains
1648 attributes that are multi-valued, we only need to introduce the model semantics of:
1649 1setOf 1setOf X as an attribute syntax.

1650 Reason for rejection: Implementation with DPA parallel attributes has shown that it is
1651 too difficult for clients and servers to deal with parallel values. Its much better if the
1652 values in a collection value are all bound together. Also what if the number of values
1653 isn't the same?

1654 9. Calling the new data type a 'dictionary'. Instead, we chose 'collection', since the name
1655 dictionary implies some sort of sorting or ordering.

1656