



A Project of the PWG IPPFAX Working Group

The IPPFAX/1.0 Protocol

IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group

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Abstract

This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ixf-req] are derived from the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

In summary, IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image Documents between clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305] and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) in all its operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

31 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDFax S
32 Profile as specified in [ifx-pdfax] which is defined for the ‘application/pdf’ document format
33 MIME type . A Print System MAY be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols
34 concurrently, but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

35 This document is a draft of an IEEE-ISTO PWG Proposed Standard and is in full conformance with all
36 provisions of the PWG Process (see: <ftp://ftp.pwg.org/pub/pwg/general/pwg-process.pdf>). PWG Proposed
37 Standards are working documents of the IEEE-ISTO PWG and its working groups. The list of current
38 PWG projects and drafts can be obtained at <http://www.pwg.org>.

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185

186 **1 Introduction**

187 This document specifies the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol. The IPPFAX requirements [ifx-req] are derived from
188 the requirements for Internet Fax [internet-fax-goals].

189 In summary IPPFAX is used to provide a synchronous, reliable exchange of image documents between
190 clients and servers. The primary use envisaged of this protocol is to provide a synchronous image
191 transmission service for the Internet. Contrast this with the Internet FAX protocol specified in [RFC2305]
192 and [RFC2532] that uses the SMTP mail protocol as a transport.

193 IPPFAX is primarily intended as a method of supporting a synchronous, secure, high quality document
194 distribution protocol over the Internet. It therefore discusses paper, pages, scanning and printing, etc.
195 There is, however, no requirement that the input documents comes from actual paper nor is there a
196 requirement that the output of the process be printed paper. The only conformance requirements are those
197 associated with the exchange of data over the network.

198 The IPPFAX/1.0 protocol is a specialization of the IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910] protocol supporting a
199 subset of the IPP operations with increased conformance requirements in some cases, some restrictions in
200 other cases, and some additional REQUIRED attributes. The IPPFAX Protocol uses the 'ippfax' URL
201 scheme (instead of the 'ipp' URL scheme) for all operations. Most of the new attributes defined in this
202 document MAY be supported by IPP Printers as OPTIONAL extensions to IPP as well. Only the attributes
203 defined in this document that start with the "ippfax-" prefix MUST NOT be used in the IPP Protocol (see
204 section 1.3). In addition, IPPFAX/1.0 REQUIRES the support of the IPP Event Notification mechanism
205 [ipp-ntfy] using the 'ippget' Pull Delivery Method [ipp-get-method]. See section 20 for a comparison of
206 IPP and IPPFAX.

207 An IPPFAX Printer object is called a Receiver. A Receiver MUST support at least the PDFax F Profile
208 [ifx-pdfax] which is defined for the 'application/pdf' document format MIME type. A Print System MAY
209 be configured to support both the IPPFAX and IPP protocols concurrently for a single output device (or
210 multiple output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs. Note - It
211 is assumed that the reader is familiar with IPP/1.1 [RFC2911], [RFC2910], [RFC3196], and [ipp-iig-bis].
212 See section 23.

213 An IPPFAX client is called a Sender. The user of the Sender is called the Sending User. The Sending
214 User either (1a) loads the Document into the Sender or (1b) causes the Sender to generate the
215 Document data by means outside the scope of this standard, (2) indicates the Receiver's network
216 location, and (3) starts the exchange.

217 **1.1 Operations used**

218 For each IPPFAX Job, the Sender sends at least the following operations to the Receiver in the
219 following order:

- 220 1. Get-Printer-Attributes - Sender MUST verify that the Printer object is an (IPPFAX) Receiver
221 and SHOULD determine some of the Receiver's basic capabilities, such as PDFax profiles
222 supported.
- 223 2. Validate-Job - Sender MUST verify that the Receiver can support the Job attributes that the
224 Sender will send in the IPPFAX Job.
- 225 3. Print-Job - Sender MUST submit the IPPFAX job with a single document (or MAY send
226 Create-Job & one or more Send-Document operations if the Receiver also supports these
227 operations)
- 228 4. Get-Notifications - The Sender MUST support and MUST use this operation to check for
229 successful job completion unless the Sending User wishes otherwise.

230 **1.2 Typical exchange**

231 This section lists a typical exchange of information between a Sender and a Receiver using the four
232 operations listed in section 1.1.

- 233 1. The Sending User determines the network location of the Receiver (value of the "printer-uri"
234 operation attribute) – see section 4.1. This document does not specify how the Sending User does
235 this. Possible methods include directory lookup, search engines, business cards, network
236 enumeration protocols such as SLP, etc. See section 22 for the Generic Directory Schema for
237 IPPFAX.
- 238 2. The Sending User either (1) loads the Document into the Sender or (2) causes the Sender to
239 generate the Document data by means outside the scope of this document, indicates the Receiver's
240 network location and starts the exchange.
- 241 3. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver is an IPPFAX-capable Printer and
242 SHOULD determine the basic capabilities of the Receiver, including document format, profiles, and
243 profile extensions – see section 7.1.
- 244 4. The Sender decides on the most appropriate data format depending on the Receiver's basic
245 capabilities. The PDFax data formats and profiles are described in detail in the "Universal Image
246 Format (PDFax)" specification [ifx-pdfax].
- 247 5. The Sender MUST validate whether or not the Receiver will accept all of the attributes of the
248 IPPFAX Job from this Sending User using the Validate-Job operation. See section 7.2. If the
249 Receiver rejects the Validate-Job operation, the Sender can avoid sending the data.

- 250 6. The Sender either (1) scans the Document and converts it into an acceptable data format or (2)
251 generates or forwards the Document representation in an acceptable data format – see section 6.6.
- 252 7. As part of the Validation and Job Creation, the following identities are determined and exchanged:
253 Sender, Sending User, Receiver, and Receiving User – see section 8.
- 254 8. The Sender transmits the Document data to the Receiver – see section 9.
- 255 9. The Sending User receives a confirmation that the Receiver received the Document data – see
256 section 9.4.
- 257 10. In addition the Sender **MUST** support and the Sending User **MAY** choose to receive an Event
258 Notification that the Document has been successfully Delivered – see sections 9.3 and 9.6
- 259 If the Sender is unable to initiate or complete the exchange then it is assumed that the Sender will perform
260 some form of retry. The mechanisms used and the user-visible behavior in this case is an implementer’s
261 choice and beyond the scope of this document.

262 1.3 Namespace used for attributes

263 Most of the new attributes defined in this document are intended to be used by both the IPP and IPPFAX
264 protocols. As such, these attributes have neither the “ipp-” nor the “ippfax-” prefix in their names. The
265 few attributes that are intended only for use in the IPPFAX protocol start with the “ippfax-” prefix in order
266 to indicate their limited scope of usage. Such attributes (e.g., “ippfax-versions-supported”) **MUST NOT** be
267 supported by the IPP Protocol, i.e., **MUST NOT** be supported by IPP Printer objects.

268
269 On the other hand, unless explicitly specified otherwise, all existing IPP attributes, including future IPP
270 extensions, apply to the IPPFAX Protocol as well, including attributes which have an “ipp-” prefix. For
271 example, the IPP/1.1 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute (see [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.1.2)
272 and the IPP/1.1 “ipp-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.14) are
273 also used in the IPPFAX protocol, even though they have the “ipp-” prefix.

274 2 Terminology

275 This section defines the following additional terms that are used throughout this standard.

276 2.1 Conformance Terminology

277 Capitalized terms, such as **MUST**, **MUST NOT**, **REQUIRED**, **SHOULD**, **SHOULD NOT**, **MAY**,
278 **NEED NOT**, and **OPTIONAL**, have special meaning relating to conformance to this specification. These
279 terms are defined in [RFC2911] section 13.1 on conformance terminology, most of which is taken from
280 RFC 2119 [RFC2119]. In order to help the reader compare and contrast the IPP and IPPFAX protocols,
281 this document uses lower case “must”, “may” etc., to reproduce IPP Protocol conformance requirements

282 for IPP clients and IPP Printer objects as stated in other documents. If such reproduction in this document
283 contradicts an IPP document, it is a mistake, and that IPP document prevails.

284 **2.2 Other Terminology**

285 This standard defines a logical model of an IPPFAX interchange. The following terms are introduced and
286 capitalized in order to indicate their specific meaning:

287 **IPP Protocol** The protocol defined in [RFC2911] and [RFC2910] and any IPP Protocol Extension
288 document (see section 18). For the IPP/1.1 Protocol each operation request must use the ‘ipp’ URL
289 scheme.

290 **IPPFAX Protocol** The protocol defined in this or a future revision document and any future extension
291 document. For the IPPFAX Protocol each operation request **MUST** use the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see
292 section 4.1 and 16). Unless a specific version number is appended to “IPPFAX”, such as “IPPFAX/1.0”,
293 the term IPPFAX applies to all versions.

294 **Printer object (or Printer)** A hardware or software entity that accepts protocol operation requests and
295 returns protocol responses. A Printer object **MAY** be: (1) an IPP Printer object or (2) an IPPFAX Printer
296 object, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION** (see section 3.3), but **MUST NOT** be both (since they
297 support some different operations and attributes and are really two different kinds of Print Services). A
298 Printer object **MAY** support multiple URLs with different security, authentication, and/or access control
299 (see [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, 4.4.3, and 8). However, each URL for a Printer object **MUST**
300 support the same operations and attributes with the same values, except as restricted depending on the
301 security, authentication, and/or access control implied by the URL. In other words, each URL for a given
302 Printer object is offering the same Print Service.

303 Note: For brevity, this document uses the term “Receiver” instead of “IPPFAX Printer object”.
304 This document uses the term “Printer object” (and “Printer”) when the statement is intended to
305 apply to a Printer object that **MAY** support the IPP Protocol or the IPPFAX protocol (but not both).

306 **Print Service** The print functionality offered by a Printer object. Several different Printer objects **MAY**
307 offer the same Print Service.

308 **IPP Printer object** A Printer object that supports the IPP Protocol and offers the IPP Print Service (by
309 definition).

310 **Receiver** The Printer object that accepts IPPFAX protocol operations and receives the Document sent by
311 the Sender. A Receiver offers the IPPFAX Print Service (by definition).

312 **Print System** All of the Printer objects on a single managed host network node. A Print System **MAY**
313 support IPP and IPPFAX protocols concurrently (see section 3.3) for a single output device (or multiple
314 output devices), but each protocol requires separate Printer objects with distinct URLs.

315 **client** A hardware and/or software entity that initiates protocol operation requests and accepts responses.
316 A client **MAY** be: (1) an IPP client, (2) an IPPFAX client, or (3) both. However, this document uses the

- 317 term “Sender”, instead of “IPPFAX client”. This document uses the term “client” when the statement is
318 intended to apply to a client that MAY support the IPP Protocol, the IPPFAX protocol, or both protocols.
- 319 **IPP client** A client that uses the IPP Protocol to interact with an IPP Printer object.
- 320 **Sender** A client that uses the IPPFAX Protocol to query a Receiver and transmit a Document to that
321 Receiver.
- 322 **Document** The electronic representation of a set of one or more pages that the Sender sends to the
323 Receiver.
- 324 **Sending User** The person interacting with the Sender.
- 325 **Receiving User** The intended human recipient of the Document being sent by the Sender to the Receiver.
- 326 **Attribute Coloring** The changing of attributes and/or values returned by a single Printer object in a Get-
327 Printer-Attributes response depending on operation attributes supplied in the request, specifically the
328 “document-format” (see section 5.1 and [RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1) and “pdfax-profile-requested”
329 operation attributes.
- 330 **Job Creation Operation** The IPP or IPPFAX operations that creates IPP or IPPFAX Jobs, respectively,
331 i.e., the Print-Job, Print-URI, and Create-Job operations (see [RFC2911]).
- 332 **IPP Job** A job submitted by an IPP client to an IPP Printer object using the IPP Protocol.
- 333 **IPPFAX Job** A job submitted by a Sender to a Receiver using the IPPFAX Protocol.
- 334 application/pdf
- 335 application/pdf**PDFax** The file format defined by [ifx-pdfax].
- 336 **PDFax Profile** The set of PDFprofiles with higher conformance requirements and relaxed constraints for
337 improved quality (see [ifx-pdfax]).
- 338 **Delivered** The Receiver has either printed the Document and delivered the last sheet to the output bin or
339 has forwarded the Document to some other system.
- 340 The terminology defined in [RFC2911], such as **attribute, operation, request, response, operation**
341 **attribute, Printer Description attribute, Job Description attribute, integrity, and privacy** is also used
342 in this document with the same capitalization conventions and semantics.
- 343 The terminology defined in the IPP “Event Notifications and Subscriptions” specification [ipp-ntfy] and
344 “The ‘ippget’ Delivery Method for Event Notifications” specification [ipp-get-method], such as **Event**
345 **Notification, Event, Subscription Object, Per-Job Subscription, Per-Printer Subscription, Push**
346 **Delivery Method, and Pull Delivery Method** is also used in this document with the same capitalization
347 conventions and semantics.

348 **3 IPPFAX Model**

349 This sub-section defines the IPPFAX Model and its relationship to the IPP Protocol and Model.

350 **3.1 Printer Object Relationships**

351 A Print System MAY support one or more Printer objects on a single network host. RFC 2911 [RFC2911]
352 defines the relationship between Printer objects and output devices to be many to many (see [RFC2911]
353 section 2.1). So one Printer object can represent one or more output devices and an output device can be
354 represented by one or more Printer objects. The same relationships hold for the IPPFAX Protocol so that
355 the relationship between Receivers and output devices is many to many.

356 **3.2 A Printer object with multiple URLs**

357 For a Printer object that has multiple URLs, the multiple URLs MUST only be aliases for the Printer
358 object, not connections to different Print Services. In other words, the semantics of operations and
359 attributes accessed by the different URLs for a given Printer object MUST differ only in the security,
360 authentication, and/or access control depending on the URL used.

361 The three parallel “printer-uri-supported” (1setOf uri), “uri-authentication-supported” (1setOf type2
362 keyword), and “uri-security-supported” (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attributes (see
363 [RFC2911] sections 4.4.1, 4.4.2, and 4.4.3, respectively) MUST contain the URLs, authentication, and
364 security, respectively, supported by the Printer object. See also the OPTIONAL “printer-xri-supported”
365 (collection) Printer Description attribute [ipp-set-ops], which, if supported, MUST be used to set these
366 three parallel attributes using the protocol.

367 Note: For a Printer object that supports multiple URLs, neither the IPP/1.1 protocol nor the IPPFAX/1.0
368 protocol provides a way for the administrator to Set or Get the values of Printer attributes whose values
369 MAY depend on the URL used and/or MAY depend on the authenticated role of the requesting user. So,
370 for example, there is no way to set the differing values of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see
371 section 6.5) that depend on the URL using the IPP or IPPFAX protocol. Providing such means is left for
372 future work as a single specification for use by both IPP and IPPFAX.

373 **3.3 A Print System supporting both IPP and IPPFAX protocols**

374 From section 3.2, if a Print System supports both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST do so with separate Printer
375 objects, not with a single Printer object with IPP and IPPFAX URLs. Each such Printer object MUST
376 support either IPP or IPPFAX, but not both. In other words, each URL for a Printer object MUST have the
377 same scheme, namely, ‘ipp’ or ‘ippfax’, i.e., MUST NOT have some URLs with the ‘ipp’ scheme and other
378 URLs with the ‘ippfax’ scheme. The reason for this requirement for separate Printer objects for IPP and
379 IPPFAX is because a URL and its Printer object is intended to represent a network resource offering a
380 particular type of service, not several different types of services.

381 Note: it is possible to support IPP and IPPFAX Printer objects with a single piece of code in a Print
382 System with conditional branching to handle the differences in conformance requirements between IPP and
383 IPPFAX. For example, such conditional branching could depend on the “printer-uri” operation attribute
384 supplied by the client in each request to the Print System. See section 20 for a comparison of IPP/1.1 and
385 IPPFAX/1.0.

386 **4 Common IPPFAX Operation Attribute Semantics**

387 This section describes the IPPFAX/1.0 operation attribute semantics that are common to all operations.
388 IPPFAX/1.0 does not define any new operations. Instead, IPPFAX/1.0 semantics are provided using
389 existing IPP operations [RFC2911], [ipp-ntfy], [ipp-get-method], [ipp-set-ops], etc. with increased
390 conformance requirements as specified in this document.

391 **4.1 printer-uri (uri) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.1.5)**

392 This operation attribute specifies the transfer path to the Receiver for the operation. As in IPP/1.1, the
393 client **MUST** supply the “printer-uri” operation attribute in every IPPFAX request (see [RFC2911] section
394 3.1.5). For IPPFAX, the attribute value **MUST** be a URL using the ‘ippfax’ scheme (see section 16)
395 specifying the Receiver’s network location.

396 The following is an example value of the target “printer-uri” operation attribute and “printer-uri-supported”
397 Printer Description attribute:

398 `ippfax://www.acme.com/ippfax-printers/printer5`

399 As in all URLs, the scheme identifies the protocol. For example, if a client supports both the IPP and
400 IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme in the “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies
401 indicates the protocol and determines whether the client intends the Print System to use IPP or IPPFAX
402 semantics. Similarly, if a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, then the URL scheme
403 in the target “printer-uri” operation attribute that the client supplies **MUST** determine the protocol, the
404 Printer object, and the semantics that the Print System performs.

405 As in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] for each operation, the Receiver **NEED NOT** validate that the “printer-uri”
406 operation attribute is present and that the value supplied by the Sender matches one of the Receiver’s
407 “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute (see section 6.1). For URI matching rules see section
408 16.7. If the Receiver does validate the “printer-uri” operation attribute and the URI value supplied does not
409 match any value of the Receiver’s “printer-uri-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver
410 **MUST** reject the request, return the ‘client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported’ status code, and return
411 the attribute and value in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

412 **4.2 version-number parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8)**

413 This IPP/1.1 operation parameter ([RFC2911] section 3.1.8) specifies the major and minor version number
414 of the IPP Protocol being used *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*. As in IPP/1.1, the Sender MUST supply
415 this parameter in every request and the Receiver MUST return this parameter in every response.

416 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the IPP “version-number” parameter
417 MUST be ‘1.1’ or a higher minor version number. The value is represented as 0x0101 (see [RFC2910])
418 where the major version number comes first (so-called “network byte order”).

419 If the Receiver does not support the supplied IPP major version *as part of the IPPFAX protocol*, the
420 Receiver MUST respond as specified in [RFC2911] section 3.1.8 with the ‘server-error-version-not-
421 supported’ status code. As in IPP/1.1, if the major version number is supported, but the minor version
422 number is not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the
423 operation is not supported), else the Receiver MUST reject the request and returns the ‘server-error-
424 version-not-supported’ status code. In all cases as in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST return the “version-
425 number” parameter with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the
426 client in the “version-number” parameter in the request.

427 **4.3 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

428 The value of this operation attribute indicates the version of the IPPFAX Protocol and encoding that the
429 Sender is requesting and the Receiver is returning. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in
430 every request and the Receiver MUST return this operation attribute in every response. This operation
431 attribute MUST be placed in the Operation Attributes Group *immediately* after the operation attributes
432 whose order is specified in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911]. The semantics of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
433 attribute serves the same purpose for the IPPFAX Protocol as the IPP/1.1 “version-number” parameter
434 serves for the IPP Protocol (see [RFC2911] section 3.1.8).

435 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
436 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘ippfax-version-number’ attribute name
437 keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

438 For IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document, the value of the “ippfax-version-number” operation
439 attribute MUST be ‘1.0’ keyword value. By including an IPPFAX version number in the client request, it
440 allows the Sender to identify which version of IPPFAX the Sender is requesting to be used, i.e., the version
441 whose conformance requirements the Sender may be depending upon the Receiver to meet.

442 The Receiver MUST indicate the IPPFAX versions supported using the “ippfax-versions-supported”
443 (1setOf type2 keyword) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.3).

444 As in IPP/1.1, if the Receiver does not support the major version number supplied by the Sender, i.e., the
445 major version field of the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute does not match any of the values of
446 the Printer’s “ippfax-versions-supported” (see section 6.3), the Receiver MUST respond with a status code
447 of ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ along with the closest version number that is supported (see
448 [RFC2911] section 13.1.5.4). If the major version number is supported, but the minor version number is

449 not, the Receiver SHOULD accept and attempt to perform the request (or reject the request if the operation
450 is not supported), else it rejects the request and returns the ‘server-error-version-not-supported’ status code.
451 In all cases, the Receiver MUST return the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute in the response
452 with the value that it supports that is closest to the version number supplied by the Sender in the request.

453 There is no version negotiation per se. However, if after receiving a ‘server-error-version-not-supported’
454 status code from a Receiver, a Sender SHOULD try again with a different version number. A Sender MAY
455 also determine the versions supported either from a directory (see section 22) or by querying the Printer
456 object’s “ipp-versions-supported” (see section 6.2) and “ippfax-versions-supported” attributes (see section
457 6.3) to determine which IPP and IPPFAX versions are supported, respectively, as part of IPPFAX.

458 The Sender MUST send and the Receiver MUST check both the IPP (see section 4.2) and IPPFAX version
459 numbers supplied by the Sender in each request, not just the IPPFAX version number.

460 **5 Get-Printer-Attributes operation semantics**

461 The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as defined in [RFC2911] as extended by
462 the semantics defined in this section.

463 **5.1 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5.1)**

464 This operation attribute identifies the document-format for which the Receiver MUST return the supported
465 values of the requested attributes. The semantics of this Get-Printer-Attributes operation attribute is the
466 same as for IPP ([RFC2911] section 3.2.5), with the following conformance requirement changes:

- 467 1. The Sender SHOULD supply the “document-format” operation attribute (IPP client may).
- 468 2. The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the requested (or defaulted) document
469 format (IPP Printer may).
- 470 3. Standard mimeMediaType values are defined in section 6.6.

471 **5.2 pdfax-profile-requested (type2 keyword) operation attribute**

472 This operation attribute specifies one PDFax Profile (see [ifx-pdfax]). The Sender SHOULD supply the
473 “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attribute in the Get-Printer-Attributes request if the document-format
474 supplied is ‘application/pdf’. The Receiver MUST support this operation attribute in a Get-Printer-
475 Attributes operation.

476 If the PDFax Profile supplied by the Sender is not supported (value not contained in the Receiver’s “pdfax-
477 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute - see section 6.7), the Receiver MUST reject the operation
478 and return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code.

479 The Receiver MUST perform Attribute Coloring for the attributes returned as indicated in Table 1 and
480 Table 2 depending on the value of the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation
481 attributes supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request.

482 If the Sender omits this attribute, the Receiver responds as if the Sender had supplied the PDFax F Profile
483 (keyword value ‘pdfax-f’) that is REQUIRED for all Receivers to support and performs Attribute Coloring
484 for that profile. Note: There is no “pdfax-profile-default” attribute defined for Get-Printer-Attributes (or
485 for Job Creation operations).

486 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

487 **6 IPPFAX Printer Description Attributes**

488 This section defines the IPPFAX Printer Description attributes and the IPP Printer Description attributes
489 whose semantics are augmented for IPPFAX.

490 Table 1 lists all the IPPFAX conformance requirements for IPP and IPPFAX Printer Description attributes
491 whose semantics are defined in this document. The Receiver conformance requirements for Attribute
492 Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-
493 requested” operation attribute values supplied by the client is indicated in the column labeled “Attribute
494 Coloring”.

495 Table 2 lists the other Printer Description attributes defined in IPP/1.1 [RFC2911] or IPP Notifications
496 [ipp-ntfy] that are not in Table 1. The Printer Description attributes in Table 2 have the same conformance
497 requirements as in [RFC2911] and [ipp-ntfy], as shown in Table 2. Any other Printer Description attributes
498 defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

499 A Sender MUST NOT use any OPTIONAL feature in PDFax unless it first queries the Receiver to confirm
500 that the Receiver supports the feature. If the feature is not supported in the Receiver then the Sender
501 MUST NOT use the OPTIONAL feature. A Sender MUST NOT use any feature that is prohibited in
502 PDFax [ifx-pdfax] specification.

503 See section 9.2 for the Receiver conformance requirements for the “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default”, and
504 “xxx-ready” Job Template Printer attributes.

505

Table 1 - Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Section
printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.1, 8.4
ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) *	must	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.2
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	MUST NOT	MUST**	MUST NOT	6.3
printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.4
operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.5
document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) *	must	MUST	MUST NOT	6.6
pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.7
pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))	may	MUST	MUST	0
pdfax-color-spaces-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.9
pdfax-data-encryption-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	may	MUST	MUST	6.10
pdfax-jbig2-cache-size-k-octets-supported (integer(2048:MAX))	may	MUST	MUST	6.11

506 * These IPP/1.1 attributes are defined in [RFC2911], but have enhanced semantics defined in this
507 document.

508 ** A Printer object that supports IPPFAX MUST NOT support IPP as well, but MUST support the “ipp-
509 versions-supported” attribute to indicate the version(s) of IPP that are supported *as part of IPPFAX*
510 *operations*. A Print System that supports both IPP and IPPFAX MUST support them as separate
511 Printer objects (see section 3.3).
512

513

Table 2 - Additional Printer Description attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax)	IPP Printer support	Receiver support	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Spec
uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-name (name(127))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-location (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-info (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-driver-installer (uri)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-make-and-model (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-more-info-manufacturer (uri)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state (type1 enum)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-reasons (1setOf type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-message (text(MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-document-jobs-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-configured (charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
natural-language-configured (naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
document-format-default (mimeMediaType)	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
queued-job-count (integer(0:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-message-from-operator (text(127))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
color-supported (boolean)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
reference-uri-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pdfl-override-supported (type2 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
printer-up-time (integer(1:MAX))	must	MUST	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-current-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
multiple-operation-time-out (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
compression-supported (1setOf type3 keyword)	must	MUST	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-k-octets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-impressions-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-media-sheets-supported (rangeOfInteger(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
pages-per-minute-color (integer(0:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
printer-state-change-time (integer(1:MAX))	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]
printer-state-change-date-time (dateTime)	may	MAY	MUST NOT	[ipp-ntfy]

514

515 **6.1 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.1)**

516 This attribute contains the set of target URIs that the Receiver supports, i.e., the URI values that a client
517 can supply as values of the “printer-uri” target operation attribute in requests. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver
518 MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1). However, a single Printer
519 object MUST NOT support both ‘ipp’ and ‘ippfax’ schemed URIs. Therefore, the schemes MUST all be
520 ‘ipp’ or all ‘ippfax’. In order for a Print System to support both IPP and IPPFAX, it MUST use separate
521 Printer objects (see section 3.3).

522 If a Print System supports both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, it is RECOMMENDED that the Print
523 System support Printer objects whose target URIs differ only in the scheme. Then a client that queries the
524 “printer-uri-supported” attribute of one of the Printer objects with one of these two protocols, can query the
525 same Print System with the other protocol just by changing the scheme to see if the other protocol is
526 supported (as a separate Printer object).

527 The Receiver MUST support the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme (see section 16) and only the ‘ippfax’ URL scheme
528 for this attribute (see section 3.3).

529 **6.2 ipp-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.14)**

530 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPP Protocol that this Receiver supports as part of the
531 IPPFAX Protocol (rather than indicating that the Receiver supports the IPP Protocol), including major and
532 minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the conformance requirements.
533 The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. The Receiver MUST compare the “version-
534 number” parameter (see section 4.2), with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the
535 Printer supports the IPP version requested by the Sender *as part of the IPPFAX Protocol*.

536 Standard keyword values are (from [RFC2911]):

537 ‘1.1’: The “IPP part” of the IPPFAX operations meets the protocol and encoding conformance
538 requirements of IPP version 1.1 as specified in [RFC2911], [RFC2910], and IPP extensions.

539

540 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for
541 keywords, by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter.

542 **6.3 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

543 This attribute identifies the version or versions of the IPPFAX Protocol that this Receiver supports,
544 including major and minor versions, i.e., the version numbers for which this Receiver meets the
545 conformance requirements. The support of this attribute indicates that this Printer object is a Receiver as
546 opposed to an IPP Printer object. The Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute. An IPP
547 Printer object MUST NOT support this attribute, since a Printer object MUST NOT support both IPP and
548 IPPFAX (see section 3.3).

549 The Receiver MUST compare the “ippfax-version-number” operation attribute (see section 4.3) supplied
550 by the Sender in each request, with the values of this attribute in order to determine whether the Receiver
551 supports the IPPFAX version requested by the Sender.

552 Since a Printer object MUST NOT support both the IPP and IPPFAX protocols, there is no ambiguity with
553 requiring a Receiver to support both the “ipp-versions-supported” and “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer
554 Description attributes (see sections 6.2 and 6.3). If a Printer object supports the “ipp-versions-supported”
555 attribute, but not the “ippfax-versions-supported” attribute, then by definition that Printer object supports
556 the IPP Protocol. If a Printer object supports the “ippfax-versions-supported” Printer Description attribute,
557 then by definition that Printer object is a Receiver and supports the IPPFAX Protocol and not the IPP
558 Protocol. For such a Printer object, the “ipp-versions-supported” attribute indicates the versions of IPP that
559 it supports *as part of IPPFAX operations*, rather than indicating that it supports the IPP Protocol (by itself).

560 Standard keyword values are:

561 ‘1.0’: Meets the conformance requirements of IPPFAX version 1.0 as specified in this document.

562

563 Note: As in [RFC2911] section 4.4.14, these version keyword values violate the syntax for
564 keywords, by starting with an ASCII digit, instead of an ASCII lower case letter. However, for
565 consistency with IPP, these IPPFAX version keyword values are defined compatibly with the IPP
566 version keyword values.

567 **6.4 printer-is-accepting-jobs (boolean) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.23)**

568 This attribute indicates whether or not the Receiver is currently accepting (IPPFAX) Job Creation requests.
569 As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section
570 4.4.23).

571 See section 10.4 for a discussion of how the Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer administrative operations,
572 if implemented, affect the value of this attribute.

573 **6.5 operations-supported (1setOf type2 enum) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.15)**

574 This attribute identifies the set of supported operations for this Receiver and contained Job objects. As in
575 IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.15).

576 The values of this attribute MAY depend on the URL supplied in the “printer-uri” operation attribute
577 and/or MAY depend on the authority of the authenticated requesting user. For example, a Receiver the
578 supports administrative operations MUST NOT support administrative operations for use by end users, but
579 such a Receiver MAY return the administrative operation enums to end users. For example, if an end user
580 queries a Printer that supports the Disable-Printer administrative operation, it MAY either (1) return the
581 Disable-Printer enum or (2) use Attribute Coloring and not return the Disable-Printer enum to the end user.
582 In either case, if an administrator queries the same Printer, it MUST return the Disable-Printer enum.

583 **6.6 document-format-supported (1setOf mimeType) ([RFC 2911] section 4.4.22)**

584 This attribute identifies which document formats the Receiver supports. As in IPP/1.1, the Receiver MUST
585 support this Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.22).

586 Since most document formats don't give the "blind interchange" guarantee of document presentation
587 fidelity for all implementations and configurations, the IPPFAX document formats supported MUST be a
588 subset of the IPP document formats supported.

589 TODO: (Some of the following table does not apply, what should be here instead?)

590 Standard mimeType values for IPPFAX jobs is limited to 'application/pdf' which both the Sender
591 and Receiver MUST support.

592

593 **6.7 pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

594 This attribute identifies which black/white, grayscale, and color PDFax Profiles the Receiver supports. A
595 Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute.

596 This attribute only applies to PDFax profiles. Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be returned if the
597 "document-format" operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request does
598 not support PDFax Profiles.

599 See [ifx-pdfax] Tables 3-1 and 3-4 for the definition of each of these PDFax Profiles and the inter-
600 dependency requirements for PDFax Profile support. The values of this attribute MUST conform to the
601 inter-dependency requirements in [ifx-pdfax] for PDFax Profile support (for example, PDFax Profile F
602 MUST be supported and PDFax Profile C MUST be supported if PDFax Profile M is supported, so the
603 'pdfax-f' keyword MUST always be present and the 'pdfax-c' keyword MUST be present if the 'pdfax-m'
604 keyword is present).

605 Standard keyword values are shown in Table 3. Refer to Table 3-1 in [ifx-pdfax] for details on Sender
606 (Creator) and Receiver (Renderer) support. All profiles have a IANA registered MIME Media Type of
607 'application/pdf' and File Name Extension Suffix of '.pdf':

608 **Table 3 - PDFax Profile keywords**

Keyword	Description (see [ifx-pdfax])
pdfax-f	PDFax Profile F
pdfax-t	PDFax Profile T
pdfax-c	PDFax Profile C
pdfax-cg	PDFax Profile C with gray-scale subset
pdfax-d	PDFax Profile L
pdfax-dg	PDFax Profile D with gray-scale subset
pdfax-m	PDFax Profile M

609

610 **6.8 pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX))**

611 This attribute contains a UPDFcapability string expression as defined in [ifx-pdfax] Appendix A (TODO:)
612 for PDFax Profiles. A Receiver MAY support this Printer Description attribute. This attribute is intended
613 to convey the capabilities of the Receiver that exceed the minimum requirements, if any, for each supported
614 PDFax Profile.

615 This attribute does not apply to additional document formats and profiles besides the PDFax Profiles.
616 Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT be returned if the “document-format” operation attribute supplied by
617 the Sender in the Get-Printer-Attributes request does not support PDFax Profiles.

618 Each value MUST end with explicit White Space where UPDF allows White Space to occur. However,
619 there is no need to break a UPDF expression into more than one value if it all fits into 1023 octets of a
620 single text value (MAX = 1023).

621 The values taken together MUST conform to the minimum value in [ifx-pdfax], plus any additional
622 capabilities that the Receiver supports. Thus a Sender can determine additional capabilities above the
623 minimum for the PDFax Profiles that the Receiver supports (see section 6.7).

624 **6.9 pdfax-color-spaces-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

625 This attribute identifies which color spaces that the Receiver supports. A Receiver MUST support this
626 Printer Description attribute.

627 This attribute only applies to PDFax color profiles “c”, “d” and “m”. Therefore, this attribute MUST NOT
628 be returned if the “document-format” operation attribute supplied by the Sender in the Get-Printer-
629 Attributes request does not support PDFax.

630 See [ifx-pdfax] for the definition of each of these color spaces and the related PDFax Profiles and the
 631 inter-dependency requirements for the color spaces and PDFax Profile support. The values of this attribute
 632 MUST conform to the inter-dependency requirements in [ifx-pdfax].

633 **Table 4 – Color Space keywords**

Keyword	Description (see [ifx-pdfax])
“Cal”	CalGray, CalRGB
“Lab”	Lab
“ICC”	ICCBased
“Indexed”	Indexed

634

635 **6.10 pdfax-data-encryption-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)**

636 This attribute identifies which data encryption methods are supported by the Receiver. A Receiver MUST
 637 support this Printer Description attribute.

638 See [ifx-pdfax] for the definition of each of these methods. The values of this attribute MUST conform to
 639 the requirements in [ifx-pdfax].

640 **Table 5 – Data Encryption keywords**

Keyword
“Standard”
“PPKLite”
“Digital-Signature”

641

642 **6.11 pdfax-jbig2-cache-size-k-octets-supported (integer(2048:MAX))**

643 This attribute identifies how many k-octets of RAM are available guaranteed to be available to cache
 644 uncompressed JBIG2 objects. A Receiver MUST support this Printer Description attribute if it also
 645 supports JBIG2. The minimum amount of memory that a Receiver must support is 2Meg of RAM. A
 646 Sender MUST query this attribute if it wishes to cache more than 2 Meg of uncompressed data.

647 See [ifx-pdfax] for the definition and management of the cache.

648

649 **7 Sender Validation of the Receiver's Capabilities**

650 This section describes how a Sender MUST first validate the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its
651 basic capabilities (section 7.1) and then validate the IPPFAX Job (section 7.2).

652 **7.1 Sender Validates the target Printer as a Receiver and determines its basic capabilities**

653 The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is a valid Receiver using the Get-Printer-Attributes
654 operation as indicated in Table 6. The Sender SHOULD determine the Receiver's basic capabilities before
655 generating the document data in order to ensure the best rendering the document as intended by the Sender
656 before submitting an IPPFAX job as indicated in Table 6. The Sender MUST NOT rely solely on the
657 IPPFAX Validate-Job operation followed by the IPPFAX Job Creation operation, since an IPP/1.1 (or
658 IPP/1.0) Printer MAY accept both IPPFAX operations (but not perform IPPFAX semantics).

659 If the Sender requests these attributes using Get-Printer-Attributes and some of them are not returned, then
660 the Sender MUST query the Sending User to inform that person that the Printer does not accept IPPFAX
661 Jobs, so that the Sender has the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see
662 section 6.1) and then query the Sending User if it OK to use the IPP Protocol.

663 The order of presentation in Table 6 is the likely order that a Sender would check the values, though the
664 Sender can request all of the attributes in a single Get-Printer-Attributes operation (and the Receiver MAY
665 return them in any order as specified in [RFC2911]).

666

Table 6 - Receiver Attributes that the Sender validates with Get-Printer-Attributes

Attribute	Ref.	Sender action
operation attributes:		
printer-uri	4.1	Sender MUST validate whether or not the Get-Printer-Attributes operation with a "printer-uri" target URL using the 'ippfax' scheme locates a valid Receiver destination.
Printer Description attributes:		
ippfax-versions-supported	6.3	Sender MUST check whether the Printer supports the IPPFAX Protocol on the target URL by checking whether or not the Printer supports this attribute, i.e., validate that the Printer is a Receiver.
operations-supported	6.5	If the Sender is going to use any operations that are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support (such as Create-Job, Send-Document), the Sender SHOULD validate that the Receiver supports such operations (though the Printer MUST return an error if the client attempts to use an operation that the Printer doesn't support).
document-format-supported	6.6	Sender SHOULD** check which document formats the Receiver supports.
pdfax-profiles-supported	6.7	Sender SHOULD** check which PDFax Profiles the Receiver supports, if the Sender uses any PDFax profiles other than 'pdfax-f'.
pdfax-profile-capabilities	0	Sender MUST check which OPTIONAL capabilities of each PDFax Profile the Receiver supports if the Sender uses any feature that is OPTIONAL for a PDFax Profile. The Sender MUST make this check, since profile capabilities are represented as UPDF expressions (see [ifx-pdfax]) which the Validate-Job operation cannot check.
Job Template Printer attributes:		
media-supported	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD** check which media is supported, if the Sender specifies a particular media.
media-ready	9.2.1.1	Sender SHOULD check which media is ready (loaded, i.e., needs no human intervention to use).
printer-resolutions-supported	9.2.2.1	Sender SHOULD** check which resolutions are supported, so that it can use the highest resolution supported by the Receiver.

667 ** SHOULD** indicates that the Sender SHOULD check, but that if the Sender doesn't, then the Validate-
668 Job operation will catch any unsupported attributes or values and reject the operation.

669 7.2 Validating the Printer's IPPFAX capabilities using the Validate-Job operation

670 After validating that the Printer is a Receiver (section 7.1), the Sender MUST validate the job attributes
671 using the Validate-Job operation (that doesn't include any Document data) before sending the IPPFAX Job
672 with the same attributes using an IPPFAX Job Creation operation that includes the Document data. The
673 Sender MUST supply all the same operation and Job Template attributes in the Validate-Job request as it
674 will supply in the subsequent Job Creation request (see section 9).

675 The Sender MUST supply the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with a ‘true’ value (see
 676 [RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1 and 15.1) in both the Validate-Job and the Job Creation operations. Then the
 677 Receiver will reject the request if any of the Job Template attributes and values are not supported, thereby
 678 ensuring that the document is printed as intended. If the Validate-Job is rejected because of the lack of
 679 support of one or more Job Template attributes, the Sender MUST query the user in order to proceed
 680 without these attributes. If the Validate-Job fails for more serious reasons, such as ‘server-error-not-
 681 accepting-jobs ([RFC2911] section 13.1.5.7), the Sender MUST inform the Sending User so that person has
 682 the opportunity to choose to abandon the exchange or to try an IPP URL (see section 6.1) and then query
 683 the Sending User if it is OK to use the IPP Protocol. The main IPPFAX features that MAY be missing in
 684 the IPP Protocol are:

- 685 - Guaranteed exchange: Since IPP does not mandate any data formats it is possible that the
 686 Sender MAY not be able to discover a common data format that both it and the printer support.
- 687 - Identity exchange (section 8): IPP need not provide the definitive identity exchange that
 688 IPPFAX does. In many cases this is acceptable.

689 8 Identity exchange

690 This section defines the attributes that the Sender and the Receiver use to identify each to the other and to
 691 identify the Sending User and the Receiver User. Table 7 lists these attributes and shows the Sender and
 692 Receiver conformance requirements.

693 **Table 7 - Summary of Identify Exchange attributes**

Attribute	Sender supplies	Receiver supports
sending-user-vcard (text(MAX))	MAY *	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	SHOULD *	MUST
sender-uri (uri)	MUST *	MUST
printer-uri-supported	MUST **	MUST

694 * Sender supplies in a Validate-Job and Job Creation operations.

695 ** Sender supplies in a Get-Printer-Attributes request.

696 8.1 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute

697 This operation attribute identifies the Sending User in MIME vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] format.
 698 The Sender MAY send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation operation. The Receiver MUST
 699 support this Job Creation and Validate-Job operation attribute according to the vCard v3.0 specification
 700 and MUST populate the job’s corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX
 701 (1023) octets of text. However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case
 702 it MUST still accept the Job Creation request and return the ‘successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-
 703 attributes’ status code (see [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its
 704 ignored values in the Unsupported Attributes Group.

705 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
706 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

707 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
708 As in IPP/1.1, whether or not the Receiver prints a separate job start sheet depends on the "job-sheets" Job
709 Template attribute, if supported. The Sender can request the Receiver to print a separate start sheet if the
710 Receiver's "job-sheets-supported" Printer attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.2.3) contains a value other
711 than 'none'. The Sender can suppress the Receiver's separate start sheet if the Receiver's "job-sheets-
712 supported" Printer attribute contains the 'none' value. If the Sender omits the "job-sheets" Job Template
713 attribute, the Receiver's "job-sheets-default" value will be used.

714 **8.2 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) operation/Job Description attribute**

715 This operation attribute identifies the intended Receiving User in MIME vCard format[RFC2426,
716 RFC2425]. The Sender SHOULD send this operation attribute in an IPPFAX Job Creation or Validate-Job
717 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
718 corresponding Job Description attribute. The Receiver MUST support MAX (1023) octets of text.
719 However, the Receiver MAY ignore any image, logo, and sound parts, in which case it MUST still accept
720 the Job Creation request and return the 'successful-ok-ignored-or-substituted-attributes' status code (see
721 [RFC2911] section 13.1.2.2), but NEED NOT return the attribute and its ignored values in the Unsupported
722 Attributes Group.

723 For a sample vCard see section 20. If the Sender supplies the attribute, then the Receiver MUST use its
724 value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of the same name.

725 The Receiver MAY choose to use this information on a job start and end sheet (banner page) for the job.
726 See discussion under section 8.1.

727 **8.3 sender-uri (uri) operation/Job Description attribute**

728 This operation attribute identifies the Sender in a similar manner to the way a Sending Station ID is used in
729 a GSTN fax device. The value of this identity is not specified in this document but MUST uniquely
730 identify the Sender device and be traceable to the Sender. The manufacturer of the Sender MUST ensure
731 that the customer configures the Sender with a value for this attribute that is a syntactically valid URI
732 before first attempt to send an IPPFAX Job.

733 The Sender MUST send this operation attribute with the configured value in an IPPFAX Job Creation
734 operation. The Receiver MUST support this Job Creation operation attribute and MUST populate the job's
735 corresponding Job Description attribute.

736 The Receiver MUST use its value to populate the Job object's corresponding Job Description attribute of
737 the same name. This value is only a comment (since it can be spoofed) and is used for logging purposes
738 and has nothing to do with authentication (for which see section 11). This attribute is more akin to an
739 email 'Reply-To' field.

740 **8.4 printer-uri-supported (1setOf uri) Printer Description attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.4.1)**

741 This IPP/1.1 Printer Description attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.1) identifies the Receiving device, so
742 that no new IPPFAX Printer Description attribute is needed. See section 6.1 for additional IPPFAX
743 semantics for this attribute. The Sender MUST query this attribute using the Get-Printer-Attributes
744 operation as specified in section 7.1 while supplying a target “printer-uri” operation attribute with the
745 ‘ippfax’ scheme.

746 **9 Transmission using the Print-Job or Create-Job/Send-Document operations**

747 The Sender and Receiver MUST support creating IPPFAX Jobs using the Print-Job operation and MAY
748 support creating IPPFAX Jobs using Create-Job and Send-Document, as well. The Sender and Receiver
749 MUST NOT support print by reference, i.e., MUST NOT support the Print-URI and Send-URI operations,
750 since they do not provide the same security and assurance of accessibility as pushing the document data
751 does.

752 **9.1 IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes**

753 Table 8 lists the operation attributes for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations for Senders, IPP/1.1
754 Printers, and Receivers. Differences in Sender conformance from IPP/1.1 clients are indicated with
755 footnotes. Any other IPP operation attributes defined in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

756

Table 8 - IPP/1.1 Validate-Job and Job Creation operation attributes

Operation attribute	Section	Sender supplies	IPP/1.1 Printer supports	Receiver supports
attributes-charset (charset)		MUST	must	MUST
attributes-natural-language (naturalLanguage)		MUST	must	MUST
printer-uri (uri) *	4.1	MUST	must	MUST
requesting-user-name (name(MAX)) *		SHOULD	must	MUST
job-name (name(MAX))		MAY	must	MUST
ipp-attribute-fidelity (boolean) *	9.1.1	MUST with 'true' value ¹	must	MUST
document-name (name(MAX)) *		MAY	must	MUST
compression (type3 keyword) *		MAY	must	MUST
document-format (mimeType) *	9.1.2	MUST ²	must	MUST
document-natural-language (naturalLanguage) *		MAY	may	MAY
job-k-octets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-impressions (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
job-media-sheets (integer(0:MAX))		MAY	may	MAY
sending-user-vcard (1setOf text(MAX))	8.1	MAY	may	MUST
receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX))	8.2	SHOULD	may	MUST
sender-uri (name(MAX))	8.3	MUST	may	MUST
pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) *	9.1.3	MUST	may	MUST

757 * As in IPP/1.1, these attributes are NOT Job Description attributes, only Operation attributes for Job
758 Creation and Validate-Job operations.
759

760 9.1.1 ipp-attribute-fidelity operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)

761 In IPP/1.1, this operation attribute indicates whether or not the client requires the Printer to support all Job
762 Template attributes and values supplied. The Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-
763 Job and Job Creation operations and the value MUST be 'true'. A Receiver MUST validate and support
764 this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client to supply this operation
765 attribute and allows the client to supply the 'false' value.

766 If the Sender does not supply this attribute or supplies the 'false' value, the Receiver MUST reject the
767 operation, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request' status code, and SHOULD return the 'ipp-attribute-
768 fidelity' attribute name keyword in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

¹ [RFC2911] does not require the client to supply the "ipp-attribute-fidelity" and allows the client to supply either the 'true' or 'false' value.

² The [RFC2911] does not require the IPP client to supply the "document-format" operation attribute.

769 **9.1.2 document-format (mimeMediaType) operation attribute ([RFC2911] section 3.2.1.1)**

770 This operation attribute identifies the MIME Media Type of the document that the Sender is sending. The
771 Sender MUST supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations. A Receiver
772 MUST validate and support this operation attribute. Note: [RFC2911] does not REQUIRE the IPP Client
773 to supply this operation attribute.

774 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation, MUST return the
775 ‘client-error-bad-request’ status code, and SHOULD return the ‘document-format’ attribute name keyword
776 in the Unsupported Attributes Group (see section 14.1).

777 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s
778 “document-format-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and
779 return the ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance).

780 Standard mimeType values are defined in section 6.6.

781 **9.1.3 pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) Job Creation operation attribute**

782 This attribute identifies the PDFax Profiles of the document that the Sender is sending. The Sender
783 SHOULD supply this operation attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation operations as a hint to the
784 Receiver as to what the PDFax Profiles are. A Receiver MUST validate and support this operation
785 attribute.

786 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver does not support, i.e., not a value of the Receiver’s “pdfax-
787 profiles-supported” Printer Description attribute, the Receiver MUST reject the operation and return the
788 ‘client-error-document-format-not-supported’ status code (IPP conformance extended to PDFax profiles -
789 see section 14.2).

790 If the Sender does not supply this attribute, the Receiver MUST accept the job anyway and validate as soon
791 as possible that the Receiver can successfully render the document data. If possible, it is
792 RECOMMENDED that such validation happen by examining the first part of the data before returning the
793 Job Creation response. Note: there is no “pdfax-profiles-default” attribute defined.

794 If the Sender supplies a value that the Receiver determines later is incorrect when processing the document
795 data, the document data takes precedence. Only if the Receiver does not support the discovered profile,
796 MUST the Receiver abort the job.

797 Standard keyword values are defined in section 6.7.

798 **9.2 Job Template Attributes (for Validate-Job and Job Creation operations)**

799 Table 9 lists all of the Job Template attributes defined in other IPP documents for use in Validate-Job and
800 Job Creation operations and shows their conformance for IPPFAX Jobs. As in [RFC2911], the term “Job
801 Template attribute” is actually up to four attributes: the “xxx” Job attribute, and the “xxx-default”, “xxx-

802 supported”, and possibly the “xxx-ready” Printer attributes. Any other IPP Job Template attributes defined
 803 in other documents are OPTIONAL for IPPFAX.

804 As in IPP/1.1, if a Receiver supports the “xxx” Job Template attribute, then it MUST support the
 805 corresponding “xxx-default” (if defined) and “xxx-supported” Printer attributes as well, and MAY support
 806 the “xxx-ready” attribute (if defined).

807 In Table 9, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain an explicit single value, the
 808 Sender MAY send and the Receiver MAY support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job, but
 809 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for
 810 the attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all. If
 811 these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job with any other value, the Receiver MUST reject the Job
 812 Creation operation (since the value isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). If the
 813 Receiver supports this attribute, the Receiver MUST return only the indicated value in the Get-Printer-
 814 Attributes response for the corresponding “xxx-supported”, “xxx-default” Printer attributes. Note: These
 815 are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document or provide a significantly non-FAX
 816 feature if the non-default value were supplied and supported, such as “number-up” = 2 or “job-priority” =
 817 100, respectively.

818 In Table 9, if the “Sender supply” and “Receiver support” columns contain “MUST NOT”, the Sender
 819 MUST NOT supply and the Receiver MUST NOT support the Job Template attribute for an IPPFAX Job.
 820 If these attributes are supplied in an IPPFAX Job, the Receiver MUST reject the Job Creation operation
 821 (since the attribute isn’t supported and “ipp-attribute-fidelity” MUST be ‘true’). When querying the
 822 Receiver with the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, the corresponding “xxx-default” and “xxx-supported”
 823 MUST NOT be returned. Note: These are attributes which might degrade the appearance of the document
 824 or provide a significantly non-FAX feature and do not have an obvious value which corresponds to the
 825 behavior when the attribute is not supported at all, such as media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword |
 826 name(MAX)) or output-bin (type2 keyword | name(MAX)).

827 In Table 9, the “Receiver Attribute Coloring” column indicates the Receiver conformance requirements for
 828 Attribute Coloring in the Get-Printer-Attributes response that depends on the “document-format” and
 829 “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attribute values supplied by the Sender. The ‘n/a’ value indicates not
 830 applicable, since the attribute either MUST NOT be supported or MUST have only the indicated single
 831 value.

832 **Table 9 - IPPFAX Semantics for Job Template Attributes**

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
copies (integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
cover-back (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
cover-front (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
document-overrides (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
finishings (1setOf type2 enum)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
finishings-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
force-front-side (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
imposition-template (type2 keyword name(MAX))	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
insert-sheet (1setOf collection)	'insert-count' = 0	'insert-count' = 0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
job-account-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-accounting-user-id (name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-error-sheet (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-hold-until (type3 keyword name(MAX))	'no-hold'	'no-hold'	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-message-to-operator (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-priority (integer(1:100))	50	50	n/a	[RFC2911]
job-sheet-message (text(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
job-sheets (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
job-sheets-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MUST (see section 9.2.1)	MAY	[RFC2911]
media-col (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
media-input-tray-check (type3 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
multiple-document-handling (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
number-up (integer(1:MAX))	1	1	n/a	[RFC2911]
orientation-requested (type2 enum)	'portrait'	'portrait'	n/a	[RFC2911]
output-bin (type2 keyword name(MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-output-bin]
page-delivery (type2 keyword)	'system-specified'	'system-specified'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-order-received (type2 keyword)	'1-to-n-order'	'1-to-n-order'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
page-overrides (1setOf collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-coll]
page-ranges (1setOf rangeOfInteger(1:MAX))	1:MAX	1:MAX	n/a	[RFC2911]
pages-per-subset (1setOf integer(1:MAX))	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
presentation-direction-number-up (type2 keyword)	'toright-tobottom'	'toright-tobottom'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
print-quality (type2 enum)	'high'	'high'	n/a	[RFC2911]
printer-resolution (resolution)	MAY (see section 9.2.2)	MUST (see section 9.2.2)	MUST	[RFC2911]
separator-sheets (collection)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-prod-print]
sheet-collate (type2 keyword)	'collated'	'collated'	n/a	[ipp-job-prog]
sides (type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
x-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

Job Template attribute	Sender supply *	Receiver support *	Receiver Attribute Coloring	Reference
x-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
x-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-position (type2 keyword)	'none'	'none'	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side1-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]
y-side2-image-shift (integer(MIN:MAX))	0	0	n/a	[ipp-prod-print]

833 * If a single value is indicated, then a Receiver MAY support the indicated Job Template attribute, but
834 MUST support only the indicated value. Note: Each such single value has been selected as the value for
835 the attribute that would correspond to the *expected behavior* if the attribute were not supported at all.

836 **9.2.1 media (type2 keyword | name(MAX)) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section**
837 **4.2.11)**

838 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.11) identifies the medium to be used for all sheets of
839 the job. The Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Validate-Job and Job
840 Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the “media-default”, “media-ready”, and
841 “media-supported” Printer attributes.

842 The PDFax Profiles standard [ifx-pdfax] REQUIRES that both the Sender and the Receiver be able to
843 determine the dimensions from the keyword value. Therefore, the keyword values MUST be Media Size
844 Self Describing names defined in the PWG Standardized Name standard [pwg-media].

845 Standard keyword values (see [pwg-media]) include:

846 'na_letter_8.5x11in'
847 'iso_a4_210x297mm'

848 **9.2.1.1 media-supported and media-ready Job Template Printer attributes**

849 The Sender MUST query the values of the “media-supported” and “media-ready” attributes ([RFC2911]
850 section 4.2.11), since the Sender MUST supply the “media” Job Template attribute in the Job Creation
851 operation. The “media-ready” attribute indicates which media are currently loaded and will not require
852 human intervention in order to be used.

853 Standard keyword values are defined in section 9.2.1.

854 **9.2.2 printer-resolution (resolution) Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12)**

855 This Job Template attribute ([RFC2911] section 4.2.12) identifies the cross-feed and feed direction
856 resolutions that Printer uses for the Job. The Sender MAY supply the “printer-resolution” Job Template
857 attribute in the Validate-Job and Job Creation requests and the Receiver MUST support it, along with the
858 “printer-resolution-default”, and “printer-resolution-supported” Printer attributes.

859 For PDFax Documents, if the Sender supplies the “printer-resolution” (resolution) Job Template attribute,
860 the value MUST agree with the resolution of each of the pages of the PDFax Document. If the supplied
861 value disagrees with the resolution of any of the pages of the PDFax Document, the Receiver MUST obey
862 the resolution in the PDFax document, on a page by page basis.

863 Note: The main purpose of requiring the Receiver to support the “printer-resolution” Job Template
864 attribute is so that the Sender can query the corresponding “printer-resolution-supported” (1setOf
865 resolution) Printer attribute to see what resolutions are supported in addition to the ones REQUIRED for
866 the PDFax Profiles supported. See section 9.2.2.1.

867 **9.2.2.1 printer-resolution-supported Job Template Printer attribute**

868 If the Sender is using a resolution for a PDFax Profile that is not one of the REQUIRED resolutions for the
869 PDFax Profile being used, then the Sender SHOULD query the “printer-resolution-supported” Printer
870 attribute. The Receiver MUST support Attribute Coloring (by document format and by PDFax profile) for
871 the ‘application/pdf’ [image-tiff] and ‘application/pdf-fx’ [image-tiff-fx] document-formats. Thus this
872 attribute allows the Sender to determine the additional resolutions supported in addition to the resolutions
873 required for support of each of the PDFax Profiles without having to interpret the UPDFexpression values
874 of the “pdfax-profile-capabilities” Printer Description attribute (see section 0).

875 **9.3 Subscription Template Attributes Conformance Requirements**

876 Table 10 lists the conformance requirements for Subscription attributes on the Job Creation and Validate-
877 Job requests. The attributes in Subscription Objects are shown immediately followed (indented) by their
878 corresponding Default and Supported Printer Attributes.

879

Table 10 - Subscription Template attributes conformance requirements

Attribute Name (attribute syntax) Attribute in Subscription Object Default and Supported Printer Attributes	Sender Conformance in Job Creation operations	Receiver Conformance	Reference
notify-recipient-uri (uri)	MAY *	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-schemes-supported (1setOf uriScheme)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-pull-method (type2 keyword)	MUST **	MUST	section 9.3.1
notify-pull-method-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-events (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MUST	section 9.3.2
notify-events-default (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-events-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) notify-max-events-supported (integer(2:MAX))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes (1setOf type2 keyword)	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-attributes-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	n/a	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-user-data (octetString(63))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-charset (charset)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
charset-supported (1setOf charset)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-natural-language (naturalLanguage)	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
generated-natural-language-supported (1setOf naturalLanguage)	n/a	MUST	[RFC2911]
notify-lease-duration (integer(0:67108863))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-lease-duration-default (integer(0:67108863)) notify-lease-duration-supported (1setOf (integer(0: 67108863) rangeOfInteger(0:67108863)))	n/a	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]
notify-time-interval (integer(0:MAX))	MAY	MUST	[ipp-ntfy]

880 * The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-recipient-uri” attribute for any Push Delivery Method.
 881 ** The Sender MUST supply at least the “notify-pull-method” attribute for any Pull Delivery Method,
 882 such as the REQUIRED ‘ippget’ Delivery Method.
 883

884 **9.3.1 notify-pull-method (type2 keyword) Subscription Template attribute [ipp-ntfy]**

885 This Subscription Template attribute defined in [ipp-ntfy] indicates the Pull Delivery Method. A Sender
 886 MUST supply this attribute with the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method keyword value [ipp-get-method] in order to
 887 determine when the Document has been Delivered so that the Sender can give a positive acknowledgement
 888 to the Sending User. A Receiver MUST support the subset of the IPP Notification specification [ipp-ntfy]
 889 indicated in this document and the ‘ippget’ Notification Delivery Method [ipp-get-method].

890 **9.3.2 Notification Event Conformance Requirements**

891 Table 11 lists the conformance requirements for notification events.

892 The Receiver MUST support the ‘job-progress’ event (which is OPTIONAL in [ipp-ntfy]), as well as all of
 893 the REQUIRED events in [ipp-ntfy] (‘none’, ‘printer-state-change’, ‘printer-stopped’, ‘job-state-change’,
 894 ‘job-created’, and ‘job-completed’). However, the Receiver MUST NOT support any Printer Events in
 895 Per-Job Subscriptions, since that would give an IPPFAX Sender information about the Printer while the
 896 Printer was printing other IPPFAX Jobs. If the Sender subscribes to the ‘job-progress’ event, the Receiver
 897 MUST generate an event for every sheet, as moderated by the Printer’s “notify-time-interval” attribute
 898 [ipp-ntfy], which the Sender can obtain using the Get-Notifications request.

899 For the purposes of IPPFAX, the ‘job-completed’ event notifications means that the Receiver has delivered
 900 the IPPFAX Job somewhere; either actually delivered printed sheets to the output bin or forwarded the job
 901 and document to some other system.

902 **Table 11 - Notification Events conformance requirements**

Event	IPP/1.1 Printer Conformance	Sender Conformance for Job Creation support	Sender Use	Receiver Conformance per-Job	Receiver Conformance Per-Printer	Section
none	must	MAY	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
Job Events:						
job-state-changed	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-created	must	MAY	MAY	MAY	MUST	9.3.2
job-completed	must	MUST	MAY	MUST	MUST	9.3.2
job-stopped	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	MAY	
job-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	
job-progress	may	MAY	MAY	MUST	MAY	9.3.2
Printer Events:						
printer-state-changed	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-restarted	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-shutdown	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-stopped	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST	9.3.2
printer-config-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-media-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-finishings-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	
printer-queue-order-changed	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	

903

904 **9.4 Confirmation using the Document Creation response**

905 The Sender knows when the Receiver has successfully received the entire Document when the Receiver
 906 returns the ‘successful-ok’ status code in the Print-Job, or Send-Document. The Sender MUST then inform

907 the Sending User by means outside the scope of this standard that the document has successfully been
908 received. See section 9.3.2 for informing the Sending User when the document has been successfully
909 printed.

910 **9.5 Sender URI Stamping**

911 The Sender **MUST** place the Sender's URI, i.e., the value of the "sender-uri" attribute (see section 8.3),
912 along with the date and time, in one of the following places, **DEPENDING ON IMPLEMENTATION**:

- 913 1. On a cover page automatically generated by the Sender that is sent before the rest of the
914 document.
- 915 2. Merged with the first page of the document.
- 916 3. At the top of every page of the sent Document.

917 The Sender **MAY** include additional data (Sending User, Receiver identity, etc.). As for regular FAX, it is
918 **RECOMMENDED** that this information be represented as bit map data, so that it is more difficult for it to
919 be modified before it gets to the Receiver.

920 **9.6 Get-Notifications operation to get Event Notifications**

921 The Sender **MUST** support the Get-Notifications operation with at least the 'job-completed' event (see
922 section 9.3.2). Furthermore, the Sender **MUST** use the Get-Notifications operations to get at least the 'job-
923 completed' event for any IPPFAX job it submits, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated
924 otherwise to the Sender (by means outside the scope of this document). The Receiver **MUST** support the
925 Get-Notifications operation as defined in [ipp-get-method]. See section 9.3.2 for the events that **MUST** be
926 supported, since the IPPFAX conformance requirements differ from those of [ipp-ntfy].

927 **10 IPPFAX Implementation of other IPP operations**

928 Section 5 defined the semantic requirements for the Get-Printer-Attributes operation, section 7 defined the
929 semantic requirements for Validate-Job, and section 9 defined the semantic requirements for Job Creation
930 operations for IPPFAX. This section defines the IPPFAX semantics and conformance requirements for the
931 other IPP operations.

932 IPPFAX restricts the use of IPP in certain cases in order to make attaching a Receiver to the Internet a safe
933 option – see section 11.

934 The Receiver **MUST** fully support the Print-Job, Validate-Job, Get-Printer-Attributes and Get-Notifications
935 operations, as defined by this document. The following subsections define restrictions and conformance
936 requirements placed on the Cancel-Job, Get-Job-Attributes, Get-Jobs, Enable-Printer, Disable-Printer, Set-
937 Printer-Attributes, and Get-Printer-Attributes operations. For a conforming IPPFAX Receiver
938 implementation, the support for each of the IPP operations is indicated in Table 12 and Table 13.

939 There is no requirement for the Receiver to implement any of the OPTIONAL features of IPP unless
940 explicitly stated elsewhere in this document. If a Receiver implementation supports administrative
941 operations, such as Create-Printer-Subscriptions, Disable-Printer, etc., then it MUST provide a method of
942 restricting available operations for non-authorized clients to the operations specified herein.

943 **10.1 Operation Conformance Requirements**

944 Table 12 lists the conformance requirements for Printer operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer ('ipp' URL),
945 (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender, (3) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from a non-privileged
946 User, and (4) an IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from an authenticated and authorized operator or
947 administrator, if the Receiver supports operator/administrator authentication and authorization.

948 Table 13 lists the conformance requirements for Job and Subscription operations for (1) an IPP/1.1 Printer
949 ('ipp') URL, (2) the non-privileged IPPFAX Sender which MUST be on the same URL as the job was
950 created (the target "printer-uri" MUST match the Job's "job-printer-uri" Job Description attribute), (3) an
951 IPPFAX Receiver receiving a request from the Job or Subscription Object Owner, (4) from some other
952 non-privileged user, and (5) if the operation is supported at all - from an authenticated and authorized
953 operator or administrator.

954 The Receiver MUST support Subscription Creation for the Job-Creations operations that it supports, but
955 NEED NOT support any other notification operations, such as Create-Job-Subscriptions, Create-Printer-
956 Subscriptions, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Get-Subscription-Attributes, Renew-Subscription, or Cancel-
957 Subscription, even though [ipp-ntfy] requires all but the Create-Job-Subscriptions operation.

958 If a Receiver chooses to allow other IPP notification operations then it SHOULD provide a method of
959 restricting all other notification operations to authenticated administrators.

960

Table 12 - Conformance for Printer Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from a User	IPPFAX Receiver from an Operator, if supported	Reference
Print-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 9
Print-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Validate-Job	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	section 7.2
Create-Job	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[RFC2911]
Get-Jobs	must	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Get-Printer-Attributes	must	MUST	MUST	MUST	sections 5, 6
Pause-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Resume-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Purge-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Set-Printer-Attributes	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Get-Printer-Supported-Values	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.5
Create-Printer-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Send-Notifications	may	MUST NOT	MAY **	MAY	[ipp-indp- method]
Get-Print-Support-Files	may	MAY	MAY	MAY	[ipp-install]
Enable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Disable-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	section 10.4
Pause-Printer-After-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Hold-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Release-Held-New-Jobs	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Deactivate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Activate-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Restart-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Shutdown-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Startup-Printer	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Cancel-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]
Suspend-Current-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]

Legend:

MAY* - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

MAY** - For Send-Notifications, the Receiver *sends to* a User or Operator (rather than *receives from*).

961

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Table 13 - Conformance for Job and Subscription Operations

Operation Name	IPP/1.1 Printer support	IPPFAX Sender support for a User	IPPFAX Receiver from Owner***	IPPFAX Receiver from Other User	IPPFAX Receiver from Operator, if supported	Reference
Send-Document	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Send-URI	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[RFC2911]
Cancel-Job	must	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	section 10.2
Get-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MAY	MAY*	MAY	section 10.3
Set-Job-Attributes	must	MAY	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-set-ops]
Hold-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Release-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[RFC2911]
Restart-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[RFC2911]
Create-Job-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscription-Attributes	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Subscriptions	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Renew-Subscription	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ntfy]
Cancel-Subscription	may	MAY	MAY	MUST NOT	MAY***	[ipp-ntfy]
Get-Notifications	may	MUST	MUST	MUST NOT	MAY	section 9.6
Reprocess-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY**	[ipp-ops-set2]
Resume-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Promote-Job	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MAY	[ipp-ops-set2]
Schedule-Job-After	may	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	MUST NOT	[ipp-ops-set2]

967 Legend:

968 **MAY*** - If supported, Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs MUST restrict certain attributes, such as “job-name”, and “job-

969 originating-user-name”. See section 10.3.

970 **MAY**** - Restart-Job and Reprocess-Job are for the operator to recover from a problem with the job, not to make

971 additional copies.

972 **MAY***** - Operators MAY cancel their own subscriptions, but MUST NOT cancel subscriptions belonging to others.

973 **Owner** refers to the owner of the Job or Subscription object.

974 **10.2 Cancel-Job operation ([RFC2911] section 3.3.3)**

975 It is inappropriate for a Sender or an operator to Cancel an IPPFAX Job, i.e., to transmit a Document as an

976 IPPFAX Job, receive confirmation of its arrival and then cancel it. Therefore:

977 The Sender MUST NOT attempt to cancel the print job once it has been sent to the Receiver.

978 The Receiver MUST reject Cancel-Job operations whether issued by a user or an administrator targeted at

979 IPPFAX Jobs. The Cancel-Job operation therefore MUST be an unsupported operation for a Receiver and

980 MUST be reflected in the value of the “operations-supported” Printer attribute (see section 6.5). Note:

981 Non-support of the Cancel-Job operation is a change from the IPP behavior where Cancel-Job is required.

982 **10.3 Get-Job-Attributes and Get-Jobs operations ([RFC2911] sections 3.3.4 and 3.2.6)**

983 The public nature of IPPFAX interactions make it inappropriate for a client to be able to query a Receiver
984 for certain information about jobs that it did not send.

985 The Receiver SHOULD restrict the job attributes that any Sender can request for any IPPFAX Job in a Get-
986 Jobs or a Get-Job-Attributes operation to appropriate ones for a public service. For example, a Receiver
987 MAY return only the following Job attributes:

988 job-id, job-uri
989 job-k-octets, job-k-octets-completed
990 job-media-sheets, job-media-sheets-completed,
991 time-at-creation, time-at-processing
992 job-state, job-state-reasons
993 number-of-intervening-jobs

994
995 The exact choice of Job attributes that a client can query for IPPFAX Jobs, including not returning any,
996 DEPENDS ON IMPLEMENTATION and the security policy in force and is outside the scope of this
997 standard (as in IPP/1.1).

998 This attribute set allows a client to determine the load on a Receiver (and perhaps choose an alternative
999 destination or warn the Sending User).

1000 See the discussion in [RFC2911] section 8.4 for a description of how a Receiver MUST behave if it
1001 receives a request for an attribute outside this set.

1002 An IPP administrator MAY read all attributes.

1003 **10.4 Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2]**

1004 The Enable-Printer and Disable-Printer operations [ipp-ops-set2] allow a remote operator to change the
1005 value of the Receiver's "printer-is-accepting-jobs" (boolean) Printer Description attribute (see section 6.4)
1006 to 'true' or 'false', respectively. These operations are OPTIONAL for a Receiver to support.

1007 These operations affect all jobs that can be submitted to the Printer object. If a Print System supports both
1008 IPP and IPPFAX, then it MUST support them with separate Printer objects (see section 3.3). Therefore, a
1009 client MUST issue separate operations to each Printer object in order to affect both IPP and IPPFAX jobs
1010 on the same Print System, the 'ipp' URL scheme or the 'ippfax' URL scheme in the "printer-uri" target
1011 operation attribute for the IPP Printer object or the Receiver (IPPFAX Printer object), respectively.

1012 **10.5 Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops]**

1013 The Set-Printer-Attributes and Get-Printer-Supported-Values operations [ipp-set-ops] are OPTIONAL
1014 administrative operation for IPPFAX, as for IPP. If a Receiver supports these operations, then the
1015 "document-format" and "pdfax-profile-requested" operation attributes MUST be supported for these

1016 operations as well so that the administrator can set values that require Attribute Coloring (by document
1017 format and PDFax profile). See the description of the Get-Printer-Attributes operation in section 5 which
1018 also REQUIRES these operation attributes to be supported.

1019 **11 Security considerations**

1020 IPPFAX presents an interesting challenge of balancing security and openness. Many of the envisaged uses
1021 of IPPFAX require confidentiality of the data – at the same time the Receiver typically has no prior
1022 knowledge of the Sender or the Sending User. This last point will normally rule out all user-based
1023 authentication and access control. This is the reason for the restriction placed on querying and canceling
1024 IPPFAX Jobs.

1025 **11.1 Privacy**

1026 Any exchange between a Sender and a Receiver **MUST** be carried using the privacy mechanism specified
1027 in IPP/1.1 namely TLS [RFC2246]. In some cases this will also result in mutual authentication of the
1028 Sender and Receiver (in the case where both sides have certificates).

1029 The Receiver **MUST** have a TLS certificate.

1030 The Sender **MAY** have a certificate. A Receiver **MAY** decide to reject requests that come from Senders
1031 that do not have a certificate and return the ‘client-error-not-authenticated’ status code.

1032 A Sender can either use its own certificate or it can use one associated with the Sending User.

1033 Senders and Receivers **SHOULD** do what current browsers do, namely, be deployed with the public keys
1034 of a number of the top Certificate Authorities. If a Sender gets a public key from a Receiver that it doesn’t
1035 recognize, the Sender **MUST** query the Sending User to see if the Sending User trusts the Receiver before
1036 sending the IPPFAX job to the Receiver.

1037 The distribution of private keys to Senders or Receivers is outside the scope of this document, but it is done
1038 over the network, it **MUST** be over a secure channel. See Internet Key Exchange (IKE) [RFC2409].

1039 **11.2 uri-authentication-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.2)**

1040 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.2) identifies the Client Authentication mechanism associated
 1041 with each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1042 **Table 14 - Authentication Requirements**

“uri-authentication-supported” keyword	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MAY support and MAY use	MAY support and MAY use. If the ‘none’ value is supported by an implementation, then the administrator MUST be able to configure the Printer to not support the ‘none’ value (by means outside the scope of this document)
requesting-user-name	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
basic	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger.	MAY support and MAY use when the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy using the cipher suites indicated below* or stronger
digest	MUST support and MUST use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity, unless using ‘certificate’ or ‘negotiate’	MUST support and MAY use, including the MD5 and MD5-sess algorithms and Message Integrity
certificate	SHOULD support and MAY use when not using any of the above	MUST support and MAY use. For this value, the Receiver MUST validate the certificate for all client requests.

1043 * TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA mandated by [RFC2246].

1044 Table 15 compares the Digest Authentication requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 1045 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1046 **Table 15 - Digest Authentication Conformance Requirements**

Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
MD5 and MD5-sess	must support must use	should support should use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use
The Message Integrity feature	must support may use	should support may use	MUST support MUST use	MUST support MUST use

1047

1048 **11.3 uri-security-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) ([RFC2911] section 4.4.3)**

1049 This attribute (see [RFC2911] section 4.4.3) identifies the security (Integrity and Privacy) mechanisms
 1050 used for each URI listed in the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (see section 6.1).

1051 **Table 16 - Security (Integrity and Privacy) Requirements**

uri-security-supported	Sender support and usage	Receiver support and usage
none	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl2	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
ssl3	MUST NOT	MUST NOT
tls	TLS Data Integrity - MUST support and MUST use	MUST support and MUST use
	TLS Data Privacy - MUST support and MAY use. The Sender (device) MUST query the Sending User (human) before omitting Privacy (encryption).	MUST support and MAY use

1052

1053 Table 17 compares the TLS conformance requirements for IPP/1.1 clients, IPP/1.1 Printers, IPPFAX
 1054 Senders, and IPPFAX Receivers.

1055 **Table 17 - Transport Layer Security (TLS) Conformance Requirements**

TLS Feature	IPP/1.1 Client	IPP/1.1 Printer	IPPFAX Sender	IPPFAX Receiver
Server Authentication	must support should use	should support may use	MUST use	MUST support
Client Authentication*	may support may use	may support may use	SHOULD support	MUST support MAY use
Data Integrity	may support may use	should support should use	MUST use	MUST support
Data Privacy	may support may use	should support may use	MUST support MAY** use.	MUST support

1056 * The ‘certificate’ keyword value for the “uri-authentication-supported” attribute [RFC2911].

1057 ** The Sender MUST query the Sending User before omitting the Data Privacy encryption.

1058 Senders and Receivers MUST support the TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite as
 1059 mandated by RFC 2246 [RFC2246]. All stronger cipher suites are OPTIONAL; weaker cipher suites
 1060 MUST NOT be supported or used by Senders or Receivers.

1061 A Receiver MAY support Basic Authentication (described in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2617]) for Client
 1062 Authentication if the TLS channel is secured with Data Privacy. TLS with the above mandated cipher suite
 1063 or stronger can provide such a secure channel.

1064 **11.4 Using IPPFAX with TLS**

1065 The Sender **MUST** use only TLS for all IPPFAX operations on the IPPFAX URL. The client **MUST** start
1066 the transaction in TLS, rather than using HTTP upgrade requests. The following paragraph of [RFC2818]
1067 further explains:

1068 The agent acting as the HTTP client should also act as the TLS client. It should initiate a
1069 connection to the server on the appropriate port and then send the TLS ClientHello to begin the TLS
1070 handshake. When the TLS handshake has finished. The client may then initiate the first HTTP
1071 request. All HTTP data **MUST** be sent as TLS “application data”. Normal HTTP behavior,
1072 including retained connections should be followed.

1073 Contrast this IPPFAX requirement with the IPP requirement in section 8.2 of [RFC2910]. The following
1074 client actions compare IPP with IPPFAX from a client’s point of view:

1075 IPP/1.1 sequence:

- 1076 1. Start TCP connection
- 1077 2. Zero or more HTTP/IPP requests
- 1078 3. HTTP/IPP request with Upgrade to TLS header
- 1079 4. TLS handshake
- 1080 5. finish the HTTP/IPP request securely
- 1081 6. Send more HTTP/IPP requests securely ...

1082

1083 IPPFAX sequence:

- 1084 1. Start TCP connection
- 1085 2. Send TLS ClientHello
- 1086 3. rest of TLS handshake
- 1087 4. Send HTTP/IPPFAX requests securely ... (which usually will be a Get-Printer-Attributes,
1088 followed by Validate-Job and Print-Job operations).

1089

1090 **11.5 Access control**

1091 It is expected that the majority of IPPFAX Receivers will operate in a public mode when operating on the
1092 Internet, so that anonymous users can send documents without requiring client authentication
1093 (corresponding to the ‘none’ value for the “uri-authentication-supported” attribute - see section 11.2).
1094 However a Receiver **MAY** protect itself using any Client Authentication method specified in [RFC2911]
1095 (digest authentication [RFC2069] for example) to restrict access to any or all of its functionality.

1096 However, the primary intent of IPPFAX is to create a controlled public access mode. It therefore does not
1097 really make much sense to combine IPPFAX and user authentication; they are achieving the same thing.

1098 **11.6 Reduced feature set**

1099 An administrator or device implementer MAY choose to setup up a Print Service so that it only works as a
1100 IPPFAX Receiver (i.e., offers no 'native' IPP operations and does not accept IPP Jobs). In this mode it
1101 offers a restricted set of features and MAY be more safely connected to the Internet.

1102 A Receiver that is operating in this mode MUST do so by rejecting any non-IPPFAX request and return a
1103 'client-error-attributes-or-values-not-supported' error status code as indicated in section 4.1 for an
1104 unsupported value of the "printer-uri" operation attribute. For job operations attempted on IPPFAX Jobs,
1105 the Receiver MUST return the 'client-error-not-authorized' error status code, unless the Sender is
1106 authenticated as the system administrator and the Receiver supports such access.

1107 **12 Gateways to other systems**

1108 A common scenario will be where IPPFAX acts as an on-ramp or off-ramp to other Document transmission
1109 systems.

1110 **12.1 Off-Ramps**

1111 In the IPPFAX 'Off-ramp' scenario the user with a Document to send uses an IPPFAX Sender to transmit a
1112 Document to an IPPFAX Receiver within a gateway that in turn transmits it to some other destination, i.e.
1113 GSTN FAX. Handling Off-ramps is beyond the scope of this document, but may be a future IPPFAX
1114 extensions building on the Off-ramp work of the Internet FAX WG.

1115 **12.2 On-Ramps**

1116 In the IPPFAX On-Ramp scenario the user originally sent the Document using some other mechanism to
1117 some intermediate agent. The intermediate agent, acting as an IPPFAX Sender, then uses the IPPFAX
1118 Protocol to transmit the Document to an Receiver which MAY be either a final destination or an Off-Ramp.
1119 IPPFAX has no specific support for on-ramps.

1120 **13 Attribute Syntaxes**

1121 No new attribute syntaxes are defined.

1122 **14 Status codes**

1123 In addition to the semantics of the status codes defined in [RFC2911] and [ipp-get-method], the following
1124 additional semantics are defined for [RFC2911] status codes:

1125 14.1 client-error-bad-request (0x0400) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.1]

1126 The client has failed to supply one or more attributes in a request which are REQUIRED to be supplied.
1127 The requirement can be because of the Printer's current configuration or because of some other attributes
1128 that the client supplied. The Printer MUST reject the request, MUST return the 'client-error-bad-request'
1129 status code, and SHOULD return the keyword attribute name(s) (but not the values) of the missing
1130 attribute(s) in the Unsupported Attributes Group in the response.

1131 14.2 document-format-not-supported (0x040A) [RFC2911 section 13.1.4.11]

1132 The concept of a document format is extended to include the PDFax Profile. This status code is returned if
1133 the document format is not supported, including the indicated PDFax Profile.

1134 15 Conformance Requirements

1135 This section summarizes the conformance requirements for Senders and Receivers that are defined
1136 elsewhere in this document.

- 1137 1. A Sender and Receiver MUST observe the attribute name space conventions specified in section
1138 1.3.
- 1139 2. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support (1) the "printer-uri" operation attribute
1140 with the 'ippfax' scheme, (2) the "version-number" parameter with the IPP/1.1 '1.1' (or higher
1141 minor version) value, and (3) the "ippfax-version-number" operation attribute with the IPPFAX/1.0
1142 '1.0' keyword value in all operations to get the IPPFAX semantics as described in section 4.
- 1143 3. The Receiver MUST support the Get-Printer-Attributes operation as described in sections 5.
- 1144 4. The Receiver MUST support the Printer Description attributes as specified in section 6.
- 1145 5. The Sender MUST validate that the target Printer is IPPFAX-capable using the Get-Printer-
1146 Attributes operation and validate that the Receiver supports the job using the Validate-Job operation
1147 as specified in section 7.
- 1148 6. The Sender MUST supply and the Receiver MUST support the operation/Job Description attributes
1149 for Identify Exchange as described in section 8.
- 1150 7. The Sender MUST support submitting and the Receiver MUST accept IPPFAX Jobs as defined in
1151 section 9.
- 1152 8. The Sender MUST place the Sender's identity in the document according to section 9.5.
- 1153 9. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the IPP Notification for Job Creation operations, the
1154 'ippget' Delivery Method, the Get-Notifications operation for the events indicated in sections 9.6,
1155 9.3, and 9.3.2, respectively.

1156 10. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the operations as indicated in section 10.

1157 11. The Sender and Receiver MUST support the security mechanisms indicated in section 11, including
1158 TLS.

1159 **16 IPPFAX URL Scheme**

1160 This section is intended for use in registering the 'ippfax' URL scheme with IANA and fully conforms to
1161 the requirements in [RFC2717].

1162 **16.1 IPPFAX URL Scheme Applicability and Intended Usage**

1163 This document defines the 'ippfax' URL (Uniform Resource Locator) scheme for specifying the location of
1164 an IPPFAX Receiver which implements the IPPFAX Protocol specified in this document.

1165 The 'ippfax' URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the basic hierarchical URL
1166 syntax in [RFC2396]; however relative URL forms, parameters, and/or query parts are NOT allowed in an
1167 IPPFAX URL. The 'ippfax' URL scheme is case-insensitive in the host name or host address part;
1168 however the path part is case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Codepoints outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex
1169 escaped by the mechanism defined in [RFC2396].

1170 The intended usage of the 'ippfax' URL scheme is COMMON.

1171 **16.2 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated IPPFAX Port**

1172 All IPPFAX URLs which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be used over IANA-assigned well-
1173 known port **xxx [TBA by IANA]** for the IPPFAX Protocol.

1174 See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [IANA-PORTREG].

1175 **16.3 IPPFAX URL Scheme Associated MIME Type**

1176 All IPPFAX protocol operations (requests and responses) MUST be conveyed in an 'application/ipp'
1177 MIME media type [RFC2910] as registered in [IANA-MT]. IPPFAX URLs MUST refer to IPPFAX
1178 Receivers which support this 'application/ipp' operation encoding.

1179 See: IANA MIME Media Types Registry [IANA-MT].

1180 **16.4 IPPFAX URL Scheme Character Encoding**

1181 The IPPFAX URL scheme defined in this document is based on the ABNF for the HTTP URL scheme
1182 defined in HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616], which is derived from the URI Generic Syntax [RFC2396] and further
1183 updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for IPv6 addresses in URLs). The IPPFAX URL scheme is case-

1184 insensitive in the 'scheme' and 'host' (host name or host address) part; however, the 'abs_path' part is
1185 case-sensitive, as in [RFC2396]. Code points outside [US-ASCII] MUST be hex escaped by the
1186 mechanism specified in [RFC2396].

1187 **16.5 IPPFAX URL Scheme Syntax in ABNF**

1188 The IPP protocol places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the length of a URI (see section 4.1.5
1189 'uri' in [RFC2911]). An IPPFAX Receiver MUST return 'client-error-request-value-too-long' (see section
1190 13.1.4.10 in [RFC2911]) when a URI received in a request is too long.

1191 Note: IPPFAX Receivers ought to be cautious about depending on URI lengths above 255 bytes, because
1192 some older client or proxy implementations might not properly support these lengths.

1193 IPPFAX URLs MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URLs always begin with a scheme name
1194 followed by a colon. For definitive information on URL syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource
1195 Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax and Semantics" [RFC2396]. This specification adopts the definitions of
1196 "port", "host", "abs_path", and "query" from [RFC2396], as updated by [RFC2732] and [RFC2373] (for
1197 IPv6 addresses in URLs).

1198 The IPPFAX URL scheme syntax in ABNF is as follows:

```
1199     ippfax_URL = "ippfax:" "//" host [ ":" port ] [ abs_path [ "?" query ] ]  
1200
```

1201 If the port is empty or not given, the IANA-assigned port as defined in section 16.2 is assumed. The
1202 semantics are that the identified resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]) is located at the IPPFAX
1203 Notification Recipient listening for HTTP connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for
1204 the identified resource is 'abs_path'.

1205 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1206 If the 'abs_path' is not present in the URL, it MUST be given as "/" when used as a Request-URI for a
1207 resource (see section 5.1.2 of [RFC2616]). If a proxy receives a host name which is not a fully qualified
1208 domain name, it MAY add its domain to the host name it received. If a proxy receives a fully qualified
1209 domain name, the proxy MUST NOT change the host name.

1210 **16.6 IPPFAX URL Examples**

1211 The following are examples of valid IPPFAX URLs for Notification Recipient objects (using DNS host
1212 names):

```
1213     ippfax://abc.com  
1214     ippfax://abc.com/listener  
1215
```

1216 Note: The use of IP addresses in URLs SHOULD be avoided whenever possible (see [RFC1900]).

1217 The following literal IPv4 addresses:

1218 192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style
 1219 186.7.8.9 ; IPv4 address in IPv4 style

1220

1221 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1222 ippfax://192.9.5.5/listener
 1223 ippfax://186.7.8.9/listeners/tom

1224

1225 The following literal IPv6 addresses (conformant to [RFC2373]):

1226 ::192.9.5.5 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1227 ::FFFF:129.144.52.38 ; IPv4 address in IPv6 style
 1228 2010:836B:4179::836B:4179 ; IPv6 address per RFC 2373

1229

1230 are represented in the following example IPPFAX URLs:

1231 ippfax://[::192.9.5.5]/listener
 1232 ippfax://[::FFFF:129.144.52.38]/listener
 1233 ippfax://[2010:836B:4179::836B:4179]/listeners/tom

1234

1235 16.7 IPPFAX URL Comparisons

1236 When comparing two IPPFAX URLs to decide if they match or not, the comparer MUST use the same
 1237 rules as those defined for HTTP URI comparisons in [RFC2616], with the sole following exception:

- 1238 • A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the port as defined in section
 1239 16.2 for that IPPFAX URL;

1240 17 IANA Considerations

1241 IANA shall register the ippfax URL scheme as defined in section 16 according to the procedures of
 1242 [RFC2717] and assign a well known port.

1243 Operation Attributes:

1244 ippfax-version-number (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 4.3
 1245 pdfax-profile-requested (type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 5.2
 1246 pdfax-profiles (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y
 1247 9.1.3

1248

1249 Operation/Job Description attributes:

1250 sending-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.1
 1251 receiving-user-vcard (text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.2
 1252 sender-uri (uri) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 8.3

1253

1254 Printer Description Attributes:

1255 ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.3
 1256 pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 6.7

1257
1258 pdfax-profile-capabilities (1setOf text(MAX)) IEEE-ISTO 510n.y 0

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Contact Information:

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IPP Web Page: <http://www.pwg.org/ipp/>

1378

IPP Mailing List: ipp@pwg.org

1379

1380

To subscribe to the ipp mailing list, send the following email:

1381

1) send it to majordomo@pwg.org

1382

2) leave the subject line blank

1383

3) put the following two lines in the message body:

1384

subscribe ipp

1385

end

1386

1387

Implementers of this specification document are encouraged to join the IPP Mailing List in order to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and review of registration proposals for additional attributes and values. In order to reduce spam the mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers, so you must subscribe to the mailing list in order to send a question or comment to the mailing list.

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1393 20 Appendix A: Comparison of IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 (Informative)

1394 This informative appendix compares IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 with references to the appropriate sections
 1395 for details. If this appendix contradicts or omits any differences, it is a mistake and the body of this
 1396 document still prevails. Most of the differences are in conformance requirements only. Therefore, for
 1397 most of the differences, it is possible to implement both with the same code (without conditional branches).

1398 Legend:

1399 ** Where IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0 have a real difference, such as IPP/1.1 must and IPPFAX/1.0
 1400 MUST NOT, (indicated below by leading **), would a conditional branch be needed in the
 1401 implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1 and IPPFAX/1.0.

1402 * Where IPP/1.1 is a may and IPPFAX/1.0 is a MUST NOT (indicated below by a leading *),
 1403 would a conditional branch be needed in the implementation code in order to support both IPP/1.1
 1404 and IPPFAX/1.0, *but only if the IPP/1.1 part supports the feature.*

1405 Differences between the IPP/1.1 protocol and the IPPFAX/1.0 protocol:

- 1406 1. ** IPP uses the ‘ipp’ URL scheme with a default port of 631, while IPPFAX uses the ‘ippfax’ URL
 1407 scheme with a default port of xxx [TBA by IANA] (section 4.1 and 16).
- 1408 2. ** IPP has only one version number parameter, while IPPFAX has two version numbers: the
 1409 “version-number” parameter for IPP (section 4.2) and the “ippfax-version-number” operation
 1410 attribute for IPPFAX (section 4.3).

1411 Differences between an IPP client and a Sender:

- 1412 1. An IPP Client may use any IPP operation, while a Sender MUST use at least Get-Printer-Attributes
 1413 (sections 5 and 7.1), Validate-Job (section 7.2), and Print-Job operations (section 9). A Sender
 1414 MUST use the Get-Notifications operation, unless the Sending User has explicitly indicated
 1415 otherwise (section 9.6).
- 1416 2. In the Get-Printer-Attributes request, an IPP Client may supply the “document-format” and “pdfax-
 1417 profile-requested” operation attributes, while a Sender SHOULD (sections 5.1 and 5.2) in order to
 1418 get Attribute Coloring.
- 1419 3. ** In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
 1420 “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute with either the ‘true’ or ‘false’ value or may omit the
 1421 attribute entirely, while the Sender MUST always supply the attribute and with the ‘true’ value
 1422 (sections 7.2 and 9.1.1).
- 1423 4. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
 1424 “document-format” operation attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.1.2).

- 1425 5. * An IPP Client may support any MIME Media Type as the value of the “document-format”
1426 operation attribute, while the Sender MUST support the ‘application/pdf’ MIME Media Type.
- 1427 6. In the Job Creation operations and the Validate-Job operation, an IPP Client may supply the
1428 “media” Job Template attribute, while the Sender MUST supply it (section 9.2.1).
- 1429 7. * An IPP Client may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1430 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined
1431 in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Sender MUST use
1432 the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1433 8. There are no requirements for an IPP Client to indicate the client or the client user in the document,
1434 while the Sender MUST supply the “sender-uri” value along with a date and time, on at least the
1435 cover page (section 9.5).
- 1436 9. An IPP Client need not support Event Notification, while the Sender MUST support at least the
1437 ‘ippget’ Pull Delivery Method (section 9.3), which REQUIRES using the Get-Notifications
1438 operation (section 9.6).
- 1439 10. An IPP Client may support any events, while a Sender MUST NOT support the ‘job-config-
1440 changed’ event and MUST NOT support any Printer events (section 9.3.2).
- 1441 11. An IPP Client may support Client Authentication, while a Sender MUST support at least ‘digest’
1442 and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).
- 1443 12. An IPP Client may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy, while a Sender MUST support Data
1444 Integrity and may use Data Privacy with at least the
1445 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).
- 1446 Differences between an IPP Printer and a Receiver:
- 1447 1. In the Get-Printer-Attributes response, an IPP Printer may color the attribute values returned
1448 according to the “document-format” supplied, while a Receiver MUST color the values returned
1449 according to both the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation attributes
1450 supplied (sections 5 and 6), including the “printer-resolutions-supported” attribute (section
1451 9.2.2.1).
- 1452 2. * An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular document formats, while a Receiver
1453 MUST support the PDFax ‘application/pdf’ format with profile pdfax-f.
- 1454 3. * An IPP Printer may support ‘application/octet-stream’ (auto-sensing - [RFC2911] 4.1.9.1), while
1455 a Receiver MUST NOT (section 6.6).
- 1456 4. An IPP Printer may support the IPPFAX attributes: “pdfax-profile-requested”, “pdfax-profiles-
1457 supported”, “sending-user-vcard”, “receiving-user-vcard”, “sender-uri”, and “pdfax-profiles”,
1458 while a Receiver MUST (sections 5.2, 6, 8, and 9.1.3).

- 1459 5. ** An IPP Printer MUST NOT support the “ippfax-versions” and “ippfax-versions-supported”
1460 attributes, while a Receiver MUST (sections 4.3 and 6.3).
- 1461 6. ** An IPP Printer must support both values of the “ipp-attribute-fidelity” operation attribute, while
1462 the Receiver MUST only support the ‘true’ value (section 9.1.1).
- 1463 7. ** An IPP Printer must assume a value of ‘false’ if the IPP Client omits the “ipp-attribute-fidelity”
1464 operation attribute, while the Receiver MUST reject the request with the ‘client-error-bad-request’
1465 status code (section 9.1.1).
- 1466 8. An IPP Printer is not required to support any particular Job Template attributes, while a Receiver
1467 MUST support at least the “media” and “printer-resolution” Job Template attributes, including the
1468 “media-ready” Printer attribute (section 9.2).
- 1469 9. * An IPP Printer may supply any keyword listed in [RFC2911] section 14 (Appendix C) for the
1470 “media” Job Template attribute or the Media Size Self Describing Name keyword values defined
1471 in the IEEE-ISTO 5101.1 “Media Standardized Names” [pwg-media], while the Receiver MUST
1472 support a subset of the keyword values from [pwg-media] (section 9.2.1).
- 1473 10. * An IPP Printer may support any Job Template attribute values, while a Receiver is restricted to a
1474 single value for many Job Template attributes for which other values would alter the appearance of
1475 the document or provide a non-FAX-like feature (section 9.2).
- 1476 11. * An IPP Printer may support Print-URI and Send-URI operations, while a Receiver MUST NOT
1477 (section 10.1).
- 1478 12. An IPP Printer must support Get-Jobs and Get-Job-Attributes operations, while a Receiver NEED
1479 NOT (section 10.1).
- 1480 13. ** An IPP Printer must support Cancel-Job operation, while a Receiver MUST NOT (section
1481 10.2).
- 1482 14. An IPP Printer may support administrative operations without authentication, while a Receiver
1483 MUST authenticate administrative operations, if administrative operations are supported (section
1484 10.1).
- 1485 15. * An IPP Printer may support the following operations from an authenticated operator or
1486 administrator: Purge-Jobs, Cancel-Current-Job, Cancel-Job, and Schedule-Job-After, while a
1487 Receiver MUST reject such operations from an authenticated operator or administrator.
- 1488 16. An IPP Printer may support Event Notification, while a Receiver MUST support Event
1489 Notification (sections 9.3 and 10.1) and at least the ‘ippget’ Delivery Method (section 9.6), which
1490 REQUIRES support for the Get-Notifications operation.
- 1491 17. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it must support the ‘job-state-changed’ and ‘job-
1492 created’ events for Per-Job Subscriptions, while a Receiver NEED NOT (section 9.3.2).

- 1493 18. ** If an IPP Printer supports Printer Events, then it MUST support them for both Per-Job and Per-
 1494 Printer Subscriptions, while a Receiver MUST NOT support them for Per-Job Subscriptions
 1495 (section 9.3.2).
- 1496 19. If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-progress’ event, while a
 1497 Receiver MUST for Per-Job Subscriptions (section 9.3.2).
- 1498 20. * If an IPP Printer supports Event Notification, it may support the ‘job-config-changed’ event,
 1499 while a Receiver MUST NOT (section 9.3.2).
- 1500 21. If an IPP Printer supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, then it may support setting the
 1501 Attribute Coloring values according to the “document-format” operation attribute, while the
 1502 Receiver, if it supports the Set-Printer-Attributes operation, MUST support setting the Attribute
 1503 Coloring values according to the “document-format” and “pdfax-profile-requested” operation
 1504 attributes (section 10.5).
- 1505 22. An IPP Printer should support and may use TLS, while a Receiver MUST support and MUST use
 1506 TLS (section 11.3).
- 1507 23. An IPP Printer may support Client Authentication, while a Receiver MUST support at least
 1508 ‘digest’ and ‘certificate’ (section 11.2).
- 1509 24. An IPP Printer may support Data Integrity and Data Privacy and support them with any cipher
 1510 suite, while a Receiver MUST support both Data Integrity and Data Privacy with at least the
 1511 TLS_DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA cipher suite (section 11.2).

1512 **21 Appendix B: vCard Example**

1513 The following ASCII text is a complete vCard v3.0 [RFC2426, RFC2425] example:

```

1514 BEGIN:VCARD
1515 VERSION:3.0
1516 N:Moore;Paul
1517 FN:Paul Moore
1518 ORG:Netreon
1519 TEL;CELL;VOICE:1+206-251-7008
1520 ADR;WORK;;;10900 NE 8th St;Bellvue;WA;98004;United States of America
1521 EMAIL;PREF;INTERNET:pmoore@netreon.com
1522 REV:19991207T215341Z
1523 END:VCARD
1524
```

1525 **22 Appendix C: Generic Directory Schema for an IPPFAX Receiver**

1526 This section defines a generic schema for an entry in a directory service. A directory service is a means by
 1527 which service users can locate service providers. In IPPFAX environments, this means that Receivers

1528 (IPPFAX Printers) can be registered (either automatically or with the help of an administrator) as entries of
 1529 type PRINTER in the directory using an IMPLEMENTATION SPECIFIC mechanism such as entry
 1530 attributes, entry type fields, specific branches, etc. Directory clients can search or browse for entries of
 1531 type PRINTER. Clients use the directory service to find entries based on naming, organizational contexts,
 1532 or filtered searches on attribute values of entries. For example, a client can find all printers in the “Local
 1533 Department” context. Authentication and authorization are also often part of a directory service so that an
 1534 administrator can place limits on end users so that they are only allowed to find entries to which they have
 1535 certain access rights. IPPFAX itself does not require any specific directory service protocol or provider.

1536 Note: Some directory implementations allow for the notion of “aliasing”. That is, one directory entry
 1537 object can appear as multiple directory entry objects with different names for each object. In each case,
 1538 each alias refers to the same directory entry object which refers to a single IPPFAX Printer object.

1539 The generic IPPFAX schema is a subset of IPPFAX Job Template and Printer Description attributes (Table
 1540 1, Table 2, and [RFC2911] sections 4.2 and 4.4). These attributes are identified as either
 1541 RECOMMENDED or OPTIONAL for the directory entry itself. This conformance labeling is NOT the
 1542 same conformance labeling applied to the attributes of IPPFAX Printers objects. The conformance labeling
 1543 in this Appendix is intended to apply to directory templates and to Receivers that subscribe by adding one
 1544 or more entries to a directory. RECOMMENDED attributes SHOULD be associated with each directory
 1545 entry. OPTIONAL attributes MAY be associated with the directory entry (if known or supported). In
 1546 addition, all directory entry attributes SHOULD reflect the current attribute values for the corresponding
 1547 IPPFAX Printer object.

1548 The names of attributes in directory schema and entries SHOULD be the same as the IPPFAX Printer
 1549 attribute names as shown, as much as possible.

1550 In order to bridge between the directory service and the IPPFAX Printer object, one of the
 1551 RECOMMENDED directory entry attributes is the Printer object’s “printer-uri-supported” attribute. The
 1552 directory client queries the “printer-uri-supported” attribute (or its equivalent) in the directory entry and
 1553 then the IPPFAX client addresses the IPPFAX Printer object using one of its URIs. The “uri-security-
 1554 supported” attribute identifies the protocol (if any) used to secure a channel. If a Printer object supports
 1555 both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to represent these two
 1556 services.

1557 Table 18 defines the generic schema for directory entries of abstract type PRINTER. In the future this
 1558 schema could also be directory entries of type FAX. In either case, the concrete type MUST be IPPFAX.
 1559 If a Printer object supports both IPP and IPPFAX, there should be two separate directory entries in order to
 1560 represent these two services, one with concrete type IPP and the other with concrete type IPPFAX,
 1561 respectively.

1562 **Table 18 - Generic Schema Directory Entries**

Attribute	Conformance	Reference
All of the attributes in [RFC2911] section 16 Appendix E Generic Directory Schema (including “ipp-versions-supported” - see section 6.2), plus:	As stated in [RFC2911] section 16	[RFC2911]
ippfax-versions-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.3
pdfax-profiles-supported (1setOf type2 keyword)	RECOMMENDED	section 6.7

1563

1564 **23 Appendix D: Summary of other IPP documents**

1565 The full set of IPP documents includes:

- 1566 1. Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2567]
- 1567 2. Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol [RFC2568]
- 1568 3. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Model and Semantics (this document)
- 1569 4. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport [RFC2910]
- 1570 5. Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide [RFC3196] and [ipp-iig-bis]
- 1571 6. Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols [RFC2569]

1572

1573 The "Design Goals for an Internet Printing Protocol" document takes a broad look at distributed printing
1574 functionality, and it enumerates real-life scenarios that help to clarify the features that need to be included
1575 in a printing protocol for the Internet. It identifies requirements for three types of users: end users,
1576 operators, and administrators. It calls out a subset of end user requirements that are satisfied in IPP/1.0. A
1577 few OPTIONAL operator operations have been added to IPP/1.1.

1578 The "Rationale for the Structure and Model and Protocol for the Internet Printing Protocol" document
1579 describes IPP from a high level view, defines a roadmap for the various documents that form the suite of
1580 IPP specification documents, and gives background and rationale for the IETF working group's major
1581 decisions.

1582 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Encoding and Transport" document is a formal mapping of the abstract
1583 operations and attributes defined in the model document onto HTTP/1.1 [RFC2616]. It defines the
1584 encoding rules for a new Internet MIME media type called "application/ipp". This document also defines
1585 the rules for transporting over HTTP a message body whose Content-Type is "application/ipp". This
1586 document defines a new scheme named 'ipp' for identifying IPP printers and jobs.

1587 The "Internet Printing Protocol/1.1: Implementer's Guide" document gives insight and advice to
1588 implementers of IPP clients and IPP objects. It is intended to help them understand IPP/1.1 and some of
1589 the considerations that may assist them in the design of their client and/or IPP object implementations. For
1590 example, a typical order of processing requests is given, including error checking. Motivation for some of
1591 the specification decisions is also included.

1592 The "Mapping between LPD and IPP Protocols" document gives some advice to implementers of gateways
1593 between IPP and LPD (Line Printer Daemon) implementations.

1594 **24 Appendix E: Description of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology** 1595 **(ISTO)**

1596 The IEEE-ISTO is a not-for-profit corporation offering industry groups an innovative and flexible
1597 operational forum and support services. The IEEE-ISTO provides a forum not only to develop standards,
1598 but also to facilitate activities that support the implementation and acceptance of standards in the
1599 marketplace. The organization is affiliated with the IEEE (<http://www.ieee.org/>) and the IEEE Standards
1600 Association (<http://standards.ieee.org/>).

1601 For additional information regarding the IEEE-ISTO and its industry programs visit:

1602 <http://www.ieee-isto.org>.

1603 **25 Appendix F: Description of the IEEE-ISTO PWG**

1604 The Printer Working Group (or PWG) is a Program of the IEEE Industry Standards and Technology
 1605 Organization (ISTO) and is an alliance among printer manufacturers, print server developers, operating
 1606 system providers, network operating systems providers, network connectivity vendors, and print
 1607 management application developers chartered to make printers and the applications and operating systems
 1608 supporting them work together better. All references to the PWG in this document implicitly mean “The
 1609 Printer Working Group, a Program of the IEEE ISTO.” In order to meet this objective, the PWG will
 1610 document the results of their work as open standards that define print related protocols, interfaces,
 1611 procedures and conventions. Printer manufacturers and vendors of printer related software will benefit from
 1612 the interoperability provided by voluntary conformance to these standards.

1613 In general, a PWG standard is a specification that is stable, well understood and is technically competent,
 1614 has multiple, independent and interoperable implementations with substantial operational experience, and
 1615 enjoys significant public support.

1616 For additional information regarding the Printer Working Group visit:

1617 <http://www.pwg.org>

1618 **26 Revision History (to be removed when standard is approved)**

Revision	Date	Author	Notes
1	1/16/01	Paul Moore, Neteon	Initial version
2	2/27/01	Paul Moore, Gail Songer, Neteon	Specify TLS as MUST Removed Cover page and combined device Added need for big text types
3	4/11/01	Gail Songer, Neteon	Move attribute definition to first reference
4	5/24/01	Tom Hastings	Editorially updated the document to follow the style of the IPP standard documents. Added 23 issues to be reviewed. Capitalized the special terms throughout without showing revisions in order to make the document with revisions more readable.
5	5/21/01	Tom Hastings, John Pulera, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/6/01 telecon agreements on most of the 23 issues. There are 20 issues remaining, mostly new.
6	7/27/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated from the 6/29/01 telecon. There are 41 issues remaining, mostly new.
7	10/8/01	Tom Hastings, Ira McDonald	Updated with all the resolutions to the 41 ISSUES from the August 1, 2001 IPPFAX WG meeting in Toronto, and the subsequent telecons: August, 9, 14,

			and 17, 2001. There are 4 (new) issues remaining.
8	11/17/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements from the IPPFAX WG meeting, 10/24/01, Texas. See minutes. There are 5 issues remaining.
9	12/31/01	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached at the 12/14/01 telecon.
10	2/19/02	Tom Hastings	Updated with the agreements reached as the 2/5/02 IPPFAX WG meeting. There are no remaining issues.
11	9/20/02	Tom Hastings	Replaced all occurrences of UIF with PDFax and uif with pdfax.
12	10/16/02 10/24/02	Rick Seeler Gail Songer	Updated to reflect PDFax as file format. Replace CONNEG with UPDF. Attributes for OPTIONAL PDFax functionality.

1619