

1 INTERNET-DRAFT **There is 1 issue highlighted like this**
2 <draft-ietf-ipp-collection-00.txt>

Roger deBry
~~IBM Printing Company~~
T. Hastings
Xerox Corporation
R. Herriot
Xerox Corporation
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9 **Internet Printing Protocol/1.1:** 10 **The 'collection' attribute syntax**

11
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22 **Abstract**

23 This document specifies an OPTIONAL attribute syntax called 'collection' for use with the
24 Internet Printing Protocol/1.0 (IPP) [RFC2565, RFC2566], ~~and~~ IPP/1.1 [ipp-mod, ipp-pro], ~~and~~
25 subsequent versions. A 'collection' is a container holding one or more named values, which are
26 called "member" attributes. A collection allows data to be grouped like a ~~C-struct~~ PostScript
27 dictionary or a Java Map.

28 The full set of IPP documents includes:

29 Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]

30 Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]

31 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)

32 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [IPP-PRO]

33 Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [IPP-IIG]

34 Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

35

36 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
37 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
38 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
39 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
40 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

41 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
42 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
43 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
44 decisions.

45 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
46 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
47 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
48 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
49 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

50 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
51 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of
52 the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
53 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
54 the specification decisions is also included.

55 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
56 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

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81 1 Problem Statement

82 IPP supports most of the common data structures that are available in programming languages. It lacks a
83 mechanism for grouping several values of different types. The ~~C~~Java language uses the ~~struct~~Map to
84 solve this problem and PostScript has a dictionary.

85 2 Solution

86 The IPP 'collection' is a container holding one or more named values (i.e. attributes), which are called
87 member attributes. A collection also has a type name, which identifies the ~~allowed~~ expected member
88 attributes, as does ~~the name of a C struct~~ a subclass of a ~~or~~Java classMap. A collection value is similar to a
89 group, such as an operation group. They both consist of a ~~series~~ set of attributes.

90 The name of each member attribute MUST be unique within a collection, but MAY be the same as the
91 name of a member attribute in another collection type and/or MAY be the same as the name of an attribute
92 that is not a member of a collection.

93 A client or Printer is said to "recognize" collections as a single attribute value if it can determine the
94 beginning and end of a collection value and if it can distinguish attributes within the collection from
95 attributes outside of the collection. In order to support legacy IPP implementations, a client MUST
96 indicate that it "recognizes" collections by including the operation attribute "collection-syntax-recognized"
97 with the value of 'true' in each request. A printer MUST indicate that it "recognizes" collections by
98 supporting the attribute "collection-syntax-recognized" with the value of 'true'. ~~the name of a member~~
99 ~~attribute MUST be different from any attribute in an operation or object unless its semantics are identical to~~
100 ~~those in the operation or object.~~

101 The fact that a Printer recognizes collections does not require the printer to support collection values of
102 attributes that are defined to have values of collections and other attribute syntaxes. For example, if an
103 attribute is defined to have the attribute syntax: (type3 keyword | name | collection), a Printer that
104 recognizes collections MAY support only keyword values of such an attribute. Note: it is not possible to
105 distinguish between two Printers that both recognize collections but one ignores all collection values and
106 the other ignores the collection a client sends it even though it processes some collection values.

107 Each member attribute can have any attribute syntax type, including 'collection', and can be either single-
108 valued or multi-valued. The length of a collection value is not limited. However, the length of each
109 member attribute MUST NOT exceed the limit of its attribute syntax.

110 The member attributes in a collection can be in any order. When a client sends the Printer a collection, the
111 order that the Printer stores the value and the order returned in a response MAY be different from the order
112 sent by the client.

113 Note: ~~If~~ a collection contains two or more member attributes with the same attribute name, the collection is
114 not well formed. The receiver of such a collection ~~can~~ MAY either treat the collection as a bad value or
115 ignore all but one of the identically named member attributes.

116 ~~ISSUE 01: if an attribute is multi-valued, it may be useful for multiple occurrences of an attribute in a~~
117 ~~collection or a group to be equivalent to a single occurrence with the set of all values of the multiple~~
118 ~~occurrences. This rule might be useful for machine-generated attributes where no state is kept.~~

119 3 Definition of a Collection Type

120 When a specification defines an attribute "xxx" whose syntax type is 'collection' or '1setOf collection', it
121 must define following aspects of the collection attribute.

122 1. The name of the attribute "xxx"

123 2. Its syntax type, which includes a collection syntax-type

124 3. Its default-value is specified by

125 a) the attribute's definition

126 b) an attribute, such as "xxx-default", which may have a collection value

127 4. Its supported values, which may be specified by one of:

128 a) the attribute's definition

129 b) a boolean attribute, such as "xxx-supported", which is true if the attribute is supported. The
130 supported values are specified by the attribute's definition which specifies the supported values
131 for each member of a collection or the "yyy-supported" that specifies the value supported for the
132 "yyy" member attribute.

133 c) an attribute, such as "xxx-supported", which contains the explicit collection values and other
134 values supported.

135 ~~4.5.~~ the name of the collection type, whose characters are the same as those for a keyword.

136 ~~2.6.~~ the following information about each "yyy" member attribute "yyy":

137 a) its name, which is a keyword like all attributes. It must be unique within the collection type. ~~It~~
138 ~~must also be unique with respect to operation and object attributes unless its semantics are~~
139 ~~identical to those in the operation or object.~~

140 b) its syntax type, which may be any IPP syntax type, including 'collection'. If the attribute syntax
141 type starts with "1setOf", the member attribute is multi-valued.

142 c) its ~~allowed-supported~~ values, either enumerated explicitly or specified by the values of a
143 referenced attribute which may be specified by either:-

144 - the attribute's definition

- 145 – an attribute, such as "yyy-supported", which contains the explicit values supported. The
146 "yyy-supported" attribute is a Printer attribute and not in a collection. For example, if a
147 collection contains the ~~attribute~~ "media" attribute and its supported values are specified
148 by the ~~attribute~~ "media-supported" attribute, the "media-supported" attribute is the same
149 Printer attribute that the "media" attribute uses.
- 150 d) whether "yyy" ~~is~~ MUST be or MAY be supplied by a client in a request.
- 151 e) ~~its the~~ default value of "yyy" if it is OPTIONAL for a client MAY to supply the "yyy" attribute
152 in a request ~~is~~. The default value is specified by ~~can be stated explicitly or can come from a~~
153 specified attribute either:
- 154 – the attribute's definition
- 155 – an attribute, such as "yyy-default", which may have a collection value
- 156 f) whether "yyy" ~~is~~ MUST be or MAY be supported by the printer.
- 157 g) ~~its the~~ semantics of "yyy".

158 4 Order of Member Attributes

159 The member attributes of a collection value are unordered. A Printer and a client MUST accept member
160 attributes of a collection in any order. Note Therefore, a Printer and a client ~~may~~ MAY send the member
161 attributes of a collection value in any order. A Printer NEED NOT return member attributes to a client in
162 the order received from a client.

163 5 New Operation Attribute

164 5.1 collection-syntax-recognized (boolean)

165 A client MUST include this operation attribute with a value of 'true' in each request if it recognizes the
166 collection-syntax. If a client does not include this operation attribute or its value is not 'true' in a request,
167 then a Printer MUST NOT ~~send~~ return a collection in a response.

168 ISSUE 01: If a Printer creates a notification subscription [ipp-ntfy] with a request that does not include
169 "collection-syntax-recognized" (boolean) operation attribute with a value of 'true', then a Printer MUST
170 NOT send a collection in a Notification to a Notification Recipient?

171 **56** **New Printer Attribute**172 **5-16.1** **collection-syntax-recognized (boolean)**

173 A Printer MUST support this attribute with a value of 'true' if it recognizes the collection-syntax. If a
 174 Printer does not support this attribute or its value is not 'true', then a client MUST NOT send a collection in
 175 a request.

176 **67** **New Out-of-band value**177 **6-17.1** **'none'**

'none'	<u>The specified Job Template attribute in the request MUST NOT be applied to the job. Specifically, this value overrides the Printer's "xxx-default" attribute value for the Job Template attribute, if one exists.</u>
--------	--

178 This "out-of-band" value allows a client to specify "turn-off" a feature that is specified by an attribute
 179 whose value is a collection. Because a client specifies a value, the Printer uses the client-specified value
 180 and not the Printer's default value.

181 If a Printer supports the use of the 'collection' attribute syntax for an attribute, a Printer MUST support the
 182 use of the "out-of-band" value 'none'.

183 A Printer MUST support the "out-of-band" value 'none' as the value for an attribute "xxx" if:

- 184 – the definition of the attribute specifies 'none' MUST be supported AND
- 185 – the definition of the attribute specifies 'none' MAY be supported and it is a value of the attribute
 186 "xxx-supported".

187 **48** **Unsupported Values**

188 The rules for returning an unsupported collection attribute are an extension to the current rules.

189 If a collection contains unrecognized, unsupported member attributes and/or conflicting values, the
 190 attribute returned in the Unsupported Group is a collection containing the unrecognized, unsupported
 191 member attributes, and/or conflicting values. The unrecognized member attributes have an out-of-band
 192 value of 'unsupported' (see the beginning of [ipp-mod] section 4.1). The unsupported member
 193 attributes and conflicting values have their unsupported values.

194 **59** **Encoding**

195 This section defines the encoding of a collection syntax type. A collection is encoded by using three new
 196 tags:

Tag name	Tag value	Meaning
beginCollection	0x34	Begin the named collection.
endCollection	0x37	End the named collection.
sepCollection	0x38	Separate two collections of a multi-valued attribute

197 A collection value is encoded as a sequence of attribute values preceded by a beginCollection value and
 198 followed by an endCollection value. The value field of a beginCollection and an endCollection both
 199 contain the name of the collection type, which is a string of ASCII characters. These values allow a
 200 receiver to optionally match an endCollection value with a beginCollection. A 1setOf collection is encoded
 201 using the rules for 1setOf and collection, ~~except that adjacent endCollection and beginCollection values~~
 202 ~~MUST be combined into a single sepCollection value. Its value field contains the collection type. In a~~
 203 ~~1setOf collection, the endCollection value marks the end of last collection in the 1setOf collection. For~~
 204 ~~legacy reasons, the The name field for the endCollection and sepCollection must be non-empty. The name~~
 205 ~~is arbitrarily assigned to be "e".~~

206 The following example is written in the style of the IPP/1.1 "Encoding and Transport" document [ipp-pro].
 207 The following example is for a job-notify attribute containing a set of 2 collections.

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x34	beginCollection	value-tag	Beginning of the collection
0x000a		name-length	
job-notify	job-notify	Name	
0x000f		Value-length	
job-notify-coll	job-notify-coll	Value	Collection type
0x45	uri type	value-tag	"notify-recipients" attribute
0x0010		name-length	
notify-recipient	notify-recipient	Name	
0x0013		value-length	
ipp-notify:port=700		Value	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	"notify-event-groups" attribute
0x000d		name-length	
notify-events		Name	
0x0d		value-length	
job-completed		Value	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	2nd "notify-event-groups" attribute
0x0000		name-length	0 length means next multiple value
0x0011		value-length	
job-state-changed	job-completion	Value	
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	
0x0000		name-length	
0x000f		value-length	
job-notify-coll		Value	Matches value of beginCollection

Octets	Symbolic Value	Protocol field	comments
0x348	beginCollection	value-tag	Separator between collection values
0x0000+		name-length	
0x000f		value-length	
job-notify-coll		Value	Matches value of beginCollection
0x45	uri type	value-tag	"notify-recipients" attribute
0x0010		name-length	
notify-recipient		Name	
0x0014		value-length	
mailto:smith@foo.com		Value	
0x44	keyword type	value-tag	"notify-event-groups" attribute
0x000d		name-length	
notify-events		Name	
0x0d		value-length	
job-completed		Value	
0x37	endCollection	value-tag	End of last collection
0x0000+		name-length	
0x000f		value-length	
job-notify-coll		Value	Matches value of beginCollection

208 [6.10 Legacy issues](#)

209 [If a client ~~supports~~ recognizes collections in responses, it MUST include the ~~operation attribute~~ "collection-](#)
 210 [syntax-recognized" operation attribute with the value of 'true' in each operation whether or not the request](#)
 211 [contains a collection.](#)

212 [If a Printer ~~supports~~ recognizes collections in requests, it MUST support the ~~attribute~~ "collection-syntax-](#)
 213 [recognized" Printer Description attribute with the value of 'true'.](#)

214 [A client that supports collections MUST NOT send collections in a request to a Printer that does not](#)
 215 [support recognize collections.](#)

216 [A Printer that supports collections MUST NOT ~~send~~ return collections in a response to a client that does not](#)
 217 [support recognize collections.](#)

218 [Although a client or Printer that doesn't ~~support~~ recognize collections will skip over the beginCollection](#)
 219 [and endCollection tags as unrecognized syntax types, the client or Printer will mistakenly assume that the](#)
 220 [member attributes are outside of the unrecognized collection. Thus it is important that clients and Printers](#)
 221 [that don't ~~support~~ recognize collections not receive them. The encoding has been designed to work with](#)
 222 [IPP/1.0 and IPP/1.1 implementations. An IPP/1.0 or IPP/1.1 receiver will treat the three new syntax types,](#)
 223 [beginCollection, endCollection and sepCollection as unrecognized syntax types. A legacy implementation](#)
 224 [is expected to behave as follows:](#)

225 [A beginCollection value appears to be an attribute with an unsupported value.](#)

226 ~~The member attributes that follow the beginCollection appear to be normal attributes within their group~~
227 ~~(e.g. normal for the operation attributes group). If an attribute has the same name as an attribute allowed in~~
228 ~~the group, it is a recognized member of the group (e.g. as a normal operation attribute).~~

229 ~~An endCollection value appears to be an attribute with an unsupported value and unrecognized name "c".~~
230 ~~The same is true for a sepCollection value.~~

231 **711 IANA Considerations**

232 This attribute syntax will be registered with IANA after the WG approves its specification according to the
233 procedures for extension of the IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [ipp-mod] ~~and after IPP becomes a proposed~~
234 ~~IETF standard.~~

235 **812 Internationalization Considerations**

236 This attribute syntax by itself has no impact on internationalization. However, the member attributes that
237 are subsequently defined for use in a collection may have internationalization considerations, as may any
238 attribute, according to [ipp-mod].

239 **913 Security Considerations**

240 This attribute syntax causes no more security concerns than any other attribute syntax. It is only the
241 attributes that are subsequently defined to use this or any other attribute syntax that may have security
242 concerns, depending on the semantics of the attribute, according to [ipp-mod].

243 **1014 References**

244 [ipp-mod]

245 Isaacson, S., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Herriot, R., Powell, P., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model
246 and Semantics" draft-ietf-ipp-model-v11-04.txt, June 23, 1999.

247 [ipp-ntfy~~et~~]

248 Isaacson, S., Martin, J., deBry, R., Hastings, T., Shepherd, M., Bergman, R. " Internet Printing
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252 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Turner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and
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254 ~~[ISO 10175]~~

255 ~~——— ISO/IEC 10175 Document Printing Application (DPA), June 1996.~~

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257 Herriot, R., Butler, S., Moore, P., Tuner, R., "Internet Printing Protocol/1.0: Encoding and
258 Transport", RFC 2565, April 1999.

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265 Zilles, S., "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol",
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- 270 [RFC2616]
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273 15 Author's Addresses

274 Tom Hastings
275 Xerox Corporation
276 737 Hawaii St. ESAE 231
277 El Segundo, CA 90245
278
279 Phone: 310-333-6413
280 Fax: 310-333-5514
281 e-mail: hastings@cp10.es.xerox.com
282

283 Robert Herriot
284 Xerox Corp.
285 3400 Hill View Ave, Building 1
286 Palo Alto, CA 94304
287
288 Phone: 650-813-7696
289 Fax: 650-813-6860
290 e-mail: robert.herriot@pahv.xerox.com
291

292 Roger deBry
293 Utah Valley State College
294 Orem, UT 84058
295
296 Phone: (801) 222-8000
297 EMail: debryro@uvsc.edu

298 **1216 APPENDIX A: Example of collection usage**

299 This section describes one collection Job Template example.

300 **1.4.16.1 "job-notify" Operation attribute**

301 The following example illustrates the definition of a collection attribute for the "job-notify" operation
 302 attribute (see [ipp-ntfy]). Each column of the table corresponds to information that is required for member
 303 attributes. Only the semantics have been omitted.

304 `1.collection type: "job-notify-coll"`305 `members-of-the-collection`

Member name	Member type	Supported-values	Client supplied/ default	Printer support
notify-recipient	uri	notify-recipient- schemes-supported	MUST	MUST
notify-events	1setOf type2 keyword	notify-events- supported	notify-events-default	MUST
subscriber-user-data	octetString(63)	<any octet string>	<empty octetString>	MUST
notify-attributes- charset	charset	charset-supported	attributes-charset in operation group	MAY
notify-attributes- natural-language	naturalLanguage	generated-natural- language-supported	attributes-natural- language in operation group	MAY

306 Note: for the "client supplied/default" column, the default is specified if **it is OPTIONAL for** the client
 307 **MAY** to supply **the member attribute in a request**.

308 **1317 Appendix BA: Full Copyright Statement**

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